

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 5.

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NO. 107.

Bankers and Brokers.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM, GEORGE PHIPPS,
THOS. BELKNAP, JR.
KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 24 Broad Street, New York.
Government securities, railroad and other bonds,
railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and
exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile
paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest
allowed on deposits.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 33 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds,
Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable
Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft
or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collections both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 11 WALL STREET.

DIBBLEE & HOWARD,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

No. 10 WALL STREET.

Government Bonds of all kinds, State and City
Bonds, Railroad and other Stocks and Bonds, Gold
and Silver bought and sold on commission. Interest
Coupons and Dividends collected.

C. & G. Woodman,

30 PINE STREET,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT
SECURITIES, LAND WARRANTS, COL-
LEGE LAND SCRIP, &C.

Advances made on approved Securities and Interest
allowed on deposits.

THE AGENCY OF THE

BANK OF

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

No. 17 NASSAU STREET.

Bills of Exchange on London bought and sold.
Drafts issued and bills collected on San Francisco and
on the principal towns of Canada, Nova Scotia, New
Brunswick and British Columbia. Drafts for £3 and
upwards granted on Scotland and Ireland.

Wilson, Callaway & Co.,

Bankers and Commission Merchants

No. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold
bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Mer-
chants, bankers and others allowed 4 per cent. on
deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cot-
ton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our
correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO.,
Liverpool.

C. POWELL, GREEN & CO.

Bankers & Commission

MERCHANTS,

38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold ex-
clusively on Commission.

Bankers and Brokers.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAV-
ELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

B. MURRAY, JR.,

BROKER IN

Government and other Securities,

27 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital, \$150,000.

Real Capital, \$1,000,000.

Jos. F. LARKIN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CINCINNATI.

Jos. F. Larkin, } GENERAL } Thomas Fox.
John Coehnow, } PARTNERSHIP. } John M. Phillips.
Adam Poe, } } Thos. Sharp.
Harvey Decamp, } } John Gates.

Barstow, Edey & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

HAVE REMOVED FROM NO. 30 TO

No. 36 Broad Street, Office No. 16.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND
OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur-
rency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to
Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly ex-
ecuted. FOUR PERCENT. INTEREST ALLOWED
on deposits, subject to check at sight.

Gelston & Bussing,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

27 WALL STREET

All orders receive our Personal Attention.

Wm. J. Gelston

JOHN S. BUSSING

GEORGE FARNHAM,

(Late of G. S. Robbins & Son.)

COMMERCIAL PAPER,

ALSO,

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c. BOUGHT AND SOLD

ON COMMISSION.

48 Pine Street, New York.

Cohen & Hagen,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND
UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

No. 1 Wall Street.

T. A. Hoyt,

GOLD AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

36 NEW AND 38 BROAD STREETS.

Orders executed for Bankers, Brokers and Merchants.

VAN SCHAICK & Co.,

No. 10 Wall Street,

NEW YORK.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOV-
ERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS
AND GOLD.

Bankers and Brokers.

BELL, FARIS & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKER
12 NEW & 14 BROAD STREETS,
Members of the Stock, Gold and Government Boards,
Dealers in Governments and other
Securities.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency
subject to check at sight.

BANKING HOUSE

OF

TURNER BROTHERS,

NO. 14 NASSAU STREET.

Corner of Pine, Opposite U. S. Treasury.

We receive Deposits and make Collections, the same
as an incorporated Bank. Government Securities
Bought and Sold at Market Rates. We also execute
orders for Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and
Gold on Commission. TURNER BROTHERS.

Drake Brothers,

STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities
Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds,
Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum, and
Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to
Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Invest-
ments made. Orders Promptly Executed

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received
on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:

J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.

C. B. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Natl. Bank, Chicago.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,

BANKERS,

No. 14 Wall Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities,
of all issues, and execute orders for the purchase and
sale of STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency,
subject to check at sight.

Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 18 WALL STREET

Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT
SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and
sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.

TYLER, ULLMANN & CO. Chicago.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—
City and County accounts received on terms most fa-
vorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and
Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHELOCK, President.

WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen's

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

SURPLUS.....450,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers'
and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

D. L. ROSS, Preside

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

Financial.

THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
COMPANY,

Are now constructing a Railroad from
OMAHA, NEBRASKA,
westward towards the Pacific Ocean, making, with its
connections, an unbroken line

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Company now offer a limited amount of their

First Mortgage Bonds

having thirty years to run, and bearing annual interest
payable on the first day of January and July in the
City of New York, at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

AT

Ninety Cents on the Dollar.

This road was completed from Omaha 305 miles west
on the 1st of January, 1867, and is fully equipped, and
trains are regularly running over it. The Company
has now on hand sufficient iron, ties, etc., to finish the
remaining portion to the eastern base of the Rocky
Mountains, 212 miles, which is under contract to be done
September 1st of this year, and it is expected that the
entire road will be in running order from Omaha to its
western connection with the Central Pacific, now being
rapidly built eastward from Sacramento, Cal., during
1870.

Means of the Company.

Estimating the distance to be built by the Union Pacific
to be 1,565 miles, the United States Government
issues its Six per cent. Thirty-year Bonds to the Company
as the road is finished at the average rate of about
\$28,250 per mile, amounting to \$44,208,000.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First
Mortgage Bonds to an equal amount, and at the same
time, which, by special Act of Congress, are made a
First Mortgage on the entire line, the bonds of the
United States BEING SUBORDINATE TO THEM.

The Government makes a donation of 12,800 acres of
land to the mile, amounting to 20,032,000 acres, estimated
to be worth \$30,000,000, making the total resources,
exclusive of the capital, \$118,416,000; but the full value
of the lands cannot now be realized.

The authorized Capital Stock of the Company is one
hundred million dollars, of which five millions have
already been paid in, and of which it is not supposed
that more than twenty-five millions at most will be re-
quired.

The cost of the road is estimated by competent engi-
neers to be about one hundred million dollars, exclu-
sive of equipment.

Prospects for Business.

The railroad connection between Omaha and the
East is now complete, and the earnings of the Union
Pacific on the sections already finished for the month
of May were \$361,732. These sectional earnings
as the road progresses will much more than pay the in-
terest on the Company's bonds, and the through busi-
ness over the only line of railroad between the Atlan-
tic and Pacific must be immense.

Value and Security of the Bonds.

The Company respectfully submit, that the above
statement of facts fully demonstrates the security of
their Bonds, and as additional proof they would sug-
gest that the Bonds now offered are less than ten mil-
lion dollars on 517 miles of road, on which over twenty
million dollars have already been expended; on 330
miles of this road the cars are now running, and the re-
maining 187 miles are nearly completed.

At the present rate of premium on gold these bonds
pay an annual interest on the present cost of

Nine per cent.,

and it is believed that on the completion of the road,
like the Government Bonds, they will go above par.
The Company intend to sell but a limited amount at
the present low rates, and retain the right to advance
the price at their option.

Subscriptions will be received in New York by the
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau St.
CLARK, DODGE & Co., Bankers, 51 Wall St.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall St.

and by BANKS AND BANKERS generally through-
out the United States, of whom maps and descriptive
pamphlets may be obtained. They will also be sent by
mail from the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street,
New York, on application. Subscribers will select
their own Agents in whom they have confidence, who
alone will be responsible to them for the safe delivery
of the bonds.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
NEW YORK.

Financial.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER
DESIRABLE SECURITIES,

No. 5 Nassau Street, New York,

RECOMMEND TO INVESTORS THE

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE

**THE CENTRAL
Pacific Railroad Co.,**

This Company is constructing, under the patron-
age of the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
THE WESTERN END OF THE

**GREAT NATIONAL RAILWAY
ACROSS THE CONTINENT.**

Their line will extend from Sacramento, Califor-
nia, across the Sierra Nevadas to the California
State line, traversing the richest and most popu-
lous section of CALIFORNIA, and thence through
the GREAT MINING REGIONS OF THE TERRITORIES,
to the vicinity of Salt Lake City.

It forms the sole western link of the only
route to the Pacific which is adopted by Congress
and aided by the issue of United States
Bonds.

Their road is already completed, equipped, and
running for 94 miles from Sacramento to within 12
miles of the summit of the Sierras, and a large
amount of the work of Grading, Tunnelling, &c.,
beyond that point has been accomplished.

The First Mortgage Bonds of this Company
afford unusual inducements of Safety and
Profit to Investors, for the following among other
reasons, viz:

FIRST.—The rate of Interest is **Six per Cent. in
Gold**, payable semi-annually in the City of New
York

SECOND.—The Principal is payable in **Gold** at
maturity.

THIRD.—The cost of the Bonds, **Ninety-five Per
Cent.** and accrued interest, is **Ten Per Cent.**
less than that of the cheapest Six Per Cent. Gold
Bearing Bonds of the Government.

FOURTH.—The United States Government
provides nearly half the amount ne-
cessary to build the entire road, and
looks mainly to a small percentage
on the future traffic for re-payment.

FIFTH.—Owing to this liberal provision, accompa-
nied with **Extensive Grants of Public
Lands**, by which the Government fosters this
great national enterprise, its success is re-
ndered certain, and its financial sta-
bility is altogether independent of
the contingencies which attend ordi-
nary Railroad enterprises.

SIXTH.—The Security of its **First Mortgage
Bonds** is therefore ample, and their character
for safety and reliability is equalled only by that of
the obligations of the **Government itself.**

SEVENTH.—The net earnings of the completed
portion are already largely in excess of
the interest obligations which the
Company will incur on twice the dis-
tance, and are steadily increasing, rendering the
uninterrupted payment of the Interest
absolutely certain.

EIGHTH.—At the present rate of Gold they pay nearly
8½ Per Cent. per annum, on the amount in-
vested.

The Bonds are issued in denominations of \$1,000
with semi-annual Gold Coupons attached, payable
in New York, and are offered for the present at **95**
per cent, and accrued interest (in currency) from
January 1st.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the
principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the
country.

Remittances may be made in drafts on New York,
or in Legal Tender Notes, National Bank Notes or
other funds current in this city, and the bonds will
be forwarded to any address by express, free of
charge. Inquiries for further particulars, by mail or
otherwise, will receive punctual attention.

Fisk & Hatch,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, N.Y.

N.B.—All kinds of Government Securities re-
ceived at the full market price in exchange for the
above Bonds. Also,

**All descriptions of Government Securities kept constantly on hand, and
Bought Sold or Exchanged.**

Gold Coin and U. S. Coupons bought, sold,
and collected.

**Deposits received on Liberal Terms,
subject to check at sight.**

Collections made throughout the country.

Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds bought and
sold at the Stock Exchange on commission for
ash.

Special attention given to the Exchange of SEVEN-
THIRTY NOTES of all the series for the new FIVE-
TWENTY BONDS of 1865, on the most favorable
terms.

Safes.

IMPORTANT

TO

BANKERS & MERCHANTS.

This Company offer for the consideration of Bank-
ers, Merchants and those desiring the best burglar
proof security the following certificates:

LILLIE'S

DOUBLE CHILLED AND WROUGHT IRON

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF

Safes.

OFFICE OF THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS, }
New York, 18th December, 1866. }

Messrs. LEWIS LILLIE & SON,

Gentlemen.—We have subjected the sample of
double-chilled iron you furnished us to the most se-
vere tests (as regards drilling through it) we could
bring to bear upon it, and without success.

It is our opinion that it can only be penetrated by
the use of a large number of drills, and the expendi-
ture of much power with days of time, and we
think it impossible for a burglar with his time and
power to penetrate it at all.

Yours truly,

ISAAC V. HOLMES, Supt.
LYMAN G. HALL, Foreman.

HINKLEY AND WILLIAMS WORKS, }
Boston, Mass., January 22, 1867. }

We having made an attempt to drill a sample of
double chilled iron furnished us by Messrs. Lillie &
Son, and failed to penetrate it more than five-eighths
($\frac{5}{8}$) of an inch, after hours of labor, feel that we can
endorse the above Novelty Iron Works' certificate
in all particulars.

JARVIS WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 25, 1867.

Messrs. LEWIS LILLIE & SON,

Gentlemen.—We have tried a sample of double-
chilled iron similar to that sent to the Novelty
Works, New York, and our experience with it is
about the same, viz: that it can only be penetrated
by a long continued operation of the most skillful
mechanics and the best tools.

Very truly,

W. H. BECHTOLD,
W. H. STRAHAN,

Foremen in Messrs. Merrick & Son's Southworth
Foundry, Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFICE UNION FOUNDRY WORKS, }
Chicago, Ill., March 13, 1867. }

Messrs. MURRAY & WINNE,

Agents Lillie Safe and Iron Co.,

Gentlemen.—We subjected the sample of new
combination of metals for safes sent us by you to
as thorough tests of the drill as we could, and failed
to penetrate the metal at all. We think it would be
impossible for burglars to enter the safes made of
this metal by means of the drill during the longest
time in ordinary business they could have access to
them—in fact, that the metal is proof against the
drill.

Truly yours,

N. S. BOUTON & CO.

OFFICE OF NORTHWESTERN MAN'S CO., }
Chicago, March 11, 1867. }

Messrs. MURRAY & WINNE,

Agents Lillie Safe and Iron Co.,

Gentlemen.—We subjected the sample you fur-
nished us (of a new combination of metals to be
used in the manufacture of Lillie's Safes) to the se-
verest tests of our Power Drill, and with the best
tempered drills our skill and experience could pro-
duce.

After operating upon it with different drills several
hours without penetrating it more than half an
inch and at that point unable to make further pro-
gress, we became satisfied that if not utterly im-
penetrable, it would at least require days of time, a
large number of drills and machine power to pene-
trate through it; and that it was entirely out of the
power of even the most skillful burglar to penetrate
a safe made of this material.

R. T. CRANE, President.

A full assortment of these unequalled Burglar-
proof Safes constantly on hand at our Warehouses.
Also, safes of every description, designed for both
Fire and Burglar-proof security. The public are in-
vited to call and examine for themselves as to the
merits of our Safes.

Lillie Safe & Iron Co.,

LEWIS LILLIE, President.

198 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Bankers and Brokers.

JAY COOKE,
WM. G. MOOREHEAD,
H. D. COOKE,

JAY COOKE & Co.,**BANKERS.**

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,

New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,

Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,

Opposite Treas. Department,

Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

JAY COOKE & CO.

March 1, 1866.

SATTERLEE & Co.,

70 BROADWAY & 15 NEW STREET.

STOCKS AND BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

ALL VARIETIES.

Lockwood & Co.,**BANKERS.**

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

Rodman, Fisk & Co.,**BANKERS,**

AND

Dealers in Government Securities

NO. 18 NASSAU STREET,

Buy and sell at market rates:

Six per Cent. Bonds of 1881; Ten-Forties; Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues; Seven-Thirty Notes, all series; Compound Interest Notes, and Gold and Silver Coin.

Registered Interest Collected and Coupons cashed without charge. 7-30 Notes, all series, taken in exchange for the new Consolidated 5-20 Bonds, on terms advantageous to holders of 7-30s.

Merchants and Importers supplied with coin for custom-duties at lowest market rates. Orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities promptly executed. Mail and telegraph orders will receive our personal attention. Deposits received, and interest allowed on balances. Collections made on all points with quick returns.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.

Pott, Davidson & Jones,**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

(Messrs. Brown Bros. & Co.'s new building, 59 & 61 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.)

Buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities. Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Merchants received on favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check at sight. Telegraphic quotations furnished to correspondents.

References: James Brown, Esq., of Messrs. Brown Brothers & Co.; John Q. Jones, Esq., President of the Chemical National Bank; James H. Banker, Esq., Vice-President of the Bank of New York & A.

P. D. RODDEY,
J. N. PETTY,R. P. SAWYERS,
N. P. BOULETT.**P. D. RODDEY & Co.,**

No. 2½ Wall Street, N.Y.,

(PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances.

Bankers and Brokers.**TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,****BANKERS AND BROKERS.**

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates,

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,

56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JOSEPH A. JAMESON,
AMOS COTTING,
Of Jameson, Cotting & Co.
St. Louis.

JAMES D. SMITH,
of the late firm of James
& Co., New York
and Louisville, Ky.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting**BANKERS,**

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive Deposits in Currency and Gold, and allow Interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,**BANKERS**

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c.

All issues of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES exchanged for the new FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, on the most liberal terms, and without delay.

IMPORTERS and others supplied with GOLD at market rates, and Coin on hand for immediate delivery.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

A. C. GRAHAM,**BANKER AND BROKER,**

3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic Exchange,
Southern Bills on London and Paris,
Bills on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.

P. HAYDEN,**BANKER,**

AND DEALER IN BULLION AND SPECIE,

24 Nassau Street, New York.

The Specie Department will be in charge of J. S. CRONISE (late of J. S. Cronise & Co.), who has my authority to sign the Firm name by procuration.

RIKER & Co.,**BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,**

NO. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,**BANKERS,**

27 & 29 Pine Street, New York.

DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.**DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,****BANKERS.**

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT.

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope West Indies, South America, and the United States

Bank Statements.**Quarterly Report
OF THE CONDITION OF THE****National Bank of the
Commonwealth,**

In the City of New York, in the State of New York, on the morning of the first Monday of July, 1867:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$1,663,067 30
Commercial paper.....	\$860,821 10
Demand loans.....	583,044 65
Indebtedness of directors.....	218,841 43
Overdrafts.....	7,912 60
Banking-house.....	190,001 05
Current expenses.....	31,615 79
Premiums.....	24,322 73
Cash items (including revenue stamps).....	106,660 51
Due from National banks.....	156,642 40
Due from other banks and bankers.....	10,801 66
United States bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes.....	280,000 00
United States bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits.....	200,000 00
U. S. bonds and securities on hand.....	185,880 00
Other stocks and bonds.....	185,166 47
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National banks.....	\$14,740 00
Cash on hand in circulating notes of State banks.....	5,375 00
Specie.....	20,115 00
Fractional currency.....	113,139 29
Legal tender notes.....	489 45
Compound interest notes.....	50,710
	1,160,334 00
	\$4,345,978 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	\$750,000 00
Surplus fund.....	17,747 70
Circulating notes received from Comptroller.....	\$284,000 00
Circulating notes outstanding.....	284,000 00
Individual deposits.....	3,424,328 82
United States deposits.....	106,541 94
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers.....	966 70
Due to National banks.....	463,281 61
Due to other banks and bankers.....	188,927 61
State Bank circulation outstanding.....	9,727 00
Discount.....	\$36,973 57
Exchanges.....	246 75
Interest.....	41,218 38
Profit and loss.....	76,838 48
	153,272 18
	\$4,345,978 06

I, George Ellis, Cashier of the National Bank of the Commonwealth, in the City of New York, in the State of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

State of New York, County of New York.—Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 6th day of July, 1867.

WM. T. FARNHAM, Notary Public.

Fifth Quarterly Report

OF THE

Nat. B'nk of the Republic

PHILADELPHIA, July 1, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts.....	\$869,722 63
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures.....	128,746 99
Current Expenses and Taxes.....	7,094 49
Premiums.....	29,291 47
Revenue Stamps.....	969 05
Due from Banks and Bankers.....	100,535 42
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer of the United States to secure circulation.....	500,000 00
U. S. Bonds and securities on hand.....	225,000 00
Notes of other National Banks.....	17,116 00
Fractional Currency.....	15,484 82
Legal Tender Notes and Specie.....	326,136 25
Total.....	\$2,269,137 13

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in.....	\$1,000,000 00
Circulating Notes outstanding.....	417,500 00
Deposits.....	887,864 36
Profits.....	15,772 78
Total.....	\$2,269,137 13

JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this first day of July, 1867.

EDMUND WILCOX, Notary Public.

Quarterly Report of the**Market National Bank,**

Of New York, on the morning of the first Monday of July, 1867:

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts.....	\$2,002,212 44
Overdrafts.....	2,664 16
Banking house.....	85,000 00
Cash.....	79,963 44
Exchanges.....	443,209 49
Due from National Banks.....	304,540 05
Due from other Banks and Bankers.....	10,753 74
United States Bonds to secure circulation.....	672,000 00
Other Bonds and Stocks.....	24,166 75
Notes of other National Banks.....	50,000 00
Notes of State Banks.....	1,347 00
Specie.....	58,579 98
Legal Tender Notes.....	214,442 00
Compound Interest Notes.....	469,900 00
Total.....	\$4,286,379 06

LIABILITIES:

Capital.....	\$1,000,000 00
Surplus Fund.....	254,578 71
Circulating Notes outstanding.....	562,100 00
Individual Deposits.....	1,778,536 56
Due to National Banks.....	232,569 68
Due to other Banks and Bankers.....	26,329 11
State Bank circulation outstanding.....	10,200 00
Uncollected checks.....	457,900 00
Total.....	\$4,286,379 06

Bank Statements.

Quarterly Statement
OF THE TRUE CONDITION OF THE

Ninth National Bank,

Of the City of New York, on Monday Morning, July 1st, 1867.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$5,928,329 94
Government Securities	1,808,075 56
Due from Banks and Bankers	1,065,641 38
Furniture and Fixtures	13,000 00
Specie and Legal Tender Notes	2,347,101 82
Cash Items and Exchanges	869,737 00
	\$10,117,485 90

LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	\$1,000,000 00
Surplus Profits	225,066 80
Unpaid Dividends (payable July 1)	50,538 51
Circulation	904,561 00
Deposits	7,987,319 53
	\$10,117,485 90

JOSEPH U. ORVIS, President.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

Dividends.**EIGHTH SCRIP DIVIDEND.****American Fire Insurance Company,**

No. 43 Wall Street.

New York, July 8, 1867.

Cash Capital	\$200,000
Cash Surplus	429,492
Cash Assets, July 1, 1867	\$629,492
Liabilities	10,834

The Board of Directors have this day resolved that a Scrip Dividend of

FIFTY PER CENT.

on the business of the year ending June 30, 1867, be declared, and that certificates be issued to customers entitled thereto, on and after August 15, prox.; and a Cash Dividend to Stockholders of

TEN AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., payable on and after July 10, both free of Government tax. Also, that **SIX PER CENT.** interest on all the outstanding Scrip of the Company be paid, on and after August 15, prox.

THOS. L. THORNELL, Secretary.

Long Island Insurance Co

No. 48 Wall Street,

July 8, 1867.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—A Stockholders' Dividend of **SEVEN PER CENT.**, free of tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand, and a

Scrip Dividend of 60 Per Cent., free of tax,

to parties entitled to participate in the profits of the Company, for which certificates will be issued August 1, 1867. Also an interest Dividend of **SIX PER CENT.** on the outstanding Scrip of the Company, payable on demand.

WM. W. HENSHAW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE**NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,**

New York, July 2, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of **FIVE PER CENT.**, free of Government tax, payable on demand.

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.

22d DIVIDEND.

PARK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. 237 Broadway, New York, 1st July, 1867. The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of **FIVE (5) PER CENT.**, free of Government tax, payable on demand.

GEO. ALGER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE**HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE CO.,**

No. 11 Wall Street.

New York, June 12, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of **FIVE (5) PER CENT.**, free of Government tax, payable on and after July 1.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE**GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,**

New York, 175 Broadway, July 3, 1867.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a Dividend of **SEVEN PER CENT.** on the capital stock of this Company was declared payable, free of Government tax, on and after Monday, the 8th inst.

At the same meeting Mr. JOHN EDW. RAHL was unanimously elected Vice-President, and Mr. HUGO SCHUMANN, appointed secretary of this Company.

RUD. GARRIGUE, President.

20th DIVIDEND.**LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,**

No. 50 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL	\$300,000 00
ASSETS, JULY 1, 1867	425,082 58
LIABILITIES	11,800 00

A semi-annual Dividend of **FIVE PER CENT.** free of Government tax, is payable on demand.

ISAAC R. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

July 11, 1867.

Dividends.**THIRTY-FOURTH DIVIDEND.****NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.**

OFFICE NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL \$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JULY, 1867, New York, July 10, 1867.

The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend of **FIVE PER CENT.** for the past six months, free of tax, payable on and after Monday, the 15th inst.

J. D. STEELE, President.

F. NOTMAN, Vice-President.

H. KIP, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE**PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,**

Tontine Buildings, 88 Wall St.,

New York, June 24, 1867.

41st DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of **SIX (6) PER CENT.** out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th instant, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of July next. Transfer books will be closed from the afternoon of the 25th instant, and reopened on the morning of the 8th proximo.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE**ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.**

New York, June 21, 1867.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held this day, it was Resolved, That a Dividend of **FIVE PER CENT.** in cash, free of Government tax be paid on the 1st of August next to the holders of the full paid shares registered on the 20th day of July instant, and that the transfer books be closed on the said 20th day of July, and opened on the 5th day of August.

THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS BANK.

New York, June 23, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of **FIVE PER CENT.**, payable on and after 1st day of July, free of Government tax. Transfer books will be closed from this date to July 2d.

A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

INSTITUTION FOR THE SAVINGS OF MERCHANTS' CLERKS & OTHERS,

516 Broadway.

Dividend for six months to July 1st, payable according to by-laws Monday, July 15, 1867, at following rates per annum, viz: **SIX PER CENT.** on sums of \$5 and not over \$500; and **FIVE PER CENT.** on larger sums, free from tax.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

ANDREW WARNER, Secretary.

THE**CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,**

New York, June 22, 1867.

A Dividend of **EIGHT (8) PER CENT.**, free of Government tax, has been this day declared from the profits of the past six months, payable on and after July 1. The transfer books will remain closed until July 2.

By order of the Board.

O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

29 Broad Street,

New York, June 21, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of **FIVE PER CENT.**, free of government tax, payable on Monday, July 1st. The transfer books will be closed until July 2d.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE**TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK.**

New York, June 18, 1867.

A Dividend of **SEVEN (7) PER CENT.** (free of Government tax) will be paid on and after July 1st, the Bank also assuming payment of the city tax on the shares of stockholders for the present year.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

Financial.**United States Treasury.**

New York, July 3, 1867.

Holders of August Seven-Thirty Notes are hereby informed that this issue is now being exchanged at this office for Five-Twenty Bonds bearing date July 1, 1867, irredeemable for five years, and carrying six per cent. interest in gold.

Interest on the Seven-Thirties will be paid to day of presentation, and interest on the bonds will be charged from July 1st at six per cent. in currency. Interest on the Seven-Thirties will cease August 15, and if not presented for exchange on or prior to that date, the holders will be deemed to have waived the privilege of conversion.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer U.S.

United States Treasury,

July 6, 1867.

Schedules of (30) Thirty or more 7-30 Coupons due July 15, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer.

OFFICE OF**EAST TENNESSEE AND GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY.**

Coupons of the Bonds of this Company, indorsed by the State of Tennessee, also those not indorsed, payable in New York, July 1, 1867, will be paid on presentation at the office of Messrs. Wilson, Callaway & Co., No. 44 Broad street, New York.

Those payable in Augusta will be paid at the office of Dr. J. Milligan, Cashier Georgia Railroad and Banking Company, Augusta, Ga.

THOS. H. CALLAWAY, President.

Financial.**Coupons Wanted.**

Past Due Coupons from the State Bonds of Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Missouri, Louisiana, and Tennessee; also, Memphis City, and Memphis and Charleston Railroad, and Mississippi Central Railroad. Also, Past Due North Carolina and Georgia Bonds.

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DURAND & SOUTHWESTERN RAILROAD Coupons of First Mortgage Preferred Bonds.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD Coupons, and

DETROIT & PONTIAC RAILROAD Coupons, due July 1st, 1867, will be paid at our office, No. 13 Pine street, New York, on and after that date, less Government tax.

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Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 5.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867.

NO. 107.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

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THE MONEY MARKET.

In forecasting the immediate future of the money market, one of the most significant facts is the payment on Monday of 21 millions of currency from the Treasury. Of this sum 6 millions are on account of the interest on the Seven-thirties, and 15 millions for the principal and interest of the July compounds. The tendency which is likely to be produced by these disbursements in adding to the abundant supply of currency, and in facilitating the movements of capital is very obvious. The sudden flurry in Wall Street last evening interposes for the moment a salutary restraint on the too buoyant forces, which for a fortnight or more have been impelling quotations higher and higher with an apparently resistless movement. The advance in the values of all descriptions of securities has been unusually rapid, and to be permanent it should from time to time receive a check.

The immediate cause of this sudden trouble was a rumor that a large National bank in Broadway had suspended payment. The story was speedily contradicted. It took its origin from the fact that the President of the bank is said to be a special partner in one of the dry goods firms which are at present in difficulties. As to the bank itself its resources

are ample, and its constituency extensive; its management for some time past has been extremely conservative, and its position is regarded as unusually strong.

There are in other directions no threatening symptoms to impede the further movement of the money market in the direction of increased ease. Hence the disbursements of 21 millions from the Treasury may not improbably result in the fulfilment of some at least of the predictions of monetary ease and speculative buoyancy which they have elicited.

THE SUB-TREASURY BALANCE.

In the suspense caused by the delay of the usual publication relative to the condition of the National Treasury, the public attention fastens readily on any facts however minute which may be supposed capable of such an interpretation as to enable shrewd observers to guess at the present plans or future necessities by which Mr. McCulloch's policy may be shaped. This curiosity is not unnatural; for, as has often been proved, the Treasury manipulations exert an almost omnipotent influence on the money market, and that influence has been used sometimes to produce stringency, and sometimes to restore ease. Moreover, the notorious anomaly is generally regretted that we have not enough of the light of publicity shed upon the exercise of the extraordinary powers of the Treasury Department, and that there is in consequence a danger of abuses and corruptions, against which the country ought to be secured by more efficient guarantees than exist at present.

It is not our intention to discuss, and thus give an undeserved importance to the multitude of ephemeral rumors which, during the excitement of the last few days, have floated in the hazy atmosphere of Wall street. We will confine ourselves to one or two points only which have claimed and received special notice. The first is the sudden change in the Sub-Treasury balance in this city. In March last this balance was 100 millions, which was considered a very heavy amount of idle money to be kept locked up by a government which was paying over 8 per cent. for all the money it borrowed on its long bonds. Although the keeping of so large a balance was found fault with as unnecessary wasteful prodigality, still the accumulation went on week by week augmenting, till on the 25th of May it rose to the unexampled height of 132 millions, the increase being largely due to the sale of Five-twenties for cash. Such was the hoarding up of needless money which was borrowed on long bonds at the high rate of interest we have named.

Our readers will remember what explanations were given, and what severe criticism was evoked by this amassing of idle money that was obtained at such heavy cost. The general discontent was so great that the Department reduced its balance at the beginning of June 10 millions; but the

evil soon commenced again, and by the 15th June the balance rose to \$134,616,271. This amount was gradually lowered, and last Monday it stood at 129 millions. But here comes the most inexplicable fact of all. On Tuesday the balance was suddenly depleted 12 millions, sinking to 117 millions, at which it still remains.

This sudden fall of the Sub-Treasury balance from 129 millions to 117 millions, has formed the subject of a good deal of conjecture. But conjecture is baffled by the method in which the Treasury accounts are kept. For, on inspecting the figures of the daily published statement, we cannot tell what amounts of coin or currency have actually been paid out of the Treasury. It is said to be the custom of Mr. McCulloch to count gold notes after redemption as cash, to count converted Seven-thirties as cash, as well as to place to interest account on the Treasury books the whole amount of coin due for interest, and to withdraw the entire sum out of the ordinary funds held by the Government, setting it aside by itself until called for by the bondholder to whom it is due. If such practices really obtain, a part of the 13 millions which the Treasury reports as paid out on the 9th July, might, for aught we know, have been composed largely of money set aside for interest. This view of the case is in part confirmed by the following despatch, which we are informed is semi-official, and was sent to all the daily papers on Thursday :

WASHINGTON, July 11.—It is ascertained from an official source that the coin interest has been paid, amounting to eighteen and a half millions of dollars on the loans of 1867 and 1868, and on what are termed bonds of 1881 and Five-twenties of recent issue, which fell due on the 1st instant. On the 15th of this month the interest on the Seven-thirties falls due, amounting to six millions of dollars in lawful money. Thereafter no coin interest will be payable until the 1st November, with the exception of that falling due on the Ten-forties on the 1st of September, amounting to four and a-half millions. The interest on compound notes, amounting to fourteen millions in currency, will be due in July, August, October and December, respectively. The coin in the Treasury is about seventy-three millions, and twenty millions of coin certificates.

The statements of the foregoing despatch, which we emphasize by italics, raise the two questions which we particularly have in view, namely, first, has the whole 18½ millions of coin interest been actually paid out, or is not part of it still held by Mr. McCulloch ; and secondly, does the coin in the Treasury amount to 73 millions only, or is there not besides this sum a further amount which represents interest due but not yet called for, and is therefore still on hand. We urge these points not with the view to find fault with Mr. McCulloch or with any individual officer of the Treasury. Our simple object is to call attention to certain complaints which are current, relative to the method of keeping the accounts of the Treasury, as well as of reporting its balances and its daily business. If these complaints are founded on misconception and mistake, it will be well to correct them by authority, and at once.

There is also another difficulty as to the Sub-Treasury balance which is much discussed. The business of each day is by law required to be reported for the information of the public. But the intention of the law is thwarted by the fact that no one who examines the daily or monthly schedules which appear in the papers can form an idea as to how much of the balance is in gold and how much is in currency. To obviate this error it is proposed, and Congress will in its fall session probably enact that a more full statement shall be published, separating the currency receipts, payments, and balances from the transactions in coin. It is quite needless to waste words in showing the necessity of such a change. We will only glance therefore at a single illustration. Take for instance the transactions of the 8th and 9th of July. During those two days 23½ millions were reported as being paid out of the Treasury. Suppose that one-third or one-fifth of this sum had consisted of currency which had previously for

months been locked up and was suddenly dashed into the already brimming channels of the circulating current of paper money. Who can estimate the utility in business, and who does not see the absolute need to our mercantile and financial men—of information as to changes which may so powerfully galvanise the money market, overturn in a moment the best concerted plans, and destroy the equilibrium and stability on which public confidence, national credit, and general prosperity depend. So long as the volume of currency is liable to be suddenly depleted or suddenly enlarged by Treasury necessities, so long it will be indispensable that the fullest information as to the doings of the Treasury be given to the public. And had not the Sub-Treasury here been managed during the last few years by men of such signal ability, integrity and experience, the evils of our system must have been much more conspicuous and intolerable. We have received in this, as in many other chapters of our monetary and political history, an impressive confirmation of the adage that "the efficiency of governments depends much on the machinery for governing but more on the men who work that machinery."

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

The project was revived in Congress a few days ago to destroy the National Banks, to call in their notes, and to substitute legal tenders. At the last session, several plans were proposed having these objects in view, and in the fall the subject will inevitably come up again for discussion at Washington. The main argument urged in the present attack on the banks is the costliness of the system to the country. It is said that the banks receive some 18 or 20 millions a year for interest on the bonds deposited as security for their currency. This large sum is to be saved. By substituting greenbacks and calling in bank notes the saving may be made. Twenty millions a year is the alleged cost of the banking machinery, and these twenty millions a year are to be saved to the country by the destruction of that machinery.

There are other subordinate arguments used by the anti-bank men, but no one has yet shown that the evils complained of would not for the most part survive in any substitute which might take the place of the present banking system. The main question raised at present then is virtually this. Are the National Banks worth what they cost to the country? And is the difficulty to be met by imposing on these institutions larger taxation, or by destroying them altogether.

We are also entitled to ask the opponents of the banks how, if they abolish the National Banks, they will avoid reviving the old mischievous State-banks, with all those evils which must follow in their train. These banks are still in existence or ready to revive. Their powers are dormant, not extinguished. Within six months after the repeal of the National Banking Law we should in all probability see the removal of the tax on State bank currency. With this tax repealed would come a season of inflation, and in view of the profits of such inflation, the pressure on Congress would be too great to resist.

The contrast between the former and the present condition of the paper currency of this country is forcibly stated by one of the most experienced old bankers of this city as follows :

The National Banks have been in full operation four years, with a circulation run up to 300 millions, and not one dollar of this currency has ever been at a discount. This fact is worthy of careful consideration. There is not one in a hundred of the people of the country that cares anything about banks or banking, any further than to know that the currency is universally at par and indubitably sound. It is a fact that the currency issued in any of the extreme Southern or Western States is as good as that issued by our own banks. No more New England, ½ per cent. discount ; New York State, ¼ discount ; Michigan wild

cat, Illinois and Indiana stump-tail, at all rates from 5 to 75 per cent. discount. Our merchants have got rid of their uncurrent-money clerk and the uncurrent expense account of the same. Another great revolution and reformation is, that we have got rid of currency panics. As the money market grows tight, our safe and par currency is swept out of Wall Street, because money is wanted, and the currency is money. Formerly, in a panic, currency was rushed into the markets and into the banks for sale or redemption, for it was not money, but it required money to handle and redeem it. Hence it was the most inflammable element in a revulsion. A shipplaster bank somewhere would burst—its redemption agent would stop redeeming—it would be "thrown out" here or in Boston—a dozen more would be reported broken—and away went everybody's currency to be sold. Now who cares if a National Bank has been robbed and breaks, or breaks because of doing a bad business, or is broken by its managing speculators? Its circulating notes are good and current nevertheless, and they continue to be money—good money—everywhere.

We would repeat the question then, as to what is proposed to follow the destruction of the National banks. If Congress should substitute nothing then the State banks will revive. If Congress is to propose some new scheme of banking, what shall that scheme be? In what points is it better than the one it is to supplant? and how shall we be preserved from the perils and panics which must signalize the transition from the old to the new?

Although we were not favorable to the National Banking system when it was first projected, still, as it is firmly established, and has worked better than expectation, we have little sympathy with those persons who would destroy it by a single act of Congress; without knowing precisely what better financial machinery they can put in its place. There is not a single objection urged at present against the banking system, which was not freely canvassed in and out of Congress at the time of the passage of the first and second National currency acts. On the contrary, many of the objections then urged have proved unfounded, and multitudes of observers have come to the same conclusion as ourselves, that the financial condition of the country is too sensitive, and the interests involved too stupendous to allow a judicious statesman to contemplate with equanimity the prospect of so sweeping a financial revolution as would be caused by the project to which we have referred.

It has been said that there is no danger that such a perilous measure will at present find favor with a majority in Congress. We think this is probably true. The banks have friends who are well able to plead their cause. In many parts of the country they exercise no small political influence, and although it is impossible that the organized force of the National banks can ever be combined by political aspirants for the attainment of office, yet it is easy to see that the banks when threatened may, and should unite under the controlling instinct of self-preservation. It would be a national calamity if the National banks should ever become a political machine, wielded by some unprincipled, ambitious demagogue; but no pusillanimous fear of such an impossible result should lead us to wage a blind, indiscriminate warfare on corporations as essential to the welfare of the country, and so conducive to its growth in wealth and productive power.

THE INSURANCE BUSINESS FOR 1866.

Proof sheets of the Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York for 1866, dated April 1st, 1867, have been sent us by the Superintendent the past week, and although the late date at which the report is presented to the public, like our State report on Railroads, takes away from it the value and interest which belong to new facts, it is still very interesting, not only as a part of the financial history of the past year, but also as affording useful lessons for the future. It is unfortunate that these State reports can not be issued at a period earlier than six months after the official statements of the companies contained in them are made. The information which is now

published in July or August would be doubly valuable to all parties interested if published in January or February.

The year 1866, which witnessed the remarkable panic following the failure of Overend, Gurney & Co., in England, and the universal depression in business in the United States, was also a year of the severest losses insurance companies ever experienced. The Superintendent begins his report with the statement that no new joint stock fire insurance company was organized during the calendar year 1866. This is the only year since the passage of the general Insurance Act of 1849 (chap. 308) which has not witnessed the incorporation of at least one stock fire insurance company. This fact is a good indication of the unprofitable nature of the insurance business during that period.

From several tables, giving in detail the changes which took place in the companies of this State in the year, it appears that two companies were changed from mutual to stock companies; one casualty was changed to a fire company; five companies had their charter extended 30 years, pursuant to the general act; two companies increased their capital (three others have increased since January, 1867); requisitions have been made on the stockholders of seven companies to make up impaired capital, three of which were not responded to; five companies have reduced their capital since Jan. 1, 1867; thirty-three companies showed an impairment of capital Dec. 31, 1866, varying from 81.74 per cent. to 0.21 per cent.; ten companies which showed an impaired capital Jan. 1, 1866, repaired their capitals during that year; seventy-one companies show capitals intact, with surpluses varying between \$271,387 and \$15 and six companies discontinued business, and are closing up their affairs.

The present standing of the companies of this State we give in the Insurance Department of the CHRONICLE, but the table following, compiled from the report, shows the operations of these companies for the seven years 1860–66, inclusive; fire business being separately stated:

MARINE AND INLAND BUSINESS.

	Risks written.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of loss to pre-m.	Percentage of loss to risks written.	Am't of loss.	Av. rate of pre-m.
1860	\$30,379,892	\$551,183	\$408,507	73.57	50.45	108.22	.6875
1861	30,351,602	666,228	497,073	74.61	61.86	161.65	.8291
1862	110,949,672	875,895	452,166	51.64	40.75	245.37	.7343
1863	175,942,397	1,193,714	839,727	70.35	47.73	209.52	.5695
1864	253,714,936	2,292,880	1,542,328	67.37	60.79	164.50	.9037
1865	271,588,107	2,657,131	2,020,154	76.05	74.40	134.41	.9784
1866	378,880,063	4,395,305	3,800,702	87.67	1.0031	99.69	1.1442
Agg & av.	1,351,806,609	12,572,218	9,558,160	76.03	.7071	141.43	.9300

FIRE BUSINESS.

	Risks written.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of loss to pre-m.	Percentage of loss to risks written.	Am't of loss.	Av. rate of pre-m.
1860	1,049,551,594	\$6,710,412	\$3,578,934	53.33	34.10	226.36	.6392
1861	1,027,112,596	6,161,507	3,274,115	53.14	31.88	313.71	.5969
1862	1,290,721,130	6,396,355	4,227,157	66.16	33.91	284.05	.5738
1863	1,590,637,139	8,987,315	3,349,945	37.27	21.46	465.88	.5805
1864	2,342,666,111	13,325,783	7,195,271	54.00	30.71	325.58	.5688
1865	2,510,595,187	17,052,066	12,046,793	70.65	47.09	208.40	.6792
1866	2,753,493,107	20,786,847	15,312,751	73.67	55.61	179.2	.7549
Agg & av.	12,444,826,864	79,890,309	48,964,968	61.32	.3996	254.05	.6120

It appears from the above that the losses have increased to an alarming extent within the past two years. Indeed, without the figures the fact is too well known to the public. The remedy to be applied to save insurance companies from total annihilation has been discussed in these columns. Mr. Barne's evidently inclines to the plan of not insuring property to its full value as the surest safeguard against incendiary fires. His argument is forcible and is especially worthy of consideration from the fact that it is based upon the simplest principles of common sense, and not upon the assumption that a large proportion of insurers are scoundrels. He remarks as follows:

In all insurance economics, the relations of underwriter and policy holder should be so contrived, that in no contingency could the latter gain by a loss on his policy; the pecuniary interest of the insured should never conflict with his duty to prevent, by all possible means, any loss under his policy.

In fire insurance, the downward tendencies of a declining market and the nervous apprehensions of an approaching financial crisis have, especially on mercantile risks, often made it for the pecuniary interest

of the insured that a destructive fire should happen. Thus, with low or diminishing net premiums, the moral hazards have been woefully increased, and the sad results are now historic, in the years 1865 and 1866, two consecutive years of excessive and unprecedented loss.

To the extent that fire insurance relaxes the vigilant care and natural guardianship of the owner over his own property, and prevents the construction of fire proof buildings and the discovery of rapid means of extinguishing conflagrations, the political and social economist and statesmen cannot hesitate emphatically to denounce and condemn it. The natural guardian of property should never lose an interest in its preservation. No care of children can, as a general rule, equal parental care, and no watchman is so continuously vigilant as the owner. When property is fully insured and the premium paid, how can an underwriter reasonably expect that, with all the harassing cares and solitudes of modern business life, the owner will watch and guard and protect it against hazards, for the happening of which he has already paid a strong and wealthy corporation? When companies ask and expect this solicitude and surveillance on the part of a policy-holder fully insured, they violate the plainest axioms of business and common sense. This, when dealing with men of good principles and thorough honesty; and no mathematics can compute how much these hazards are increased when dealing with elements of fraud, chicanery and land piracy.

Could the plan of partial insurance be carried out without seriously impeding the movements of commerce, and frequently resulting in losses to parties who are both careful and honorable, we should be inclined immediately to advocate its adoption as the surest means of protection to insurers. But we do not think it could be; the result of such a rule would leave innocent parties, particularly agents who have made advances, or others having only a partial or temporary interest in property, without any adequate safeguard against losses. In default of any suggestion which seems to meet all the difficulties of the case more satisfactorily we must adhere to the opinions previously expressed in these columns, that the most effective, if not the only remedy that the case admits of is to be found in a thorough examination into the causes of all fires, and also in the non-payment of the amount insured until it is at least established that the loss is not of incendiary origin. A committee or board should be organized, the members to be chosen by all the companies, whose duty it should be to make the examination. If this were done the insurance business could be reduced to a proper basis, and no insurer would be called upon to pay for his neighbor's dishonesty or for his neighbor's greater risk. At present, no sooner does a company hear of a loss than it hurries to the insured with a check in hand to liquidate it, thus making a bid for future business. This is clearly wrong. Of course, no unnecessary impediment should be put in the way of prompt payment, but it is due alike to the company and its patrons that there should first be a proper investigation.

In conclusion Mr. Barnes says, and in this we believe all the most prudent writers will agree with him, that the remedy for weakness is increased strength; this must be reached either by means of new additional capital, or by a reserve of premiums paid for by the public but retained by the companies in some form as a Safety Fund, for the payment of extraordinary losses and contingencies. Whether the ownership of this fund is vested in the policy holders and represented by scrip, or in the stockholders and held as a "reserve fund," or in both and represented in any form, is of less consequence to the public than the practical initiation, on a broad and general basis, of some system of fortification besides capital, which is often strained beyond endurance, and besides the ordinary re-insurance reserve of fifty per cent to pay losses, which last year have actually taken over seventy-seven per cent. of premiums.

NEW YORK CITY GOVERNMENT AND FINANCES.

The statement submitted to the Board of Supervisors by the Comptroller, giving the financial condition of the City of New York, and the aggregate taxation required for the maintenance of the Government, is well calculated to excite a lively apprehension, showing, as the figures do, a steady in-

crease of expenditure, far disproportionate with that of wealth and population. The Comptroller, therefore, appeals to the Constitutional Convention now in session at Albany, to devise some more economical method of maintaining the city and county governments, and declares that there can be no just cause for such an increase of taxation. He also very properly urges the Board of Supervisors, and through them all Boards and Commissioners authorized to disburse the public moneys, to exercise the greatest prudence and economy in all expenditures with which they are charged.

The management of public affairs in the City of New York has long been a prolific theme for criticism and worthy declamation. This is no recent thing; for we remember that in 1849 the Democratic City Convention put forth an address in favor of Myndert Van Schaick for mayor, in which censures were freely bestowed upon the administration of affairs, very similar to those which are current at the present time. The remedy then proposed and afterward applied was the revision of the charter of the city, by which the executive and administrative branches of the government shall be separated from the legislative, and devolved upon departments. The result proves that the experiment was not a successful one. The expenses were increased more rapidly than ever, as the following table will show:

Year.	Valuation.	Total tax.	Year.	Valuation.	Total tax.
1825.....	\$101,160,046	\$387,448 85	1851.....	330,110,857	2,924,455 94
1830.....	125,388,518	509,178 44	1852.....	351,768,426	3,380,511 90
1835.....	213,723,703	965,602 94	1853.....	413,631,382	5,066,698 74
1840.....	252,233,515	1,354,835 29	1854.....	462,021,734	4,845,326 07
1845.....	239,905,517	2,096,191 18	1855.....	486,998,278	5,843,622 89
1849.....	236,197,143	3,005,762 52	1856.....	511,740,491	7,075,425 73
1850.....	236,061,816	3,230,085 02			

A later mode of decreasing the expenditures has been by means of commissions appointed at Albany. Under this system in 1857 the Legislature enacted the Metropolitan Police Bill, which removed the police from the control of the municipal authorities, and devolved them upon a Board of Commissions appointed by the Governor and Senate. This department of the government has been for many years growing into a costly body. The following table shows the increase under the last years of the two municipal systems and the first years of the metropolitans:

1851.....	\$492,000	1856.....	\$819,000
1852.....	510,000	1857.....	828,000
1853.....	540,000	1858.....	866,568
1854.....	615,000	1859.....	2,111,992
1855.....	572,000	1860.....	1,335,560

In 1860 the Legislature made another change by enacting that the Board of Supervisors should annually cause to be raised by tax the amount of money required from the city for the total expenses of the police district, since which time the police items do not appear in the tax levies enacted annually at Albany. The amounts since appropriated by the Board of Supervisors have been as follows:

1862.....	\$1,683,650	1865.....	\$2,211,556
1863.....	1,743,920	1866.....	2,166,684
1864.....	2,062,720	1867.....	2,531,247

These figures certainly do not indicate that the change of systems worked any decrease in the expenses of the police.

The statistics of the Governors of the Alms House show also a similar tendency to increase, as may be seen in the following table:

1850.....	\$400,000	1856.....	\$613,450
1851.....	330,000	1857.....	925,000
1852.....	390,000	1858.....	843,800
1853.....	385,000	1859.....	605,000
1855.....	427,000	1860.....	780,250

On the last night of the session of 1866 the Legislature abolished this Board and created the Department of Public Charities. In 1865 their expenditures amounted to \$988,450. They have not materially increased.

The public schools also constitute an item continually on the increase. The following is a table of the expenses from 1850 to 1859:

1850.....	\$367,968	1855.....	\$956,000
1851.....	447,487	1856.....	1,023,354
1852.....	502,315	1857.....	1,100,410
1853.....	604,000	1858.....	1,226,013
1854.....	668,514	1859.....	1,216,000

In 1865 the amount appropriated was \$2,298,508 58; and several hundred thousand dollars have been since added. The Comptroller states it at \$2,939,348. The other Boards and Departments have a similar record to show. These figures indicate the tendency of matters both before the adoption of the expedient of governing by commissioners, and the tendency since that time, to have been the running year by year into prodigality and extravagant expenditure. In fact, this large increase would appear to have taken its rise on the first division of the Government into irresponsible departments. We have given above the total yearly aggregate and taxation from 1825 to 1856; we now add the figures for each year since the passage of the Metropolitan Police Act:

Year.	Valuation.	Aggreg'e tax	Year.	Valuation.	Aggreg'e tax
1857.....	\$521,175,352	\$5,111,758 09	1862.....	\$571,967,345	\$5,906,371 10
1858.....	531,194,290	5,621,091 31	1863.....	594,196,813	12,091,505 14
1859.....	551,923,122	9,860,926 09	1864.....	634,615,860	13,705,092 86
1860.....	577,320,956	9,758,507 86	1865.....	608,784,355	18,202,857 56
1861.....	581,579,971	11,627,632 28	1866.....	737,989,908	16,950,767 83

The amount of revenue required for 1867 is put down by the Comptroller at \$21,889,655 98. The Board of Supervisors will somewhat modify this aggregation, but the rate of taxation cannot vary greatly from three per cent.

How these rapidly increasing expenses can be stopped is of course a vital question. Much is expected from the deliberations of the Constitutional Convention, and we trust that their first effort in the way of solving the problem will be to give us a homogenous efficient municipal government. With this change, it strikes us that many of the difficulties in the way of initiating reform would be removed. The plurality of the functions, and the division of them into departments virtually independent of each other, totally overthrows responsibility, and tolerates the introduction of abuses which are hard to redress. A complete deliverance from this incongruous medley of state, county and city departments is then of the first importance. Many other changes have been proposed. The most important perhaps is that suggested by, we believe, the Citizens' Association, to the effect that one branch of the Common Council be composed of members elected only by tax-payers, and that body to originate all bills for the appropriation of money. This would certainly give promise of a more responsible body of men than our present city fathers, and has, besides, much else to recommend it. But, as the first and most important change, we desire an efficient, responsible government in the place of the many headed makeshift we are now afflicted with. When that change is accomplished we shall be ready to look further.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JUNE 28.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	11 17½ @ 11.18½	June 28.	short.	11.88½ @ —
Antwerp...	3 months.	25.37½ @ 25.42½	"	"	2.20 @ 25.22½
Hamburg...	"	13. 9½ @ 13.10½	"	"	13. 7½ @ 13. 8
Paris...	"	25.35 @ 25.40	"	"	25.15
Paris...	short.	25.17½ @ 25.25	"	8 mo's.	25.32½ @ 25.37½
Vienna...	3 months.	12.74½ @ 12.77½	"	"	—
Berlin...	"	6.36 @ 6.36½	"	"	—
St. Petersburg...	"	3 ¾ @ 32½	June 28.	3 mo's.	32½
Cadiz...	"	49½ @ 49½	"	"	—
Lisbon...	90 days.	52 @ 52½	June 26.	30 days.	52½ @ 53
Milan...	3 months.	27.10 @ 27.20	"	"	—
Genoa...	"	27.10 @ 27.20	"	"	—
Naples...	"	27.10 @ 27.20	"	"	—
New York...	"	—	June 27.	60 days.	110
Jamaica...	"	—	June 29.	90 days.	110
Havana...	"	—	June 27.	60 days.	110½ p. c. prem.
Rio de Janeiro...	"	—	May 24.	"	2½ @ 22½
Buenos Ayres...	"	—	May 14.	"	48½ @ 49
Valparaiso...	"	—	May 18.	"	43½ @ —
Pernambuco...	"	—	May 30.	"	22½ @ 23
Singapore...	60 days.	4s. 4d.	May 20.	6 mos.	4s. 5½ d. @ 4s. 5½ d
Hong Kong...	"	4s. 4d.	May 30.	"	4s. 4d. @ —
Ceylon...	"	1 p. c. dis.	May 23.	"	1s. 11 5-16d.
Bombay...	"	1s 11d	May 22.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Madras...	"	1s 11d	May 18.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Calcutta...	"	1s 11d	May 20.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Sydney...	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	May 13.	30 days.	1½ p. c. prem.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, June 29, 1867.

This being the closing week of the half year, business generally has been on a contracted scale. The downward movement in prices has continued. Although no change has taken place in the value of wheat, the state of the market seems to indicate that we are on the eve of a great change in this department of commerce. We have now had a week of very magnificent weather. After a wet and cold Spring, a period of almost unprecedented warm dry weather has set in, and, what is a somewhat unusual circumstance in this country, for the last ten days the sky has been cloudless and the sun hot, but not forcing. The wheat plant, more especially upon heavy and undrained or badly drained soils, has thrived immensely, while on the light soils it has approached steadily towards maturity. In all our early districts the wheat plant is in full bloom, while in several quarters it has passed through this stage, and the ears have been very firmly set. Perhaps at no former period has there been more favorable weather for the growing plant. But, notwithstanding the favorable prospect, the value of wheat has not materially declined, and I may perhaps be allowed to observe that my observations of a few weeks since have, in this respect, proved quite correct. I noticed that we could not expect any important decline previously to the new crop being ready for market, owing to the small supply of home-grown wheat in the country, as well as to the circumstance that our importations were likely to be only on a scale sufficiently large to balance pretty equally supply and demand. I remarked that with this equal balance, only fine weather and a favorable harvest prospect here and abroad could check a further rise in the value of wheat, and the limited fall which has taken place since, seems to me to fully justify the assertion. In fact, had it not been for the fineness of the weather, and the prospect of a full average crop of wheat here, in France, Germany, and in the United States, an important rise in prices must have been the result. The present state of the trade seems to be thus: Farmers hold small supplies, while our imports are on only a moderate scale; consequently, there is no actual abundance, although our prospective supplies before harvest are sufficiently extensive to meet our wants during that period. Farmers are necessarily aware of the favorable harvest prospect here and abroad, and evince a desire to sell, but as their supplies are small, this desire is by no means strong, and hence there is no actual pressure upon the market. On the other hand, millers, who are thoroughly acquainted with the state of the crops, are still exercising the greatest caution, and confine their purchases to the supply of their immediate wants. The parcels they purchase are, therefore, chiefly in retail, and in those cases in which they notice a desire on the part of the farmer or factor to sell, they are enabled to transact business on rather lower terms. In this condition the trade is likely to remain until we are acquainted with the result of the harvest here and in foreign countries, and judging from the character of some recent transactions in produce for delivery during the latter months of the year, a heavy fall in prices is likely to take place previously to the commencement of the winter months. The transactions to which I refer are in Banat Wheat, which has been recently sold at Trieste for shipment in September, at 10s., and for shipment in December, at 12s., beneath the quotations ruling at the present time for produce on the spot.

It is becoming evident that the danger which has been reported as having been done to the crop of wheat by the protracted drought in the south of Russia has been overstated. That this is the case is sufficiently conclusive from the fact that the farmers in the interior are still sending large supplies of wheat to the Odessa market, the consequence being that wheat at that port has declined in value to the extent of 1s to 2s. per quarter.

The cotton trade remains in a most inactive state. This was more especially the case in the early part of the week, the demand for the raw material at Liverpool, and for goods at Manchester having been very limited. The cotton market continues to be well supplied with produce, and there is much desire shown on the part of holders to realise. Hence the tendency of prices is downward, and a further decline has taken place during the present week. At Manchester, business is also extremely quiet, with but little change in the quotations. At yesterday's market, however, both as regards Liverpool and Manchester there was rather a better feeling in the trade, but the business transacted was at the late decline in prices.

The Board of Trade returns for May and the five months ending May 31 have just been published. They show that the declared value of our exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures in the five months was £72,123,393, against £78,227,710 last year, and £60,901,576 in 1866. The computed real value of our imports in the four months ending April 30, was £66,166,150, against £68,804,895 last year, and £45,385,850 in 1866. The imports of cotton into the United Kingdom in the five months ending May 31, were 4,353,482 cwts., of which 2,690,611 cwts. were from the United States, 4,083 from the Bahamas

and Bermudas, 22 Mexico, 809,862 Brazil, 40,847 Turkey, 657,197 Egypt, 538,815 cwt. from British India, 2,041 China, and 110,004 cwt from other countries. The total import in the same period last year was 5,180,070 cwt., and in 1865, 2,637,022 cwt. Of wheat the import in the five months amounted to 12,504,077 cwt., against 9,342,578 cwt and 5,889,222 cwt.; and of flour, to 1,518,434 cwt., against 2,758,784 cwt., and 1,300,125 cwt. in 1866 and 1865 respectively. The following statement shows the extent of our total imports and exports of the principal articles of interest in the United States.

IMPORTS.			
	1865.	1866.	1867.
Cotton.....cwt.	2,637,022	5,180,070	4,353,482
Petroleum.....tuns.	3,417	8,065	6,485
Provisions:			
Bacon and Hams.....cwt.	338,685	365,300	181,259
Beef, salt.....	119,628	108,652	75,477
Pork, salt.....	74,072	110,455	58,756
Butter.....	388,618	385,679	405,512
Cheese.....	307,136	155,302	210,736
Lard.....	71,383	165,924	210,736
Wheat.....	5,389,222	9,342,578	12,504,077
Indian Corn.....	1,677,935	4,903,140	3,510,122
Flour.....	1,300,125	2,758,784	1,518,434

EXPORTS.			
	1865.	1866.	1867.
Cotton Manufactures:			
Yarn.....lbs.	29,934,401	55,395,106	61,197,610
Piece Goods.....yards.	775,317,394	985,640,574	1,063,164,225
Thread.....lbs.	1,671,309	2,482,973	2,655,588

Owing to the close of the half year, there has been a good demand for accommodation the present week. The supply seeking employment in the discount market having fallen off, and the applications having been decidedly numerous, the rates are firmer, $2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. being the quotations for the best short-dated paper. The Bank directors, notwithstanding a further accumulation of bullion at the Bank, have therefore refrained from making a change in their rates of discount, the minimum quotation being still $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. During the last two days, however, the demand has fallen off; but there is still a tolerably active inquiry, and the quotations rule firm. As soon, however, as all the half-yearly payments shall have been met, and the dividends paid, there is no doubt that the money market will again relapse into a state of great ease, and that the minimum rate of discount will be reduced to two per cent. But even at this quotation there is not at present any likelihood of our surplus means being profitably employed. The value of commodities having declined, the capital required to carry on the trade of the country is diminished to a very important extent: the public are wholly indisposed to satisfy the wants of embarrassed railway companies; while there is no inclination on their part to embark in fresh enterprises or to subscribe freely to foreign loans. The Russian loan lately brought out met with but poor success, and the Chilean seven per cent. loan for about £1,000,000 introduced to-day meets with but little favor. The accumulation of bullion is therefore likely to continue, and although many short-sighted individuals rejoice at the circumstance that the stock of bullion here is likely to reach a total of £25,000,000 within a short period, and seem to look upon it as indicative of our great wealth, yet it shows conclusively that there is great apathy at present in this country, and that, owing to the still existing want of confidence, there is no disposition to turn our supplies of idle money into profitable channels. The rates current for the best paper in the open market are now as under:

	Per Cent.		Per Cent.
30 to 60 days' bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$	6 months' bank bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$
3 months' bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$	4 & 6 months' trade bills....	3 @ $3\frac{1}{4}$
4 months' bank bills.....	2 @ $2\frac{1}{2}$		

The supply of bullion now held by the Bank of France is as much as £35,377,120; consequently, the total held by the two establishments is £57,600,000. The demand for money at several of the leading continental money markets has increased, owing to the close of the quarter. At Hamburg, the rates are somewhat firmer, but in other quarters there is no material variation. Annexed are the quotations at this date, and at the corresponding period last year:

B's rate.			
1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
At Paris.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ @ $5\frac{1}{2}$	Turin.....	9 @ 5
Vienna.....	5 @ 4	Brussels.....	6 @ $2\frac{1}{2}$
Berlin.....	9 @ 4	Madrid.....	9 @ 5
Frankfort.....	6 @ $2\frac{1}{2}$	Hamburg.....	8 @ 2
Amst'rd'm.....	$6\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{1}{2}$	St. Pet'g.....	$5\frac{1}{2}$ @ 7

The rates of exchange are more favorable. At the close of last week there was a good demand for American eagles for export; but it has now wholly subsided, and all supplies which may arrive in the course of the next few days will in all probability be converted into bars, and be sent into the Bank. There is, in fact, scarcely any export demand for gold, while in the market for silver, owing to a contracted Continental demand, and the absence of any inquiry for shipment to the East Indies, there is much inactivity.

A large "bull" account being open, and numerous sales for the realization of profits having taken place, the value of consols has given way. With the abundance of money, however, the indisposition on the part

of the public to invest in the shares of the numerous public companies, and to subscribe to new foreign loans, there is no doubt that as soon as the present account is arranged the market will again assume a buoyant appearance, and that prices will experience a further rise. The highest and lowest prices on each day of the present week are subjoined:

Week ending June 29	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94 - 94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 - 94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 94 $\frac{1}{2}$

In American securities the principal change is a rise of about $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in the value of Erie Railway shares. United States Five-twenty bonds, Atlantic and Great Western Railway securities, and Illinois Central Railway shares have ruled steady, without material variation in price. The highest and lowest prices on each day of the present week are subjoined:

Week ending June 29	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thur'day	Friday.	Sat'day.
U. S. 5-20's.....	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 73
Atlantic & G't West	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 26	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 26	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 26	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 26	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 26	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 26
eru consol'd bonds	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 40	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 40	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 40	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 40	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 40	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 40
Erie Shares (\$100)	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80
Illinois shares (\$100)	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 80

The latest prices from the Continent in reference to Five-twenty bonds are subjoined: Amsterdam, 77 3-16; Frankfurt, 77 $\frac{1}{2}$; Berlin, 78, and Hamburg, 70 $\frac{1}{2}$.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

London Money Market.—The buoyancy in the money market continues, and stocks of all kinds have advanced. American Securities have kept up with the general market, notwithstanding the firmness of the gold premium on this side, and are materially advanced on the closing prices of the previous week:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Consols for money.....	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 6's (1862).....	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois Central shares.....	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$
Erie Railway shares.....	44	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	44	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	44	43 $\frac{1}{2}$

The closing quotations for U. S. 6's at Frankfurt were as follows:

Frankfort.....	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$
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Liverpool Cotton Market.—The market has continued to exhibit the same downward tendency noted in our last, and obviously from the causes then stated, viz.: the increase of imports from India, and the unfavorable reports from the manufacturing districts. With moderate sales the price of Uplands has given way $\frac{1}{2}$ d., and of Orleans $\frac{1}{2}$ d. The daily closing rates were as follows:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Bales sold.....	10,000	10,000	10,000	7,000	10,000	10,000
Price Midd. Uplds.....	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
" " Orleans.....	11d.	11d.	11d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -16d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -16d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Wheat, barley and oats are firm at old quotations. Corn is $\frac{1}{2}$ d. lower than at the opening of the week. Peas have advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ d. The market, however, has been remarkably steady for the season, the fair prospects of a bountiful harvest on both sides the Atlantic having failed to affect prices prejudicially.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Wheat (Mil. red No. 1) p. ctl	13	13	13	13	13	13
" (Calif. white).....	13	13	13	13	13	13
Corn (West. m'd) p. 480 lbs	37	37	37	37	37	37
Barley (American) per 60 lbs	5	5	5	5	5	5
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3	3	3	3	3	3
Peas... (Canadian) per qtr.	39	39	39	39	39	39
Flour... (Southern) per bbl.	44	44	44	44	44	44

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef and Pork are without change on last week's prices. Bacon remains also the same, but in the middle of the week was $\frac{1}{2}$ d. below the opening and closing price. Lard is $\frac{1}{2}$ d. lower, and Cheese $\frac{1}{2}$ d. lower. The following are the daily closing quotations for American provisions in this market:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	136	136	136	136	136	136
" (Calif. white).....	75	75	75	75	75	75
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	42	42	42	42	42	42
Lard (American).....	47	47	47	47	47	47
Cheese (fine Am.).....	61	61	61	60	60	59

Liverpool Produce Markets.—Ashes have declined $\frac{1}{2}$ d. on the week. Rosin is firm and common Wilmington $\frac{1}{2}$ d. advanced. Spirits of turpentine without change. Petroleum is weaker—standard white $\frac{1}{2}$ d. below the advance of Monday, but fully up to the opening price: spirits are $\frac{1}{2}$ d. lower. Tallow without change. Clover Seed without change.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Ashes—pots.....per 112 lbs	31	31	31	31	31	31
Rosin (com. Wilms.).....	6	6	6	6	6	6
" (fine).....	13	13	13	13	13	13
Spirit turpentine.....	30	30	30	30	30	30
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	1	1	1	1	1	1
" spirits.....per 8 lbs	9	9	9	9	9	9
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	44	44	44	44	44	44
Clover seed (Am. red).....	41	41	41	41	41	41

London Produce and Metal Markets.—Linseed has advanced from 64 to 68 3-6d., and Sperm Oil declined from £122 to £110. These are the only changes reported, but they are remarkable both for their suddenness and proportions. The daily course has been as follows:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tu. 9.	Wd. 10.	Th. 11.
Sugar (No. 12 Del. std) p. 112 lbs.	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6
Linseed (Calcutta) ..	64 0	68 6	68 6	68 6	68 6	64 6

Cake and oils are quoted as follows:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tu. 9.	Wd. 10.	Th. 11.
cake (obl'g) p. ton	29 12 6	29 12 6	29 12 6	29 12 6	29 12 6	29 12 6
oil ..	41 10 0	41 0 0	41 10 0	41 10 0	41 10 0	41 10 0
Sperm oil ..	122 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0
Whale oil ..	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0

The following are the quotations for metals:

Iron (Sc. pig mxd num) p. ton.	53 0	53 0	53 0
Tin (Straits & Banca) p. 112 lb.	...	...	...

Latest: Friday, July 11, P.M.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 11.

Consols opened firmer at 95, but subsequently fell to 94½. U. S. 6's are quoted at 78 3-16, Illinois Central shares at 80½, and Erie shares at 45.

The Cotton Market is steady, Upland at 10½, and Orleans 10½. The sales of the week ending yesterday are reported at 56,000 bales, of which 12,000 were taken for export and on speculation. The stock in port is 749,000 (484,000 American) bales.

California Wheat has declined to 13s. 4d. Peas (Canadian) have advanced to 40s. per 504 lbs.

Pork has declined to 78s. 6d.; while Beef has advanced from 186s. to 187s. 6d. Cheese closed at 59s. 6d, Lard at 47s. 3d. and Bacon at 42s. 6d.

Spirits Turpentine have advanced 1s., closing at 31s.; otherwise produce generally is without change, both at London and Liverpool.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week are about the same in dry goods but show a small decline in general merchandise, the total being only \$3,971,793, against \$4,371,547 last week, and \$5,366,112 the previous week. The exports are \$3,075,579 this week against \$3,541,893 last week, and \$3,928,664 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 5,885 bales, against 12,909 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) July 5, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) July 6:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Dry goods ..	\$680,414	\$1,396,009	\$1,413,181	\$1,146,464
General merchandise...	3,690,678	2,422,082	1,789,817	2,825,329
Total for the week ..	\$1,311,092	\$3,818,091	\$3,203,498	\$3,971,793
Previously reported ..	124,999,943	75,734,129	155,455,014	128,565,055
Since Jan. 1 ..	\$129,311,035	\$79,552,220	\$158,657,512	\$132,536,848

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending July 9:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
For the week ..	\$5,234,707	\$1,757,283	\$2,094,832	\$3,075,579
Previously reported ..	87,523,235	78,926,439	107,084,227	97,777,689
Since Jan. 1 ..	\$92,747,942	\$80,693,722	\$109,179,109	\$106,853,268

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, is shown in the following table:

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain...	\$1,689,703	\$55,952,380	Cuba	\$38,287	\$3,062,765
France ..	84,226	6,408,581	Hayti	10,433	645,366
Holland & Belg.	2,557,281	...	Other W. I.	128,646	3,841,437
Germany ..	468,301	11,921,657	Mexico	76,473	76,473
Other N. Europe	13,944	923,077	New Granada...	73,521	1,658,388
Spain ..	10,301	548,595	Venezuela	21,912	365,956
Other S. Europe	160,619	3,115,638	Br. Guiana	17,975	686,472
East Indies ..	...	...	Brazil	25,667	1,493,342
China & Japan ..	16,000	1,297,345	Other S.A. ports	122,301	1,879,819
Australia ..	152,291	1,346,234	All other ports ..	17,558	814,624
Br. N. A. Colonies	35,101	1,227,431			

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending July 6, 1867:

July 3—St. City of New York, Liverpool—		6—St. Teutonia, Ham—	
American gold	\$55,000	American silver	100,000
" 3—St. Palmyra, Liv.—		6—St. Teutonia, Ham—	600
American gold	355,000	Foreign silver	
" 3—St. N. York, Bremen—		6—St. Teutonia, Ham—	150,000
Foreign silver	1,500	Gold coin	
" 3—St. Low, London—		6—St. City of Baltimore, Liverpool—	
Gold bars	111,000	American gold	751,761
" 6—St. Teutonia, Ham—			
American gold	10,000	Total for the week	\$1,534,861
July 6—Steamer Fulton, not included in above ..			423,200
Previously reported ..			24,565,662
Total since Jan. 1, 1867 ..			\$26,553,723

Same time in	1866.	1867.	Same time in	1866.	1867.
1866 ..	\$47,123,868	1867 ..	1866 ..	\$13,067,976	
1865 ..	15,15,774	1867 ..	1865 ..	23,260,518	
1864 ..	29,553,185	1866 ..	1864 ..	16,236,360	
1863 ..	21,044,901	1865 ..	1863 ..	17,014,160	
1862 ..	30,623,411	1864 ..	1862 ..	9,717,663	
1861 ..	3,251,638	1863 ..	1861 ..	13,303,083	
1860 ..	23,199,302	1862 ..	1860 ..		
1859 ..	36,315,496	1861 ..			

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

July 1—Harvest Queen, Carthage—		Silver	485
Gold	\$775	" 1—San Juan N., San Francisco—	
" 1—Harvest Queen, Santa Martha—		Gold	400
Gold	136	" 3—Moro Castle, Hav.—	
" 1—Prin e of Wales, Carthage—		Gold	600
Gold	100	" 5—Rising Star, Asp'—	
		Gold	7,130
		Silver	400
Total for the week ..			\$10,016
Previously reported ..			\$1,554,989
Total since January 1, 1867 ..			\$1,565,005

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall July 3, arrived at this port July 11, with treasure to the following consignees:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Panama Railroad Co.	\$13,890 99	Wells, Fargo & Co.	\$121,677 78
J. W. Seigmann & Co.	65,700 00	Moritz Meyer	44,805 69
Eugene Kelly & Co.	48,000 00	Lees & Waller	342,871 43
Dabney, Morgan & Co.	62,047 01		
Total from San Francisco ..			\$699,492 90

FROM THE ISTHMUS.

S. L. Isaacs & Asch	\$500		
Lanman & Kemp	620—		1,120 00
Total from California and the Isthmus ..			\$700,112 90

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.	Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 10.	Rising Star.	\$874,764	\$874,764	" 22.	New York.	1,114,778	9,259,515
" 20.	New York.	525,956	1,400,720	May 2.	H. Chauncey.	206,214	9,465,739
Jan. 31.	H. Chauncey.	1,072,17	2,472,876	May 11.	Arizona.	409,667	9,875,396
Feb. 10.	Ocean Queen.	788,027	3,260,922	May 25.	Ocean Queen.	563,347	10,440,643
Feb. 23.	Rising Star.	952,082	4,213,004	June 2.	H. Chauncey.	774,313	11,214,956
Mar. 4.	H. Chauncey.	818,818	5,031,822	June 11.	Arizona.	673,362	11,888,315
" 13.	Ocean Queen.	244,888	5,276,710	June 23.	Ocean Queen.	141,198	13,009,416
Mar. 24.	Rising Star.	833,151	6,109,861	July 4.	Rising Star.	804,350	13,813,666
April 1.	H. Chauncey.	891,992	7,001,853	July 11.	Arizona.	699,493	14,513,159
" 14.	Ocean Queen.	1,142,884	8,144,737				

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following we compare the reported weekly earnings of the under-named railroads for 1866 and 1867:

EARNINGS FOR THE THIRD WEEK IN JUNE.

	M. of road 1866.	1867.	Gross earnings 1867.	Earnings p. m. 1866.	1867.	
Atlantic and Gt. Western...	507	507	\$131,316	\$90,825	\$359 01	\$179 14
Chicago and Northwestern.	1,032	1,145	219,101	225,703	212 81	197 12
Chicago, Rock Is. & Pacific.	410	410	94,397	64,400	230 04	157 07
Detroit and Milwaukee ..	188	188	27,271	32,948	145 06	175 25
Marquette and Cincinnati.	251	251	25,415	21,446	101 85	85 44
Michigan Central ..	285	285	79,043	59,113	277 34	207 41
Michigan Southern ..	524	524	86,726	72,874	165 50	139 07
Western Union ..	177	177	24,910	14,340	140 73	81 09

EARNINGS FOR THE FOURTH WEEK IN JUNE.

	M. of road.	Gross earnings.	Earnings p. m.			
	1866.	1867.	1867.			
Atlantic & Gt. Western.....	507	\$111,762	\$92,504	\$220 44	\$132 45	
Chicago & Northwest.....	1,032	1,147	219,101	225,703	212 81	197 12
Chicago, Rock Is. & Pacific.	410	410	77,325	65,300	188 60	159 27
Detroit & Milwaukee.....	188	188	30,776	33,821	164 23	184 15
Marquette and Cincinnati.	251	251	35,118	30,324	139 91	130 79
Michigan Central.....	285	285	82,225	61,352	295 16	155 23
Michigan Southern.....	524	524	123,224	81,352	242 64	89 33
Western Union.....	177	177	30,913	15,811	174 64	89 33

EARNINGS FOR THE FIRST WEEK IN JULY.

	M. of road.	Gross earnings.	Earnings p. m.
	1866. 1867.	1866. 1867.	1866. 1867.
Atlantic and Gt. Western ..	507 507	\$..... \$.....	\$..... \$.....
Chicago and Northwestern ..	1,032 1,145	219,101 225,703	212 81 197 12
Chicago, Rock Is. & Pacific.	410 410	77,325 65,300	188 60 159 27
Detroit and Milwaukee ..	188 188	35,568 37,608	159 14 200 00
Marquette and Cincinnati ..	251 251	35,118 30,324	139 91 130 79
Michigan Central ..	285 285	82,225 61,352	295 16 155 23
Michigan Southern ..	524 524	94,969 81,352	242 64 89 33
Western Union ..	177 177	20,875 13,122	117 94 74 15

RAILROAD EARNINGS (MONTHLY).—The following returns for June have been published:

Railroads.	1866.	1867.	Dec.	1867.
Chicago & Alton ..	\$371,543	\$343,671		\$27,872
Chicago & Northwestern ..	923,391	895,357		21,430
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.	350,920	201,480		99,440
Marquette & Cincinnati ..	106,315	96,535		9,780
Michigan Central ..	335,082	284,977		50,105
Michigan Southern ..	392,640	302,232		90,408
New York Central ..	1,084,000	944,100		140,000
Western Union ..	102,686	60,559		42,127

ASSISTANT TREASURER'S STATEMENT FOR JUNE.—We are indebted to the Cashier of the Office of the Assistant Treasurer for the following statement of the business of the month of June:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Balance May 31, 1867 ..	\$124,921,334 5
Receipts during the month:	
On account of customs ..	\$8,040,113 69
do Gold notes ..	7,629,900 00
do Internal revenue ..	249,951 76
do Post-office Department ..	1,089,583 60
do Transfers ..	1,379,300 00
do Patent fees ..	3,439 40
do Miscellaneous ..	52,736,466 34
do Disbursing accounts ..	9,117,702 88
do Interest accounts ..	4,324,087 00—
	\$4,568,394 07
	\$309,490,148 64

Payments during the month:

Treasury drafts.....	\$62,344 29 20	
Post-office drafts.....	227,518 06	
Disbursing accounts.....	10,888,908 17	
Assay Office.....	171,495 28	
Interest accounts, viz.:		
In coin.....	1,237,061 89	
In currency.....	2,322,087 00	77,030,978 60

Balance..... \$132,459,170 04

Balance to C. r. Treasurer United States.....	\$130,077,736 23	
Balance to C. r. disbursing accounts.....	8,412,734 93	
Balance, Assay Office.....	2,398,521 49	
Balance to C. r. interest accounts.....	1,570,185 34	132,459,170 04

By receipts for customs in June, 1867.....	\$8,040,113 69	
do do do 1866.....	9,707,980 00	
Decrease do do 1867.....	1,667,816 31	

The attention of readers is called to the following new cards which will be found in our advertising columns to-day.

The North America Fire Insurance Company, at 114 Broadway, with a cash capital of 500,000, and a surplus of \$255,057 77, and also the notice of dividend at 5 per cent. by the same company.

The eighth scrip dividend of the American Fire Insurance Company—notice is given of a scrip dividend of 50 per cent. to customers, and a cash dividend of 10½ per cent. to stockholders.

Mr. Geo. Edward Sears, stationer and blank-book manufacturer, invites the attention of bankers and merchants to his establishment at 48 William street, he having succeeded Mr. Motby in business at that place.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C. T.	WHEN.	WHERE.	BOOKS CLOSED.
Railroads:				
Del. and Maryland Canal and Cam. & Amboy R. R. and Transportation Company	5	Aug. 1.	Princeton, N. J.	July 1 to July 14.
Central of New Jersey.....	2½	July 20.	103 Liberty st.	July 10 to July 22
Ter. Haute & Indianapolis.....	6	July 10.	Far. L. & T. Co.	—
Naugatuck.....	5	Aug. 15.	Bridgeport, Ct.	—
Insurance.				
Relief Fire.....	5	—	Company's Office	—
Commercial Fire.....	5	—	Company's Office	—
Commonwealth Fire.....	5	July 8.	151 Broadway.	—
National Fire.....	6	July 9.	52 Wall Street.	—
Merchants' Insurance.....	10	July 5.	106 Broadway.	—
Germania Fire.....	7	July 8.	175 Broadway.	—
New York Equitable.....	5	July 10.	58 Wall Street.	—
Etina Fire of Hartford.....	6	July 2.	62 Wall Street.	—
American Fire, scrip.....	50	Aug. 15.	48 Wall Street.	—
American Fire, cash.....	10½	July 10.	48 Wall Street.	—
Standard Fire.....	5	July 9.	11 Wall Street.	—
Knickerbocker Fire.....	5	July 15.	64 Wall Street.	July 9 to July 15
Phoenix Insurance of Bryn	5	July 15.	138 Broadway.	—
Niagara Fire.....	5	July 15.	12 Wall Street.	—
Pacific Fire.....	6	July 11.	470 Broadway.	—
Lamar Fire.....	5	July 11.	50 Wall Street.	—
Lorillard Fire.....	5	July 11.	159 Broadway.	—
Market Fire, cash.....	6½	July 9.	37 Wall St.	—
Market Fire, scrip.....	20	Sept 15.	—	—
Continental Insurance.....	7	July 15.	102 Broadway.	—
American Exchange Fire.....	5	July 10.	141 Broadway.	—
Miscellaneous.				
United States Trust & Co.....	5	—	Company's Office	—

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri'y.	Week
Bank Shares.....	71	49	321	81	495	165	1,182
Railroad shares, viz.:							
Central of New Jersey.....	—	—	5	—	—	—	5
Chicago & Alton.....	—	—	50	—	150	—	200
Chic. Burl. & Quincy.....	—	10	25	—	—	—	35
Chicago & Northwestern.....	5,000	7,800	14,300	6,230	10,240	9,100	52,570
do do Pref. 1,600	8,600	5,400	2,135	11,000	10,130	38,865	38,865
Chic., Rock Is. & Pacific.....	2,000	7,425	4,300	4,109	7,050	8,040	32,884
Clev., Col. and Cincinnati.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cleveland & Pittsburg.....	7,200	8,400	14,300	14,000	7,100	5,300	56,100
Cleveland and Toledo.....	300	1,000	700	1,300	200	800	4,300
Del. Lacka & West. script.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erie Railway.....	6,300	10,000	10,000	24,500	31,900	27,300	110,000
do pref. 40	100	—	—	150	300	100	590
Han. & St. Joseph pref.	—	—	—	100	—	—	100
Hudson River.....	300	100	—	100	600	700	1,800
Illinois Central.....	420	425	625	783	500	—	2,753
Michigan Central.....	208	10	206	730	453	453	3,060
Michigan Southern.....	4,700	8,510	9,000	4,560	7,800	4,400	38,910
New York and N. H.....	—	—	—	23	—	—	23
Milwaukee & St. P.....	600	3,170	200	2,900	3,300	1,520	11,690
do do pref. 2,100	3,300	900	5,100	3,400	1,300	—	15,900
Morris and Essex.....	—	—	—	70	—	—	70
New York Central.....	3,450	3,500	5,350	4,900	12,940	7,700	37,840
Ohio & Mississippi (\$100).....	1,150	1,650	1,050	3,430	3,600	2,000	12,880
Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic.....	500	613	645	4,700	4,300	2,350	13,005
Panama.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reading.....	1,800	4,125	3,315	2,900	5,973	5,520	20,633
St. L. Alton & T. H.....	—	—	—	—	100	—	100
Tol., Wabash & West'n.....	2,800	2,500	3,000	1,400	1,200	800	11,700
do pref. 400	200	—	—	—	—	500	1,100
Miscellaneous shares, viz.:							
Coal—Central.....	—	—	—	—	—	200	200
do Cumberland.....	100	2,400	4,000	2,900	3,700	1,000	14,100
do Del. & Hudson.....	—	25	—	9	8	—	42
do Spring Mountain.....	—	—	—	200	—	—	200
do Wilkesbarre.....	—	—	—	500	1,500	200	1,900

Gas—Manhattan.....	48	—	—	—	—	—	48
Mining—Mariposa.....	1,100	2,800	600	900	500	400	6,100
do Quicksilver.....	1,500	700	1,100	2,300	1,700	1,100	8,300
Improvement—Bost. W. Pow	300	500	1,400	4,035	2,500	1,500	10,235
Brunswick.....	1,300	700	1,500	400	2,600	500	6,900
Canton.....	—	—	—	1,300	240	—	1,540
Telegraph—West'n Union.....	3,450	6,350	9,145	8,417	8,275	7,300	42,887
Steamship—Atlantic Mail.....	300	500	1,000	1,900	1,800	—	6,500
Pacific Mail.....	305	812	1,500	3,105	3,900	2,100	11,712
Express—Adams.....	400	100	100	350	1,000	1,540	3,990
American.....	10	—	—	6	12	—	28
Merchants.....	175	185	—	—	50	—	360
United States.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	7
Wells, Far. & Co.....	200	100	—	150	470	400	1,320

The amount of Government, State and City and other bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. 6's, 1881.....	\$15,000	\$62,000	\$156,000	\$105,000	\$172,000	\$510,000	\$1,210,000
U. S. 6's (5-20's).....	99,000	263,600	619,900	955,100	461,900	421,000	2,950,500
U. S. 6's (old).....	—	—	2,000	—	—	—	2,000
U. S. 5's (10-40).....	136,000	111,000	38,000	104,000	37,000	428,000	486,000
U. S. 5's (old).....	—	20,000	3,000	58,000	2,000	83,000	166,000
U. S. 7-30 notes.....	157,250	71,500	661,500	441,500	665,000	168,000	2,137,750
State Bonds, viz.:							
California 7's.....	—	—	—	—	2,000	—	2,000
Georgia 7's.....	—	2,000	1,000	—	—	5,000	8,000
Indiana 5's.....	—	—	—	3,000	—	—	3,000
Missouri 6's.....	41,000	52,000	34,000	94,000	60,000	87,000	358,000
New York 6's.....	—	15,000	—	—	2,000	—	17,000
7's.....	5,000	—	—	—	5,000	—	10,000
N. Carolina 6's.....	5,000	7,000	8,000	5,000	6,000	20,000	51,000
Tennessee 6's.....	30,000	27,000	31,000	33,000	183,000	40,000	344,000
Virginia 6's.....	—	—	—	—	—	1,000	1,000
City Bonds, viz.:							
Brooklyn 6's.....	—	—	—	—	—	5,000	5,000
Company Bonds, viz.:							
Railroad.....	19,000	25,000	56,500	44,500	46,000	17,000	208,000

FRIDAY, July 12, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The condition of the market throughout the week has been that of extreme ease. The banks commence the week with a large increase of deposits, and a moderate addition to their leg l tenders; and their condition since has probably not materially varied, although the exchanges at the Western cities are now against us, and may be expected to take a certain amount of currency from this centre.

The demand for accommodation at the banks has been very limited, and has been confined very much to brokers loans. The wants of demand borrowers have been met mostly at 5 per cent. on stocks, and 4 p r cent. on Government s.

In discounts the transactions are very high. Strictly prime paper passes readily at 6½ per cent., but is very scarce. Paper not exactly A1 is scrutinized somewhat closely, the occurrence of two important failures in the dry goods trade, during the week, having increased the caution of buyers.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	4 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	7 @ 8
Loans on bonds & mortg.....	6 @ 7	do single names.....	9 @ 10
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	6 @ 7	Lower grades.....	11 @ 15

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The market for governments has been excited. There has, perhaps, been less demand from investors than last week, and the purchases for shipment have been quite light. But a very active speculation has been maintained on brokers own account, under which prices have advanced fully 1 per cent. on most securities. Sixty-two's and Ten-forties being the principal exceptions. This morning there was a reaction in the temper of the market. The brokers do not appear to have the courage to bid up prices further, and the advance has at the same time increased the number of sellers and diminished that of buyers. The market consequently closes weak at ½ @ ¾ per cent. below the figures of the morning.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	May 31.	June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	July 5.	July 12
U. S. 6's, 1881 comp.....	112½	112½	112½	113	x.c. 109½	110½
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.....	109½	110½	110½	110½	111½	111½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ".....	106½	106½	107	107½	108½	109½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ".....	106½	107½	107½	107½	108½	109½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.....	108½	109½	109½	110½	x.c. 107½	108½
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, c.....	—	—	—	—	107½	108½
U. S. 10-40's.....	99½	100½	100½	100½	102½	102½
U. S. 7-30's 1st series.....	106½	106½	106½	106½	107½	108½
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series.....	105½	105½	106½	106½	107	108
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.....	105½	105½	106½	106½	107	108

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—There has been some irregularity in the course of the stock market, but, on the whole, the tone of business has been buoyant and transactions large. Early in the week an active opposition to the upward movement was started in behalf of a well-known Erie director, who, report has it, is largely short of the stock of that road. The effect was to temporarily check the buoyancy of the market. Subsequently prices

bounded up 2@4 per cent., and yesterday the speculative excitement in the market exceeded anything witnessed since 1864. This morning, however, the market opened weak, perhaps owing equally to sales for the purpose of realizing profits, and to an effort to depress prices, in order to get in stocks at lower figures. On the whole, prices this evening vary but little from those of last Friday. The market, however, appears to be destined to a further advance in prices. There are few disposed to sell short at present figures, and the disposition to buy is almost as strong as at the commencement of the advance. Outside operators are coming into the street, and buy apparently with much confidence.

The business at the two stock boards for the current week amounted to 590,672, against the previous week's business 469,202 shares. The principal stocks sold were—Chicago and Northwestern, common 52,570 and preferred 38,865; Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 32,884; Cleveland and Pittsburg 56,100; Erie 110,000; Michigan Southern 39,910; Milwaukee and St. Paul—common 11,690 and preferred 15,900; New York Central 37,840; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago 13,005; Reading 20,633. The miscellaneous stocks sold amounting to—Coal, 15,742; Mining, 24,635; Improvement, 19,675; Telegraph, 42,837; Steamship, 16,674, and Express 5,595, in the week's aggregate 125,202 against last week's aggregate 73,438.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	May 31.	June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	June 28.	July 5.	July 12.
Cumberland Coal	25	25	28	27 1/2	31 1/2	32	33 1/2
Quicksilver	43	20 1/2	20	19 1/2	47	24 1/2	48
Canton Co.	98 1/2	100 1/2	101 1/2	102 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2
Mariposa pref.	58 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	66 1/2	68 1/2	70 1/2
New York Central	102	100 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	110
Erie	103 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2	107 1/2	109 1/2	110	103 1/2
Hudson River	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2	70 1/2	78 1/2	81 1/2	79 1/2
Reading	111	113	x.d. 107	110 1/2	110 1/2	110	110
Mich. Southern	77 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	77 1/2	84 1/2	86 1/2	91 1/2
Michigan Central	77 1/2	119	118	130 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
Clev. and Toledo	33 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	35 1/2	42 1/2	45 1/2	44 1/2
Northwestern	57 1/2	58 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	68
Rock Island	87 1/2	88 1/2	89 1/2	90 1/2	95 1/2	97 1/2	97
Fort Wayne	96 1/2	99	97 1/2	98	103 1/2	100 1/2	101 1/2
Illinois Central	115 1/2	119 1/2	120 1/2	121 1/2	122	122	122

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	71	49	321	81	465	165	1,192
Railroad	38,868	26,863	73,196	84,690	102,208	87,673	469,202
Coal	100	2,425	4,000	3,600	4,208	1,000	17,443
Mining	2,900	3,800	3,000	7,235	4,700	3,000	24,635
Improv't	1,200	1,400	4,600	5,700	5,775	1,000	19,675
Telegraph	3,450	6,350	9,145	8,417	8,275	7,300	42,837
Steamship	605	1,312	2,500	4,105	4,200	3,950	16,674
Express	792	335	100	500	1,922	1,940	5,595
Gas	48	48	48	48	48	48	48

At Regular Board	16,336	31,534	49,295	51,473	70,438	31,608	256,684
At Open Board	31,650	51,800	47,615	62,260	68,348	71,720	333,988
Total current week	47,986	83,334	96,910	113,743	138,786	103,328	590,672
Total Previous w'k.	96,381	136,138	77,993	78,096	80,634	80,634	469,242

The transactions in shares weekly since May 3 are shown in the following statement:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail.	Coal.	Min.	Im.	Tele.	Steam.	Other.	Total.
May 3	528	465,847	505	6,160	12,100	14,084	12,700	4,946	516,920
" 10	11,761	371,270	2,463	3,300	10,150	14,247	17,491	5,680	425,777
" 17	827	294,415	1,151	3,630	7,500	9,225	8,916	3,358	333,713
" 24	826	298,377	2,163	5,000	6,950	7,870	15,875	6,007	338,679
" 31	934	290,750	1,583	4,000	10,950	6,354	11,388	9,038	335,437
June 7	1,828	314,512	1,381	7,810	9,350	10,177	17,148	6,213	365,418
" 14	653	397,920	2,586	9,978	10,005	16,517	23,295	6,661	467,615
" 21	681	224,243	819	2,825	2,500	6,253	11,915	15,395	264,661
" 28	422	537,561	3,436	10,400	9,450	15,702	22,868	25,841	625,690
July 5 (5 days)	298	395,506	4,466	23,425	4,850	23,753	8,600	5,344	469,242
" 12	1,182	464,286	15,742	24,635	19,675	42,837	16,673	5,643	590,672

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds old at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$39,000	\$514,600	\$394,901	1,182,100	733,900	632,000	\$4,026,500
U. S. Notes	137,259	171,540	661,500	44,500	665,000	168,000	2,137,750
State & City b'ds	81,000	103,000	74,000	125,000	268,000	158,000	799,000
Company B'ds	10,000	25,000	56,500	44,500	46,000	17,000	2,80,000
Total Cur. w'k.	\$356,259	\$714,100	\$1,055,901	1,796,100	1,702,900	975,000	\$7,111,250
Previous week	246,000	630,000	411,000	645,100	689,900	2,072,000	

The totals, weekly, since May 3 are shown in the following tabulation:

Week ending	Gov't Bonds	Gov't Notes	State & City Bonds	Company Bonds	Total amount
May 3	2,915,800	145,100	643,000	203,000	4,910,700
" 10	4,628,800	567,200	530,000	238,500	5,954,500
" 17	3,363,900	22,000	682,800	223,200	4,291,900
" 24	4,355,300	85,100	515,000	158,100	5,113,400
" 31	1,905,600	333,500	908,500	218,500	3,366,100
June 7	3,172,650	68,500	744,000	158,000	4,143,150
" 14	3,585,350	161,500	795,250	233,000	4,775,100
" 21	3,801,900	396,000	495,000	153,000	4,845,900
" 28	3,319,650	491,850	664,700	165,000	4,641,200
July 5	1,596,500	441,500	487,000	97,000	2,522,000
July 12	4,026,500	2,137,750	797,000	208,000	7,171,250

THE GOLD MARKET.—The market has been firm but without any special activity. The exports have been unexpectedly large, apparently owing to the remittance of interest falling due on the 1st July. It would be difficult to discover any other reason for the advance of the price to 139 1/2 @ 1/2, the figure touched this morning. At the beginning of the week there was a disposition to sell gold "short," but at the close we perceive no indications of an oversold market, gold being abundant for delivery and loans being made "flat" to 1 per cent.

The fluctuations in the gold market during the week closing with Friday are shown in the following table:

	Open- ing.	Lowest.	High- est.	Clos- ing.	Tone of Market.
Saturday, July 6	139 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	Firm.
Monday, "	139 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	Quiet.
Tuesday, "	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	0 1/2	Quiet.
Wednesday, "	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	0 1/2	Steady.
Thursday, "	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	0 1/2	Firm.
Friday, "	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	Steady.
Current week	139 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	139 1/2
Previous week	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	1 1/2	138 1/2
Jan. 1 to date	132 1/2	132 1/2	141 1/2	9 1/2	139 1/2

The movement in coin and bullion at this port for the week ending Saturday, July 6, was as shown in the following formula:

Specie in banks Saturday, June 29	\$7,768,596
Treasure receipts from California	\$304,250
Import of coin and bullion from foreign ports	18,024
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury	5,669,900
	6,492,174

Total reported supply for week	\$14,361,170
Export of coin and bullion to foreign ports	\$1,534,861
Paid into U. S. Treasury on account of customs	1,610,006
	3,144,867

Apparent excess of supply for week	\$11,116,303
Specie in banks Saturday, July 6	10,853,171

Excess of reported supply (gone into private hands)..... \$263,132

The transactions for the last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury—	Receipts.
July 1	\$496,975 80	\$5,403,675 54	\$3,353,330 70
" 2	337,040 26	8,405,315 46	1,345,066 23
" 3	288,474 66	2,995,498 94	3,782,180 88
" 4	257,000 00	1,621,967 21	1,536,004 08
" 5	320,515 50	1,595,613 15	1,138,890 08
Total	\$1,610,006 22	\$15,022,070 30	\$13,055,291 92
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of July 1			132,459,740 04
			\$145,514,561 96
Deduct payments during the week			15,022,070 30
Balance on Saturday evening			\$130,492,491 66
Increase during the week			1,966,678 38

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$2,023,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$91,000 in gold, and \$1,519,006 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since May 4:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury—	Receipts.	Changes in Balances.
May 4	\$2,190,166	\$7,333,020	\$38,401,654	\$110,334,049
" 11	1,116,949	28,272,343	40,177,571	122,239,278
" 18	2,068,648	16,507,815	22,966,533	128,697,997
" 25	2,006,097	17,042,109	20,625,333	132,281,220
June 1	1,955,086	27,547,745	18,850,257	123,583,732
" 8	1,739,140	8,347,553	18,876,740	134,112,979
" 15	1,895,713	17,331,277	17,834,628	134,616,271
" 22	2,039,064	14,932,695	12,446,169	132,129,745
" 29	1,736,400	25,086,873	25,416,397	132,459,770
July 6	1,610,006	15,022,070	13,055,392	130,492,492

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—There has been a decided scarcity of bills for steamers of Wednesday and to-morrow. For Wednesdays' mail the ruling rate for 60 days' bankers sterling was 110 1/2; for to-morrow's the majority of transactions have been done at 110 1/4, at which the market closes firm.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	June 21.	June 28.	July 5.	July 12.
London Comm'l.	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2
do bkrs' l'ng	109 1/2 @ 110 1/2	109 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2
do do shrt	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2
Paris, long	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2
do shrt	5 12 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 12 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 12 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 12 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2
Antwerp	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2
Bremen	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2	5 17 1/2 @ 5 12 1/2
Hamburg	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2
Amsterdam	40 1/2 @ 41 1/2	40 1/2 @ 41 1/2	41 1/2 @ 41 1/2	41 1/2 @ 41 1/2
Frankfort	78 1/2 @ 79 1/2	78 1/2 @ 79 1/2	79 1/2 @ 79 1/2	79 1/2 @ 79 1/2
Berlin	72 @ 72 1/2	72 @ 72 1/2	72 1/2 @ 72 1/2	72 1/2 @ 72 1/2

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on July 6, 1867:

	Loans and Capital.	Discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net Deposits.	Legal Tenders.
New York	\$3,000,000	\$6,566,139	\$1,966,325	\$774,358	\$6,536,063	\$3,477,467
Manhattan	2,080,000	5,626,174	242,572	12,200	4,882,541	1,706,556
Union	3,000,000	4,994,068	139,714	560,400	3,224,682	1,101,524
America	1,500,000	4,050,945	140,362	481,982	2,753,171	750,972
Prudential	1,800,000	5,181,085	1,336,901	2,000	8,002,073	2,285,857
City	1,000,000	5,539,718	189,137	288,255	2,449,711	709,308
					2,296,063	506,069

Tradesmen's	1,000,000	8,035,925	18,965	796,907	1,499,069	1,251,908
Fulton	600,000	2,094,185	153,333	1,514,220	920,419	1,489,080
Chemical	300,000	8,257,548	643,508	4,615,999	1,489,080	998,708
Merchants' Exchange	1,235,000	3,967,405	33,959	452,236	499,629	281,226
National	1,500,000	2,615,097	134,601	491,880	748,948	281,226
State of New York	600,000	2,996,304	34,251	257,277	2,942,323	998,708
Mechanics and Trades	600,000	1,963,919	22,125	195,730	1,500,085	427,225
Greenwich	200,000	1,133,349	4,492	788,236	102,812	102,812
Leather Manuf. National	600,000	3,023,739	143,247	257,596	2,183,838	998,708
Seventh Ward, National	500,000	1,216,324	30,195	178,669	715,880	310,429
State of New York	2,000,000	4,546,671	377,724	193,000	4,148,577	1,888,394
American Exchange	5,000,000	10,175,193	746,371	994,494	5,933,322	2,073,098
Commerce	10,000,000	22,027,607	1,119,441	5,967,120	7,641,111	7,118,010
Broadway	1,000,000	5,374,330	58,946	900,000	3,942,663	1,302,655
Ocean	1,000,000	2,392,087	79,439	786,419	2,484,310	1,174,604
Mercantile	1,000,000	3,006,336	25,561	481,811	2,526,971	820,682
Pacific	422,700	1,819,103	15,622	140,965	1,577,705	487,405
Republic	2,000,000	4,671,316	389,543	838,750	3,908,543	1,610,066
Chatham	450,000	1,723,056	77,262	130,088	1,623,663	481,273
People's	412,500	1,430,868	18,842	6,632	1,217,229	213,192
North American	1,000,000	2,084,631	89,339	392,948	1,697,756	462,337
Hanover	1,000,000	2,722,948	32,496	257,946	1,697,292	397,752
Irving	500,000	1,699,000	8,000	195,687	1,459,000	415,000
Metropolitan	4,000,000	10,616,569	96,905	2,154,825	5,239,342	2,771,000
Citizens	1,000,000	1,256,114	20,323	131,151	1,292,860	998,708
Nassau	1,000,000	2,704,227	77,141	4,227	1,601,331	319,137
Market	1,000,000	2,704,227	77,141	4,227	1,601,331	319,137
St. Nicholas	1,000,000	2,464,846	17,327	735,294	1,099,095	549,289
Shoe and Leather	1,500,000	3,236,200	57,699	949,885	3,132,940	998,708
Corn Exchange	1,000,000	3,151,705	18,325	8,418	1,879,715	224,000
Continental	2,000,000	4,308,411	183,286	569,975	2,700,188	879,000
Commonwealth	750,000	2,616,969	68,796	243,727	2,578,955	821,323
Oriental	300,000	1,235,117	8,832	9,075	1,085,141	240,536
Marine	400,000	1,539,330	30,441	336,500	1,572,426	588,250
Atlantic	300,000	1,195,276	14,070	90,831	924,576	296,595
Importers and Traders	1,500,000	5,573,393	66,965	502,532	4,743,162	1,071,941
Park	2,000,000	11,997,514	525,065	965,500	17,901,465	5,721,214
Mechanics' Banking Ass.	500,000	983,919	10,364	308,494	1,137,662	501,211
Grocers	300,000	891,733	6,146	79,450	738,479	215,540
North River	400,000	1,274,105	17,057	11,639	1,126,316	459,541
East River	300,000	977,578	3,448	283,500	692,429	284,906
Manufacturers & Mer.	500,000	1,403,403	6,691	836	1,171,514	313,287
Fourth National	5,000,000	16,808,221	117,912	2,969,999	13,608,736	4,555,425
Central National	5,000,000	12,463,602	54,961	1,680,448	12,428,268	4,224,817
Second National	3,000,000	11,240,115	1,240	270,000	1,087,807	339,616
Ninth National	1,000,000	5,883,199	57,354	901,256	6,739,347	2,622,407
First National	500,000	2,900,093	30,300	446,458	3,441,101	1,399,118
Third National	1,000,000	3,461,985	47,684	799,190	3,265,140	1,115,336
New York & Exchange	1,000,000	3,009,800	31,700	900,500	1,912,800	681,400
Tenth National	300,000	1,169,948	6,330	10,300	1,062,707	1,062,707
Croton National	300,000	1,169,948	6,330	10,300	1,062,707	1,062,707
National Currency	100,000	296,231	20,283	90,000	361,622	116,036
Bowery National	250,000	685,753	225,000	483,549	195,844	195,844

Total	82,530,300	246,361,237	10,853,171	33,669,397	191,524,312	71,106,472
Clearings for the week ending July 29, 1867					\$493,944,354	22
Clearings for the week ending July 6, 1867					494,081,900	06
Balances for the week ending June 29, 1867					33,079,538	46
Balances for the week ending July 6, 1867					21,650,612	89

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Loans	Inc. \$3,818,283	Deposits	Inc. \$5,311,055
Specie	Inc. 3,084,175	Legal Tenders	Inc. 1,021,717
Circulation	Inc. 126,887		

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

	Loans	Specie	Circulation	Deposits	Legal Tenders	Aggregate
May 4	250,871,558	9,992,747	39,571,747	195,739,072	70,587,402	559,860,118
May 11	253,682,829	14,959,590	38,595,889	200,342,832	67,996,639	574,319,769
May 18	257,911,874	15,567,252	38,632,301	201,436,854	63,828,501	567,375,793
May 25	256,091,805	14,083,667	39,697,253	198,673,345	60,562,440	557,322,623
June 1	252,791,514	14,617,070	39,747,039	190,846,143	58,459,827	544,671,555
June 8	250,477,298	15,699,038	39,719,088	184,730,335	55,923,107	534,734,216
June 15	246,23,465	12,656,389	39,707,109	18,317,763	57,924,294	460,985,602
June 22	243,647,477	9,369,477	39,638,171	179,477,170	57,816,749	430,949,194
June 29	242,547,954	7,768,996	39,542,962	184,213,297	70,174,755	494,944,354
July 6	246,361,237	10,853,171	39,669,397	191,524,312	71,196,472	494,081,900

The following table shows the monthly range of sales of bank stocks at the New York Exchange Board of Brokers for the first six months of the current year:

BANKS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
America	135-135	131-134	115-115	135-135	137-137	115-118
Amer. Exchange	115-115	115-115	115-115	116-116	112-113	115-118
Butchers' & Drov.	135-135	135-135	135-135	135-135	135-135	135-135
Central	102-110	109-111	110-112	109-110	109-111	111-114
Chatham	102-110	109-111	110-112	109-110	109-111	111-114
Commerce	110-115	112-114	113-116	112-115	114-119	112-114
Commonwealth	106-106	104-106	106-108	106-106	106-106	110-112
Continental	100-102	101-105	103-104	102-103	103-104	104-106
Corn Exchange	100-102	101-105	103-104	102-103	103-104	104-106
East River	102-104	103-104	104-106	104-106	105-107	107-110
Fourth	102-104	103-104	104-106	104-106	105-107	107-110
Hanover	108-108	108-108	110-110	113-113	115-117	113-113
Import. & Traders	112-113	112-113	112-113	109-110	110-111	111-113
Irving	102-104	103-104	104-106	104-106	105-107	107-110
Leather Manufact.	102-104	103-104	104-106	104-106	105-107	107-110
Manhattan	102-104	103-104	104-106	104-106	105-107	107-110
Market	116-116	117-117	117-117	117-117	118-118	114-114
Mechanics	111-111	111-111	111-111	111-111	111-111	111-111
Mechan. B. Assoc.	111-111	111-111	111-111	111-111	111-111	111-111
Merchants' Exch.	115-115	115-115	115-115	114-115	116-116	114-114
Metropolitan	123-123	123-124	123-126	124-125	125-125	131-131
National (Gallatin)	110-110	110-110	110-110	110-110	110-110	110-111
New York	116-116	117-118	118-118	118-118	118-118	118-118
Ninth	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
North America	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
Ocean	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
Oriental	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
Park	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
Phoenix	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
Republic	106-107	105-106	106-106	106-106	105-107	108-109
Seventh Ward	110-112	112-112	112-112	112-112	112-112	110-110
Shoe and Leather	110-112	112-112	112-112	112-112	112-112	110-110
State of New York	106-108	106-107	108-109	109-110	106-111	110-113
Tradesmen's	119-119	115-116	117-117	117-117	117-117	143-143
Union	119-119	115-116	117-117	117-117	117-117	143-143

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks:

	June 22.	June 29.	July 6.
Capital	\$16,017,150	\$16,017,150	\$16,017,150
Loans	52,968,441	52,538,963	52,420,272
Specie	373,308	365,187	451,951
Legal Tenders	15,964,424	16,105,061	16,022,675
Due from Banks	4,520,813	5,030,914	5,268,093
Deposits	6,040,664	6,147,525	6,000,088
Circulation	2,323,232	26,618,847	37,077,456
Clearings	32,149,441	29,766,953	32,145,779
Balances	2,808,699	3,029,889	3,174,616

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Date.	Legal Tenders.	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.
June 1	16,881,109	52,747,978	354,393	10,637,438	37,354,144
June 8	16,800,720	53,158,124	346,615	10,642,920	37,352,614
June 15	16,904,010	53,192,049	363,361	10,046,298	37,174,269
June 22	15,964,424	52,968,441	373,308	14,177,928	37,338,279
June 29	16,105,061	52,538,963	365,187	10,641,311	36,616,817
July 6	16,022,675	52,420,272	451,951	10,640,201	37,077,456

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the last Boston Banks' statement compared with those of the three previous weeks:

	June 17.	June 24.	July 1.	July 8.
Capital	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000
Loans	93,735,428	92,951,163	92,996,708	94,747,778
Specie	511,095	470,584	617,456	915,298
Legal tender notes	15,719,795	15,758,396	16,055,141	15,065,466
Due from other banks	12,001,098	13,91,838	14,177,928	15,800,211
Deposits	11,680,271	11,609,667	12,103,321	13,485,936
Deposits	36,039,933	36,521,129	37,475,337	38,351,040
Circulation (National)	24,771,778	24,785,947	24,727,383	24,801,823
Circulation (State)	271,949	267,294	266,353	266,494

The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

		Legal			Circulation.	
	Loans.	Specie.	Tenders.	Deposits.	National.	State.
une 3.....	92,694,925	571,536	17,17,991	37,006,594	24,725,794	279,275
" 10.....	93,436,167	436,767	16,767,854	36,033,716	24,804,153	288,768
" 17.....	93,735,428	511,095	15,719,795	36,039,933	24,771,778	271,043
" 24.....	92,931,163	470,054	15,758,396	36,521,129	24,768,947	267,294
uly 1.....	92,996,703	517,456	16,055,141	37,473,337	24,727,333	266,353
uly 8.....	94,747,773	515,298	15,065,466	38,251,400	24,801,823	266,494

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, July 12.

The markets the past week have been moderately active and general trade has been at a fair average, with a strong feeling as regards prices, but without any especial animation or buoyancy to be noted, except in one or two leading staples.

In Provisions we note a decided advance, in all kinds of Hog Products with considerable activity, partly speculative. Mess Pork closed at \$23 25. Prime Kettle Lard 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Cumberland Bacon 11c, and in dry salted Meats the advance is fully one cent per lb., closing firm.

Wool is coming forward slowly and prices are well supported by a steady though moderate demand for consumption.

Freights have been fairly active, and rates for British ports have at the close a slight upward tendency.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week, and since January 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending July 5, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66.		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66.
Ashes, pkgs...	168	3,415	3,048	Rosin	11,106	176,279	210,787
Breadstuffs...				Flour, bbls...	24,610	723,768	1,122,073
Flour, bbls...	24,610	723,768	1,122,073	Wheat, bush...	33,432	753,602	894,087
Wheat, bush...	33,432	753,602	894,087	Corn	631,409	4,018,973	7,587,635
Corn	631,409	4,018,973	7,587,635	Oats	214,645	1,235,048	2,571,928
Oats	214,645	1,235,048	2,571,928	Rye	2,560	70,740	227,533
Rye	2,560	70,740	227,533	Malt	33,339	308,119	262,444
Malt	33,339	308,119	262,444	Barley	43,869		
Barley	43,869			Grass seed...	46,418		
Grass seed...	46,418			Flaxseed	7,730		
Flaxseed	7,730			Beans	16,896		
Beans	16,896			Peas	281,774		
Peas	281,774			C. meal, bbls...	1,581	42,984	67,933
C. meal, bbls...	1,581	42,984	67,933	C. meal, bags...	1,421	214,292	215,073
C. meal, bags...	1,421	214,292	215,073	Buckwheat & B.W. flour, bag...		6,085	
Buckwheat & B.W. flour, bag...		6,085		Cotton, bales...	4,915	395,561	388,527
Cotton, bales...	4,915	395,561	388,527	Copper, bbls...	5	5,966	
Copper, bbls...	5	5,966		Copper, plates...	935	7,993	
Copper, plates...	935	7,993		Driedfruit, pkgs...	52	21,091	
Driedfruit, pkgs...	52	21,091		Grease, pkgs...		9,972	
Grease, pkgs...		9,972		Hemp, bales...		565	
Hemp, bales...		565		Hides, No. 4...	4,358	188,160	256,637
Hides, No. 4...	4,358	188,160	256,637	Hops, bales...	40	3,177	
Hops, bales...	40	3,177		Leather, sides...	53,543	1,367,111	1,152,295
Leather, sides...	53,543	1,367,111	1,152,295	Lead, pigs...		1,193	
Lead, pigs...		1,193		Molasses, hhds and bbls...	319	13,254	9,305
Molasses, hhds and bbls...	319	13,254	9,305	Naval Stores—Crude trp, bbl...	937	4,627	25,549
Naval Stores—Crude trp, bbl...	937	4,627	25,549	Spirits turp...	2,448	30,677	24,250

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending July 5, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the correspond ing period in 1866:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.
Buttons	75	2,663	3,603	Hardware	111	5,773	7,729
Coal, tons	11,244	59,903	70,344	Iron, RR b's	11,861	184,164	151,838
Cocoa, bags	87	10,915	7,806	Lead, pigs	8,716	235,328	266,877
Coffee, bags	13,750	511,968	450,540	Spelter, lbs	83	751	6,446,402
Cotton, bales		290	1,734	Steel, boxes	3,755	134,790	99,629
Drugs, &c.				Tin, boxes	14,714	327,208	415,330
Bark, Peru	31	5,504	3,634	Tin slabs, lbs	33,600	2,148,654	4,328,706
Blea p'w'd's	20	16,159	14,149	Rags	77	39,302	29,227
Brimst. tns	118	9,551	11,228	Sugar, hhds		8,009	192,260
Cochineal	13	1,341	467	tcs & bbls	3,040	150,868	247,040
Cr Tartar	62	830	713	Sugar, bxs & bg	13,268	661,097	531,559
Gambier		11,847	11,889	Tea	110	16,029	12,102
Gums, crude		9,488	7,331	Tobacco, hhds	3	4,397	9,116
Gum, Arabic	54	2,605	2,072	Waste			
Indigo		1,728	2,133	Wines, &c.			
Madder	202	3,159	7,217	Champ. bkts	1,035	52,350	73,014
Oil, ess		2,062	2,739	Wines	3,193	71,918	271,437
Oil, Olive	2,149	19,024	71,731	Wool, bales	782	26,343	44,114
Opium	1	482	455	Articles reported by value.			
Soda, bi-carb	1,000	89,026	79,166	Cigars		\$ 320,899	\$987,635
Soda, sal	1,546	14,436	19,039	Corks		6,090	145,055
Soda, ash	343	18,965	24,067	Fancy goods		65,872	1,982,321
Flax		965	7,328	Fish		25,512	375,636
Furs	70	1,838	2,223	Fruits, &c.			530,001
Gunny cloth		21,322	10,588	Lemons	21,768	289,823	311,748
Hair	185	2,394	2,803	Oranges	10,273	646,390	252,881
Hemp, bales		75,267	76,514	Nuts	13,778	453,461	587,423
Hides, &c.				Raisins	8,390	460,775	604,087
Bristles	65	1,081	1,409	Hides, undred	165,306	5,423,325	3,781,045
Hides, dres'd	143	4,757	5,711	Rice	14,109	194,360	394,054
India rubber	1,059	24,947	13,346	Cassia		72,541	125,873
Ivory	6	1,352	337	Ginger	2,022	32,132	35,713
Jewelry, &c.				Pepper		166,592	76,906
Jewelry	12	359	412	Saltpetre		31,678	109,073
Linseed	10	482	637	Woods			
Molasses	2,694	225,734	147,315	Fustic	136	27,637	19,402
Metals, &c.		99,584	75,513	Logwood	106	100,173	105,047
Cutlery	48	1,931	3,368	Mahogany		71,508	89,117

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

	Same time 1866.	Jan. 1, 1867.	Total since Jan. 1, 1867.		Same time 1866.	Jan. 1, 1867.	Total since Jan. 1, 1867.
Breadstuffs—Flour	13,477	239,466	252,943	Other S. All oth.			
Wheat	61,011	88,759	149,770	Jan. 1, 1867.			
Barley	835,585	134,493	970,078	1867.			
Oats	116,466	86,856	203,322	1866.			
Corn	4,488,369	199,400	4,687,769	1867.			
Peas	297,519	760,314	1,057,833	1866.			
Butter	16,163	1,111,711	1,127,874	1867.			
Cheese	377,137	1,171,711	1,548,848	1866.			
Lard	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1867.			
Oil	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1866.			
Whale oil	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1867.			
Provisions	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1866.			
Meats	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1867.			
Wool	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1866.			
Textiles	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1867.			
Drugs	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1866.			
Hardware	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1867.			
Metals	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1866.			
Other	3,821,675	1,171,711	4,993,386	1867.			

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 12, 1867.

We have this week a still further decrease in the receipts of cotton at all the ports, the total reaching only 7,932 bales (against 9,186 bales last week, 10,023 bales the previous week and 10,952 bales three weeks since), making the aggregate receipts since Sept. 1, this year 1,823,023 bales, against 1,975,197 bales for the same period in 1865-6. The details of the week's receipts are as follows:

Received this week at—	Receipts.	Received this week at—	Receipts.
New Orleans.....	2,156	Florida.....	68
Mobile.....	445	North Carolina.....	114
Charleston.....	1,737	Virginia.....	330
Savannah.....	1,334		
Texas.....	1,181	Total receipts for week.....	7,932
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	671		

The aggregate receipts at all the ports for the corresponding week of 1866 was 10,464 bales. In the exports there is a considerable decrease this week, the total reaching 24,257 bales, against 36,688 bales last week and 14,556 bales the previous week. Below we give the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

	—Exported this week to—						
From	Liver- pool.	Bor.	Barce- Havre. deaux. lona.	Bremen.	burg.	Ham- Total.	
New York	4,322	371	...	465	727	5,885	
Boston	621	...	...	...	...	621
New Orleans	6,380	49	344	...	...	6,773
Mobile	4,628	...	...	...	...	4,628
Charleston	...	185	...	...	...	185
Savannah	3,299	...	...	...	...	3,299
Galveston	2,866	...	...	...	...	2,866
Total this week	22,116	371	234	344	465	727	24,257

For the corresponding week in 1866 the shipments from all the ports amounted to only 6,317 bales. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1 now amount to 1,480,367 bales, against 1,466,015 bales for the same period last year, and the stocks reach only 207,356 bales, against 347,207 bales at the same time in 1866. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP- M'TS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.	Total.		
N. Orleans, July 5.....	704,318	387,425	155,953	48,376	591,754	230,658	56,107
Mobile, July 5.....	227,570	141,969	4,362	3,506	149,837	59,546	12,785
Charleston, July 5.....	149,461	74,174	3,524	740	78,438	78,935	3,239
Savannah, July 5.....	225,653	105,768	959	...	106,722	103,901	8,838
Texas, June 28.....	173,002	58,303	...	7,798	66,101	82,907	10,967
New York, July 12 [†]	113,655	356,003	27,572	59,642	443,217	...	80,090
Florida, July 5 [†]	57,073	3,011	...	...	3,011	39,149	480
N. Carolina, July 12.....	37,505	534	...	...	534	36,972	...
Virginia, July 12.....	103,005	12,901	...	...	12,901	59,715	...
Other ports, July 12 [†]	30,981	27,531	...	321	27,852	...	\$35,000
To all.....	1,823,023	1,167,614	192,370	120,333	1,480,367	711,783	207,356

The market this week has been very quiet but firm all the week. The reduced stocks in this and the Southern markets (the total now reaching only 207,000 bales), and the continued reduction of these stocks by large shipments to Europe, have raised the question where our domestic spinners are to procure supplies for the next two or three months, when the receipts at the ports drop down to the minimum figures. Hence prices have rather strengthened in the face of a decline of a half-penny in Liverpool, and continued dull accounts from that point and from Manchester. Some speculative confidence has been developed during the week, money being very easy, but the demand for spinning has been very light. The important features in the dry goods market have temporarily checked operations on the part of manufacturers, but stocks are generally light with them, and continued production must soon bring them into the market. The sales of the week are about

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact, as some of our readers fail to understand it.

† The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.

‡ These are the receipts at all the ports of Florida to June 21, except Apalachicola, which are only to June 14.

§ Estimated. The stock at New York is also estimated.

10,500 bales, the market closing quiet but firm at the following quotations:

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans & Texas
Ordinary.....	21	21	21	21
Good Ordinary.....	22	22	22	22
Low Middling.....	24	24	25	25
Middling.....	26½	26½	27½	27½
Good Middling.....	28	28	29	30

The exports of Cotton this week from New York show a decrease, the total shipments reaching only 5,885 bales, against 12,909 bales last week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:

To Liverpool, per steamer—City of Cork, 298....	Palmyra, 804....	City of Baltimore, 167....	Denmark, 1,893....	per ship Thornton, 1,160. Total bales.....	4,322
To Havre, per steamer—Fulton, 565. This includes 194 bales, the cargo of the Morning Star, reported as having cleared in the CHRONICLE of June 29, but subsequently put back in distress. Total bales.....					371
To Bremen, per steamer—New York, 465. Total bal.....					465
To Hamburg, per steamer—1 cutonia, 727. Total bales.....					727

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1866; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1866

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	June 17.	June 24.	July 1.	July 8.		
Liverpool.....	11,737	5,933	7,982	4,322	349,946	367,172
Other British Ports.....	...	...	...	...	6,057	17,963
Total to Gt. Britain..	11,737	5,933	7,982	4,322	356,003	384,134
Havre.....	104	194	274	371	27,566	34,002
Other French ports.....	...	...	...	...	6	88
Total French.....	104	194	274	371	27,572	34,090
Bremen and Hanover.....	833	844	1,898	465	34,941	17,745
Hamburg.....	251	761	1,049	727	15,816	15,097
Other ports.....	75	570	735	...	6,582	6,062
Total to N. Europe..	1,149	2,175	3,682	1,192	56,839	38,894
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	...	...	991	...	1,851	1,880
All others.....	...	...	...	...	952	754
Total Spain, etc.....	...	...	991	...	2,803	2,634
Grand Total.....	12,909	8,302	12,909	5,885	443,217	459,752

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	862	126,782	South Carolina.....	1,906	59,147
Texas.....	650	62,469	North Carolina.....	72	30,959
Savannah.....	1,097	96,240	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.....	170	74,629
Mobile.....	340	25,847	Per Railroad.....	618	117,982
Florida.....	32,262	...			
Total for the week.....	...	...		4,915	...
Total since Sept. 1.....	...	...		636,357	...

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1:

Receipts from—	Boston.		Philad'phia.		Baltimore.	
	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	711	64,771	...	9,992	...	951
Texas.....	...	16,826	...	...	...	407
Savannah.....	...	15,163	...	7,749	184	7,006
Mobile.....	775	29,717	...	1,030	...	200
Florida.....	...	112	...	...	...	...
South Carolina.....	...	6,036	129	2,606	43	7,130
North Carolina.....	...	660	21	1,005	2	2,464
Virginia.....	...	9,638	...	...	208	13,885
New York, &c*.....	612	55,307	...	...	...	...
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	159	30,981	...	...	...	...
Total receipts..... bales	3,235	234,116	150	22,372	451	32,043

* Reshipments.

† This does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

There have been no exports this week from these cities except 621 bales from Boston, all of which were shipped to Liverpool per steamer China.

SHIPPING NEWS.—We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports; we now add the same information with regard to the Southern ports:

Exported this week from—		Total bales
New Orleans—To Liverpool, per ship J. H. Stetson, 3,372....	J. H. Byerson, 3,008.....	6,380
To Bordeaux, per bark Bon Fils, 49.....		49
To Barcelona, per brig Antoinette, 344.....		344
Mobile—To Liverpool, per ship Prince Consort, 3,354....	per schr. A Elwood, 1,274.....	4,628
Charleston—To Barcelona, per brig Polacre Elena, 185 bales Upland..		185
Savannah—To Liverpool, per Alahabad, 2,636 Upland and 618 Sea- Island.....		3,299
Galveston—To Liverpool, per bark Patriot, 730; Brothers, 1,000....		1,730
per schooner King Fisher, 1,106.....		2,866
Total exports this week from Southern ports..... bales.		17,751

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—The mail returns for the week ending July 5, show a small decrease in the receipts, the total for the week being 2,156 bales, against 2,208 bales last week, and 2,395 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were 7,954 bales, of which 6,808 bales were to Liverpool, 49 bales to Bordeaux, 344 bales to Barcelona, 350 bales to Boston, 33 bales to Philadelphia, and 798 bales to New York. Stock on hand, July 5, was 56,107 bales. The receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since May 3, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ps.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Price Mid.	Freights To Liver- To New York.*	Price gold.
May 3....	5,127	16,400	11,891	134,513	26 @ 27	17-32@19-15 3/4@—	136 1/2 @ 136 3/4
" 10....	4,592	19,000	12,394	128,009	25 @ 26	17-32@19-16 3/4@—	137 @ 137 1/4
" 17....	4,800	20,150	19,109	115,547	27 @ 28	17-32@19-16 3/4@—	135 1/2 @ 135 3/4
" 24....	4,256	10,800	30,719	99,228	26 1/2 @—	17-32@19-16 3/4@—	136 1/2 @ 136 3/4
" 31....	4,098	13,250	18,285	86,040	26 @—	3/4 @ 1 @—	136 1/2 @ 136 3/4
June 7....	3,358	12,400	13,871	90,147	— @—	3/4 @—	136 1/2 @ 136 3/4
" 14....	2,038	9,100	14,100	79,686	26 @—	3/4 @—	136 @—
" 21....	2,395	11,550	6,466	76,751	26 @ 27	15-32@ 3/4 @—	137 1/2 @ 138
" 28....	2,208	6,850	19,111	60,883	26 @—	15-32@ 3/4 @—	138 1/2 @ 138 3/4
July 5....	2,156	5,750	7,954	56,107	nom.	3/4 @—	1 @— 139 @—

* By steam.

The movement in the market this week has been very limited, owing to the discouraging Liverpool advices and the small supply offering. Sales for the week reach only 5,750 bales, and at the close quotations are nominal—we hear of sales of low middling (Liverpool classification) at 23@24. Domestic exchange has shown but little variation. Bankers checking on New York 1/2 per cent. premium. The rate for commercial has been 1/2@5-16 premium for New York sight. Sterling exchange closed 152 1/2 @ 153 for bankers.

CHARLESTON, July 6.—The receipts for the week ending July 5 amount to 1,784 bales, against 1,145 bales last week. Shipments for this week amount to 1,579 bales, (against 3,574 bales last week), of which 185 bales were to Barcelona, 1,237 bales were to New York, 29 bales to Philadelphia, and 128 bales to Baltimore. The receipts sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since May 3, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ps.	Sales.	Ship- ments.	Stock.	Price of mid.	Freight to Liver- To New York.*	Price gold.
May 3....	1,549	1,474	3,105	7,995	25 @—	3/4 @—	135 @ 136
" 10....	2,294	2,880	1,331	9,458	24 1/2 @ 25	3/4 @—	137 @ 138
" 17....	1,589	881	4,926	6,331	26 @ 26 1/2	3/4 @—	136 @ 138
" 24....	2,535	476	3,490	5,366	25 @—	3/4 @—	136 @ 138
" 31....	1,835	496	1,567	5,611	— @—	3/4 @—	137 @ 138
June 7....	1,753	937	1,589	5,515	25 @ 26	3/4 @—	136 @ 138
" 14....	1,689	759	1,889	5,665	25 @—	3/4 @—	137 @—
" 21....	750	431	1,252	5,463	25 @—	3/4 @—	138 @—
" 28....	1,145	879	3,574	3,054	24 1/2 @ 25	3/4 @—	138 1/2 @ 139 1/4
July 5....	1,784	617	1,579	3,339	25 @ 26	3/4 @—	137 1/2 @ 138 1/4

* Steam.

The market this week has been quite steady, though the reduced stock has prevented any great activity. At the close prices for the better grades are somewhat higher, but easier for the inferior qualities, low middling being quoted at 23 cents, and middling at 25@26 cents. Exchange sight on New York is bought by banks at par, and sold at 1/2 per cent. premium. Sterling Exchange \$6 65 for 60 days' bills.

SAVANNAH, July 6.—The receipts for the week ending July 5 were 1,255 bales (of which 21 were from Florida), against 2,407 bales last week. The shipments this week were 4,238 bales, of which 3,299 bales were to Liverpool, 268 bales to Baltimore, and 671 bales were to New York. Below we give the receipts, shipments, prices, &c., for a series of weeks:

May 3....	Receipts.	Shipm'ts.	Stock.	Price Mid.
" 10....	2,394	7,071	17,787	25 @—
" 17....	3,112	3,791	17,108	23 1/2 @—
" 24....	1,872	5,046	13,934	26 @—
" 31....	3,041	1,823	15,082	24 1/2 @—
June 7....	1,654	3,399	13,337	25 @—
" 14....	3,151	5,547	10,872	24 1/2 @ 25
" 21....	2,421	3,254	10,369	25 @—
" 28....	1,833	4,083	11,294	24 1/2 @ 25
July 5....	2,407	2,674	11,027	24 @ 24 1/2
" 12....	1,255	4,238	8,838	23 @ 23 1/2

The market has not shown much animation this week, the unfavorable European advices having induced buyers to hold off waiting for lower quotations. At the close the market rules dull at 20c. for good ordinary, 21@21 1/2 for low middling, and 23@23 1/2 for middling. Freight has continued dull. We quote to Liverpool 3/4d. @ 7-16d. for square, and 3/4d. for round bales; steam to New York 1/4c.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to the state of these markets our correspondent in London writes as follows: *

LIVERPOOL, June 29.—During the earlier days of the week the cotton trade was dull at drooping prices. As the week, however, approached its termination the demand improved, nevertheless, the quotations current to-day show a decline as compared with those current last week. In American cotton there is a decline of 1/4d. to 1/2d., in Brazilian of 1/4d., in Egyptian of 1/4d. to 1/2d., and in East India of 1/4d. per lb. The total sales of the week amount to 60,820 bales, of which 3,190 bales are on speculation, 13,770 bales for export, and 43,860 bales to the trade. The prices current for American cotton at this date and at this period last year are subjoined:—

	1867.	1866.
Sea Island....	17 18 20 24 33 64 27 33 52	17 18 20 24 33 64 27 33 52
Stained....	11 12 14 16 17 18 28 30 22	11 12 14 16 17 18 28 30 22
Upland....	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16
Mobile....	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16
New Orleans....	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16
Texas....	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 11 12 13 14 15 16

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph despatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

Annexed is a statement showing the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date for a series of years:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Middling—	d. d. d. d.	d. d. d. d.	d. d. d. d.	d. d. d. d.
Sea Island....	41 34 27 13	29 1 3/4 13 1/2	29 1 3/4 13 1/2	29 1 3/4 13 1/2
Upland....	29 1/2 19 1/2 13 1/2	27 1/2 16 1/2 13 1/2	27 1/2 16 1/2 13 1/2	27 1/2 16 1/2 13 1/2
Mobile....	29 1/2 19 1/2 13 1/2	27 1/2 16 1/2 13 1/2	27 1/2 16 1/2 13 1/2	27 1/2 16 1/2 13 1/2
Orleans....	30 20 1/2 14 11 1/2	28 1/2 18 1/2 13 1/2	28 1/2 18 1/2 13 1/2	28 1/2 18 1/2 13 1/2

The stocks of cotton in Liverpool, London and Havre, including the supplies of American and Indian produce afloat to these ports, are now as under:—

	1866.	1867.
Stock at Liverpool.....	1,014,600	748,670
" London.....	81,548	68,231
" Havre.....	158,86	82,761
American cotton afloat.....	70,000	55,000
Indian.....	665,750	636,580
Afloat to Havre.....	36,943	69,600
Total.....	2,027,727	1,661,212

The exports of cotton from the United Kingdom since the commencement of the year compared with the corresponding period in 1867, have been:

To date 1867.	To date 1866.	For year 1867.	To date 1866.	To date 1867.	For year 1866.
bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
American.....	131,919	122,711	208,015	East Ind., &c.	207,942
Brazil.....	37,296	67,520	111,083	China.....	1,457
Egyptian.....	7,168	12,062	19,524	Total.....	393,095
West Ind., &c.	7,313	3,569	14,813		397,207

Of the present stock of cotton nearly 52 1/2 per cent is American.

SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

	Trade.	Port.	Specu- tion.	Total.	Same this year.	Average weekly sales.
American.....	20,670	4,440	1,770	26,880	743,930	681,490
Brazilian.....	3,350	1,350	—	4,700	164,790	205,630
Egyptian.....	1,760	140	100	2,000	107,460	112,990
West Indian.....	1,590	560	10	2,160	62,880	47,170
East Indian.....	16,470	7,280	1,310	25,060	573,670	564,040
China and Japan.....	20	—	—	20	3,320	1,920
Total.....	43,860	13,770	3,190	60,820	1,645,450	1,616,240

	To this date 1867.	To this date 1866.	Total.	This date 1866.	Same day 1866.	Dec. 31.
American.....	8,611	919,819	890,568	1,156,130	389,760	444,950
Brazilian.....	2,483	273,139	287,294	404,865	149,190	190,990
Egyptian.....	722	1,670	129,378	200,083	56,380	50,690
West Indian.....	—	60,590	57,541	90,274	26,070	26,530
East Indian.....	18,935	374,620	770,592	1,544,075	135,400	366,950
China and Japan.....	—	894	3,994	12,993	1,870	6,130
Total.....	30,751	1,765,767	2,139,217	3,409,020	748,070	1,014,600

LONDON, June 29.—A very moderate business has been transacted in cotton this week. In prices a decline of 1/4d. to 1/2d. per lb. has taken place. The annexed particulars relate to East India, China and Japan cotton:

	1865.	1866.	1867.
Imports, Jan. 1 to June 27.....	106,535	190,657	86,008
Deliveries from Jan. 1 to June 27.....	157,696	147,980	81,537
Stocks, June 27.....	57,956	81,548	68,231

HAVRE, June 27.—The demand for cotton is in a sluggish state, and prices are lower. Very ordinary New Orleans sold yesterday at 120f. to 122f. 50c. on the spot.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES JAN. 1 TO JUNE 21; STOCKS JUNE 21.

	Imports 1866.	Imports 1867.	Deliveries 1866.	Deliveries 1867.	Stocks 1866.	Stocks 1867.
American.....	184,233	120,559	31,700	117,276	112,107	47,348
Brazilian.....	39,080	26,577	25,995	24,784	115,198	13,348
Indian.....	85,687	56,507	78,459	72,517	27,923	20,010
Total incl. oth. kinds.....	321,375	215,172	196,038	225,020	158,886	82,761

PRICES OF AMERICAN COTTON, JUNE 21.

	Very low.	Low.	Ord.	Good.	Med.	Fine.	Very low.
New Orleans.....	115	120	130	145	160	175	150
Mobile.....	115	120	128	143	158	170	140
Georgia.....	115	120	127	135	145	155	140

ALEXANDRIA, June 19.—The arrivals are small. For the better qualities there is an improved demand at full prices. Inferior cotton is dull. Good middling qualities are quoted at 14d. to 14 1/2d., fair to fully fair, 15 1/2d. to 15 3/4d., and good fair 16 1/2d. to 17d. per lb. The shipments since the 1st of November have been:

	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
From 9th to 15th June, 1867.....	2,179	435	2,614
Previously from 1st November, 1866.....	150,237	30,990	181,227
Total 1st Nov., 1866, to 15th June, 1867.....	152,416	31,425	183,841
Same period last season.....	127,677	27,428	155,105
Do. 1864-65.....	208,854	40,081	248,935

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 12, 1867.

The exports from all the ports of crude tobacco this week continue large though somewhat less than last week. For each of the last three weeks the exports of hhds have amounted to over 5,000, making a total shipment of 16,498 hhds. for the three weeks. The receipts, however, continue large, so that the stocks are still on the increase. On the first of July the stocks in New York, Baltimore and New Orleans, amounted to 55,682 hhds., against 43,105, hhds. the first of June, 34,307 hhds. the first of May, and 33,305 hhds. the first of April. Of the shipments this week 1,348 hhds. were to Great

Britain, 1,972 hhds were to Bremen, 1,627 hhds to France, and the balance to other ports. The following table gives the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

The ports.	Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bals.	Tcs.	Stems—	Manuf.
New York	1,773	780	450	103	68	247,851	
Baltimore	2,667	30	33	26	41	34,444	
Boston	30	33	26	41	41		
New Orleans	575						
Total this week	5,045	813	476	103	109	282,295	
Total last week	5,603	2,907	774	288	35	125,104	
Total previous week	5,880	1,046	401	24	142	30	702 333,804

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems—	Pkgs.	Manuf.
Great Britain	7,843	2,240	157	548	790	1,144,738	
Sweden	342						
Germany	29,759	25,281	6,576	8	3,186	774	272,944
Belgium	4,596	612					39,807
Holland	12,709	119			472	4	17,276
Italy	10,160	21					46,411
France	5,663	35	99				18,215
Spain, Gibraltar, &c.	7,402	1,111			470	606,764	
Mediterranean	1,066	61			50	72,605	
Austria	14						
Africa, &c.	1,446	805	955		567	113,040	
China, India, &c.	15	443	97	15	8		
Australia	15	443		30	1,860	2,309,046	
B. N. Am. Prov.	513	791	21		4,449	172,143	
South America	179	759	1,531	24	548	455,272	
West Indies	757	956	4,797	1	359	557,536	
East Indies		372					
Mexico	2	41	92				3,678
Honolulu, &c.		136					5
All others					50	8,906	
T'l since Nov. 1	82,796	34,272	14,323	626	3,678	774 10,166	5,905,608

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems—	Bxs. &	Lbs.
New York	40,574	30,706	11,876	357	1,943	774	4,625 5,561,106
Baltimore	34,808	51		2	1,735	12	261,916
Boston	1,078	3,303	2,231	45			4,299 516
Portland	30	14					530
New Orleans	5,834	31	34				82,070
Philadelphia	21	31	47				223
San Francisco		238	45				467
Virginia	461	29		222			
Total since Nov. 1	82,776	34,272	14,323	626	3,678	774 10,166	5,905,608

The market this week has been fairly active, but a good deal unsettled. The reports that have reached us respecting the German tariff have been so conflicting that nothing positive can be made out of them. The late or present tariff is four to six dollars per hundred pounds. It has been or is proposed to be raised to ten dollars, with some excise on tobacco of home growth; but whether these changes have been actually made, and if made, when they go into effect; or whether they are only a proposition yet to be definitely determined, nobody seems to know. The presumption, however, is that they are to take effect at some future time. There has been a large movement in Bremen in anticipation of it, and in this market there has been a good deal of buying of heavy leaf suitable for that market, and they are very firm, while lighter goods have been somewhat neglected, and close a shade easier. The sales the past week amount to about 800 hhds., including light lugs to prime light leaf at 4½@14c.; heavy lugs to prime heavy leaf, 5½@18c., with choice at 20@22c. Domestic Seed Leaf has been in good demand, prices tending upward. The sales embrace the following: Connecticut 76 cases at 20@21c.; 52 do at 12c.; 100 do at 13@14½c.; 103 do and 30 do on private terms; 29 Ohio, 5c.; 81 do 8½c.; 150 do and 122 do on private terms. We hear of nothing in foreign. Manufactured is firm, with an improving but still moderate demand.

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY.

KENTUCKY LEAF (Hhds.).

Common Lugs.	Light.	Heavy.	Good Leaf	Light.	Heavy.
4 @ 4½c.	5 @ 5½c.	6 @ 6½c.	10 @ 12½c.	12 @ 15	16 @ 18
Good Lugs.	4½ @ 5½c.	5½ @ 6½c.	Fine do	13 @ 14	16 @ 18
Common Leaf.	6 @ 7	7 @ 8½c.	Selections.	15 @ 16	19 @ 20
Medium do	7½ @ 9½	9 @ 11½c.			

SEED LEAF (BOXES).

Connecticut & Massachusetts	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Fillers	7 @ 10c.	4½ @ 5½
Wrappers	25 @ 40	10 @ 18
Fine wrappers	45 @ 65	15 @ 35
New York State	2½ @ 5	4 @ 4½
Average lots	8 @ 15	7 @ 14
Pennsylvania and Ohio	15 @ 30	10 @ 20
Fillers	2 @ 3	2½ @ 3½
Average lots	4½ @ 10	7 @ 12½
Wrappers	10 @ 30	10 @ 20

MANUFACTURED.

Black work—com., tax paid.	25	@30c	Fine, tax paid,	80	@12½
good	40	@55c	Black work, medium, in bond	8	@12c
fine	60	@70c	good & fine	14	@25c
Bright work—common	35	@40c	Bright work, medium,...	15	@40c
good	45	@75c	good & fine	50	@55c

FOREIGN.					
Havana.—Fillers—Common.	60@	70	Havana.—Wrappers.....	1	20@2 00
“ Good.....	75@	85	Yara	55@	1 05
“ Fine	90@	1 05	Yara, average lots.....	60@	70

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

From	This week—	Previously—	T'l sin. Nov. 1—
Virginia	249	4,014	6,967
Baltimore	200	98	2,819
New Orleans			2,049
Ohio, &c.	4,623	738	34,578
Other			129
Total	5,072	4,850	46,542

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bals.	Tcs.	Pkgs.	Manuf.
Liverpool	569	20	78	103		
London	699	234				12,564
Glasgow	51					7,226
Hamburg		283	184			3,037
Bremen	898	14	116			
Gibraltar	22	180				11,076
Sidney						177,173
Cuba						6,618
Hayti						3,317
Other W. Indies	28	4	22			14,768
British N. A. Colonies	6					68
New Granada						9,102
Cisplatine Republic		30				2,970
Argentine Republic		15				
Total export for the week	1,773	780	450	1 3	68	247,831

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the exports for the week, from the other ports, have been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Havre, 1,627 hhds....To Bremen, 1,028 hhds....To Mayaguez, 2 hhds....To Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, 34,444 lbs. of manuf.
To Port Spain, Trinidad, 10 hhds....To Africa, 25 hhds....To St. Pierre Miquelon, 33 cases, 1 bale, and 17 boxes....To Hayti, 25 bales....To British Provinces, 5 hhds, and 4 boxes.
From New Orleans—To Liverpool, 29 hhds....To Bremen 546 hhds.

KENTUCKY.—At Louisville the market continues very active, with large receipts and full prices. The number of buyers in the market are increasing. The annual tobacco fair came off last week, with fully 600 hhds. of Kentucky leaf, all of the growth of 1866, contending for the premiums. This fair was conducted on the principle of encouraging the culture and improving the quality of the staple; and the tobacco was sold on its merits. At the premium sales on the 3d July the offerings amounted to 316 hhds, of which 299 were sold, including 1 hhd. Owen County cutting at \$80, 1 Ballard County manufacturing leaf at \$70, 2 Ma-on County cutting at \$55@40, 1 at \$36, 2 at \$35@35 25, 1 at \$34, 2 at \$33, 1 at \$33, 2 at \$31, 6 at \$30@30 75, 2 at \$29, 1 at \$28 50, 8 at \$27@27 50, 7 at \$26@26 75, 11 at \$25@25 75, 8 at \$24@24 50, 11 at \$23@23 75, 9 at \$22@22 75, 12 at \$20@20 75, 10 at \$19@19 75, 20 at \$18@18 75, 16 at \$17@17 75, 19 at \$16@16 75, 27 at \$15 25@15 75, 18 at \$14@14 75, 20 at \$13@13 75, 16 at \$12@12 75, 5 at \$11 @11 75, 9 at \$10@10 75, 1 at \$9 50, 4 at \$8@8 50, 4 at \$7@7 85, 2 at \$6 05@6 50, 4 at \$5@5 10, 5 at \$3 05@4 50. On the 5th the sales were 495 hhds.

The sales and value of tobacco at the four auction warehouses for the month of June were as follows:

Warehouses.	Quan.	Value.	Warehouses.	Quan.	Value.
Pickett.....	hhd. 2,108	\$203,752 61	Louisville.....	hhd. 1,250	\$174,256 08
Boone.....	1,738	172,218 10			
Ninth-street.....	1,416	153,847 89	Total.....	6,507	704,074 68

VIRGINIA.—The feature of the week at Richmond has been the sale of old Tobacco held for account of the French Tobacco,—324 hhds. sold on the 10th at \$6@24 per 100 lbs., averaging about \$13. There has been no change in the open market.

MARYLAND.—At Baltimore receipts of Maryland have fallen off considerably the past week, owing to the planters being engaged harvesting their wheat crop. The demand for shipment to Bremen and Holland continues very active, and is taken as fast as inspected, at prices favoring sellers. Scarcely anything offering now below sound common. No frosted. Ohio is likewise in active request for France, Duisburg, and Bremen. Sales since our last review amount to 1,410 hhds., and at full former prices. Of Kentucky, 50 hhds. new crop sold, ranging from \$7 to \$20, as to quality. Inspections this week—943 hhds. Maryland (19 re-inspected), 1,149 Ohio, and 54 Kentucky (11 re-inspected), total 2,142 hhds. Exported same period 1,627 hhds. to Havre, 1,028 do to Bremen, and 12 to West Indies. Total 2,667 hhds. We revise quotations as follows:

Per 100 lbs.	Ohio inferior to good com.	3.00 @ 6.00
Maryland sound common.	\$3 50 @ 4 00	
good	5.50 @ 6.50	
medium	7.50 @ 9.50	
good to fine b'wn	10.00 @ 15.00	
fancy	17.00 @ 25.00	
upper country	3.00 @ 30.00	
grou'd leav. new	3.00 @ 5.00	
Stock in warehouse 1st Jan.,	22,522	
1867, together with 1,350 hhds.		
on shipboard not cleared	19,505	
Inspected this week	2,142	
do previously	29,717	
Total	51,454	
Cleared for foreign ports	22,522	
Constwise & reinspected	4,497	
Stock to-day in warehouses and		
on shipboard not cleared	24,435	

MISSOURI.—At St. Louis the attendance was good, but the breaks were inferior, and the market was weak without quotable change in

price. We quote lugs 2@5c., common leaf 5@7½c., medium do. 7½@10c., factory dried leaf 7@11c., dark fillers 4½@7c., bright do. 10@18c., black wrappers 10@15c., good and fine bright leaf 20@45c., fancy do. 50@90c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS.—The market was fairly active in the fore part of the week, the heavy descriptions being most in request. The rapidly depreciating character of the stock causes factors to hold at enhanced rates, and consequently full prices have generally been realized. The business included purchases for Bremen, France and Spain, amounting in the aggregate to 660 hhds. The close, however, was rather quiet. The sales included low to good heavy heavy leaf at 6½@12½c. per lb. We quote:

	Light.	Heavy.
Interior and trashy Lugs.....	4 @ 4½c.	4½ @ 5 c
Good do.....	5 @ 5½c.	5½ @ 6 c
Interior to Common Leaf.....	6½ @ 7½c.	7 @ 8½c
Medium Leaf.....	8 @ 10½c.	9 @ 11½c
Fair do.....	11 @ 13 c.	12½ @ 13½c
Fine do.....	13½ @ 15½c.	14 @ 18 c.
Choice selections.....	16½ @ 18½c.	18½ @ 20½c.

Receipts for the week, 590 hhds. Exports for the week: To New York, 72; to Philadelphia, 23; to Bremen, 546; to Liverpool, 29; total, 670 hhds. Stock on hand and on shipboard, 4,328 hhds.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, July 12, 1867, P. M.

The market this week has been exceedingly unsettled. Flour, wheat and oats having advanced materially, while corn has declined.

Good grades of flour, suitable for bakers' and family use, have become exceedingly scarce; and, with very small receipts, and the operations of local millers, circumscribed by the scarcity of sound wheats, prices of these qualities of flour have advanced from 75 cents to \$1.50 per bbl., the better the quality the greater the advance. Lower grades of flour are more plenty, but have advanced 50@75c. per bbl. The receipts from the West are below the average of the previous few weeks, and the supply of California retarded by the operations of quarantine. Advices from the South state that the mills in that quarter are running briskly on the new wheat, but as yet very little flour comes to this market from that direction. Stocks are so low at the South that some time must elapse before her dealers are in a position to spare any considerable surplus. The market closed firm, but with a demand only moderate.

Wheat has presented similar features to the flour market. Prices have advanced from 15c. to 30c. per bushel, the finer the quality the greater the advance. White California closed at \$3.20@3.25, and No. 2 Club \$2.35@2.40. The small supplies received from the South have been sold at \$2.50@3.50, mostly \$3 for prime new red Georgia, at which much more liberal receipts could be disposed of. The market closed quiet.

Corn has been in better supply, but there has also been a good demand from the export and home trade, and at a slight decline the receipts have been promptly cleared off the market and the close was quite steady. The quality of the receipts has somewhat improved, and the range of prices is less extended than it has been for some weeks. The export business has been favored by a good supply of room on the berth and a slight decline in freights—and about two hundred and fifty thousand bushels have been taken during the week for Great Britain.

Oats have advanced and closed steady on a deficient supply. Rye has advanced 15c. per bushel with a good demand. Barley and Peas are nearly nominal.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine, 8 bbl. \$7 10@8 50	Wheat, Chicago Spring
Extra State..... 8 75@11 10	per bushel..... \$1 75@2 45
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 10 40@11 35	Milwaukee Club..... 1 50@2 60
Extra Western, com-	Red Winter..... 2 35@2 75
mon to good..... 8 75@12 75	Amber do..... 3 00@3 15
Double Extra Western	White..... 3 00@3 50
and St. Louis..... 13 00@17 50	Corn, Western Mixed..... 95@1 08
Southern supers..... 9 75@11 75	Western Yellow..... 1 10@1 12
Southern, fancy and ex. 13 00@16 00	Southern White..... 1 05@1 10
California..... 12 50@15 25	Rye..... 1 40@1 60
Rye Flour, fine and super-	Oats, Western cargoes..... 82@85
fine..... 6 75@9 00	Jersey and State..... 90@92
Corn meal, Jersey and	Barley..... 1 04@1 25
Brandywine..... 5 50@6 00	Malt..... 1 50@1 65
	Peas, Canada..... 1 15@1 30

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.			
	1867.		1866.
Flour, bbls.....	For week. S'e Jan. 1.	For week. S'e Jan. 1.	For week. S'e Jan. 1.
	29,145	783,955	55,365
Corn meal, bbls.....	147,310	4,545	1,088,390
Wheat, bush.....	90,225	779,575	366,805
Corn, bush.....	1,588,385	3,869,815	2,378,345
Rye, bush.....	2,180	70,115	135,500
Barley, &c., bush.....	16,070	295,520	625
Oats, bush.....	235,115	1,224,725	443,385
			2,330,670

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	7,400	22,805	61,941	6,515	835,538	116,406
since Jan. 1.....	13,477	25	61,941	6,515	835,538	116,406
N. A. Col. week.....	2,230	293	.....	.....	.....	2,000
since Jan. 1.....	50,824	19,281	.....	.....	1,750	39,814
West Ind. week.....	4,062	2,282	.....	.....	376	3,458
since Jan. 1.....	123,994	64,184	1,305	63	5,983	70,131
Total expt. week.....	15,456	2,798	24,257	.....	376	173,617
since Jan. 1, 1867.....	229,496	88,759	86,856	136,887	860,217	126,114
same time, 1866.....	507,455	71,697	134,493	199,200	760,374	743,012
Since Jan. 1, from						
Boston.....	84,020	11,495	500	.....	2,758	237,925
New Orleans.....	17,587	16,054	8,302	.....	4,763	673,844
Philadelphia.....	55,346	30,513	.....	.....	1,911	676,241

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT. 1, 1866.

From	Date.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York.....	July 5, 1867.	53,037	364,718	7,344,416
New Orleans.....	June 28, 1867.	291	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	" 28, 1867.	.....	3,345	602,051
Baltimore.....	" 28, 1867.	.....	.....	687,899
Boston.....	" 28, 1867.	3,819	.....	300
San Francisco.....	May 28, 1867.	51,273	4,685,942	.....
Other ports.....	June 28, 1867.	19,608	16,332	38,640
Total.....		128,028	5,070,337	8,580,306
To about same period, 1866.....		127,369	1,198,969	9,812,169
do do 1865.....		127,922	2,167,358	344,288
do do 1864.....		987,835	13,411,888	240,220

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Date.	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York, to July 5, 1867.....		2,164	151,882	11,786	10,390
Other ports, to latest dates.....		19	.....	62,621	.....
Total.....		2,183	151,882	74,407	10,390
To about same period, 1866.....		4,285	245,661	68,111	41,803
do do 1865.....		21,426	.....	97,430	11,458
do do 1864.....		69,037	13,965	256,319	12,535

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN BY CANAL.—The following statement will show about the amount of grain and flour on canals destined for tide water:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Buffalo, 14 days.....	49,820	1,223,700	249,157	.....	.....	.....
Oswego, 9 days.....	1,823	21,120	144,962	13,759	.....	13,511
Total.....	1,823	70,940	1,368,662	262,916	.....	13,511
Previous week.....	1,30	27,730	909,199	246,159	23,600	2,960
Corresp'd'g week '66.....	1,360	289,012	2,355,062	562,058	.....	103,598

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending July 6:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.....	11,788	31,400	955,703	102,626	750	7,069
Milwaukee.....	3,082	91,385	15,193	15,774	146	2,241
Toledo.....	1,965	2,350	177,134	5,341	.....	.....
Detroit.....	3,120	702	3,837	2,790	700	.....
Cleveland.....	850	1,500	15,000	15,200	.....	350
Totals.....	20,805	127,337	1,166,867	141,704	1,596	9,660
Previous week.....	27,514	100,673	1,170,545	182,605	2,020	8,810
Corresponding week '66.....	56,697	540,054	1,506,612	546,503	6,673	62,339
Since Jan. 1, 1867.....	1,305,979	4,479,626	14,326,375	3,254,366	529,827	489,127
Same time, 1866.....	1,633,449	9,684,773	18,225,645	6,511,851	370,705	956,766

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY NIGHT, July 13.

The Grocery trade has been very quiet this week in all departments, with the exception of sugar. This is part from the general consent to neglect business during the hot weather when the people in the country are actively engaged in agricultural pursuits, and but little demand prevails, and part from the light stocks of goods in market and very firm rates at which they are held. Money is easy, and were there larger stocks some speculative business would naturally occur.

TEA.

TEA has been very quiet during the week with, however, no important feature of change to report. Sales have been confined to 3,700 half chests Greens and 1,200 do Japans. We revise our quotations slightly.

There have been no imports of tea during the week.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1866, to May 13, 1867, and importations at New York and Boston since Jan. 1.

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.		IMP'TS AT N. Y. & BOSTON.	
To Atlantic ports.		To San Francisco.	
May 15 to Jun. 1, '66.	Same time, '67.	Direct Indirect At New York.	At N. Bos.
May 13.	May 1, '67.	May 13.	May 1, '67.
lbs.	lbs.	pkgs.	pkgs.
Gongou & Son.....	1,869,236	1,137,338	1,448,639
Pouchong.....	468,163	472,033	267,493
Oolong & Ning.....	10,657,437	9,950,773	10,571,209
Fekoe.....	12,078	35,944	12,078
Twankay.....	797,849	851,543	573,571
Hyson skin.....	66,465	146,585	59,402
Hyson.....	33,885	2,065,151	1,390,154
Young Hyson.....	169,347	8,251,267	7,402,576
Imperial.....	45,459	1,825,984	1,313,955
Gunpowder.....	33,553	1,934,427	1,631,905
Japans.....	95,120	5,492,019	6,576,959
Total.....	388,568	33,463,166	30,972,426
		51,832	29,946,633
		16,244	18,065

Dates from Hong Kong are to the 13th of May, the *Overland Trade Report* says of tea: "Although the new season has not yet opened there are musters of the new crop at some of the ports, and conflicting

accounts concerning their quality. It is clear, however, that a more healthy tone will pervade the market when it opens than last year. Up to the present time it is understood that there is no tonnage engaged in advance for Foochow, and letters from the interior are said to report settlements with the native growers which will enable exporters to lay down their teas at Foochow 8 to 10 teals lower than last year."

COFFEE.

COFFEE has also been extremely quiet, with only a small sale of 500 bags Java to report. Stocks are scarce in first hands, and without receipts for the past ten days there is nothing to give activity to trade in first hands. Prices are unchanged.

The imports of the week include only 409 bags of sundries.

The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands July 9, are as follows:

OF RIO COFFEE.		OTHER SORTS.	
Import.	Stock.	At New York.	At Bost.
New York, bags.....333,782	48,948	Java, bags 45,492	8,006
Philadelphia ".....10,730	5,300	Ceylon ".....5,000	19,454
Baltimore ".....121,897	28,000	Singapore, ".....20,962	3,974
New Orleans ".....35,832		Maracaibo, ".....21,196	875
Galveston ".....3,300		Laguayra, ".....23,660	7,648
Mobile ".....5,000		St. Domingo, ".....20,220	8,720
Savannah ".....2,500		Other, ".....15,771	5,788
Total.....535,991	82,148	Total.....152,301	26,291

SUGAR.

SUGAR has continued active for raw during the week, and has been the only redeeming feature of the grocery trade. But with high and firm prices in Havana there has been but small exports from that point and the trade is to-day rather quiet, in part from light stocks, and part from anticipation of an easier market. The sales for the week are 10,500 hhd. Cuba and Porto Rico, principally at rather firmer rates, 1,750 boxes Havana, and 3,118 bags Java. Refined sugar is firm and fairly active at an advance of $\frac{1}{2}$ cent.

Imports have been large at New York of Cuba boxes and hogsheds but generally less than an average at the other ports. The details are as follows:

At—	Cuba—	Other	At—	Cuba—	Other
boxes.	hhd.	Manila	boxes.	hhd.	hhd.
N. York 7,047	10,133	1,459	Philad'l.	2,083	2,667
Portland 476	725		Baltimore	449	580
Boston 372	159		New Orleans	97	466

Stocks July 9, and imports since January 1, are as follows:

At—	Cuba—	Other	Brazil, Manila,
N. York stock.	boxes.	hhd.	bags, bags, &c
Same date 1866.....88,404			74,871
Imports since Jan. 1.....99,577	168,754	29,816	198,570
Portland do.....1,684	3,785	1,294	5,082
Boston do.....32,012	25,671	5,577	31,248
Philadelphia do.....14,734	49,351	7,096	56,447
Baltimore do.....10,624	13,592	19,132	32,714
New Orleans do.....16,857	9,432	1,118	10,540
Total import.....176,548	270,578	64,023	331,601

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheds.

HAVANA, July 5.—The *Weekly Report* gives the following, concerning the sugar market: "Owing to the successive favorable accounts from abroad, and the comparatively small stock of low and middling qualities, holders have continued to exhibit much firmness at the late advance, which has placed prices at a range almost beyond the views of shippers. Consequently there has been less activity since our last issue, though prices from actual sales are fully maintained on the basis of 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{3}{4}$ rs. per arroba for D. S. No. 12. High grades continue to sell at cheaper prices comparatively.

The market closes firm, with a moderate business doing. Last year at this time No. 12 was quoted at 7 rs.

The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Exports to U. S.	Total export.	Stocks
1867.....	16,374	11,150	184,798	31,009
1866.....	32,335	284,692	56,960	861,661
1865.....	38,141	224,278	39,565	1,009,264

MOLASSES.

MOLASSES has been very quiet during the week, and nominally lower figures are excepted. We make no decided change in prices however. The sales are only 900 hhd.

Imports are falling off, and are of comparatively small amounts for the past week. Details are as follows:

At—	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Other.	At—	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Other.
New York.....	hhd.	2,269	304	Philad'l.....	hhd.	39	20
Portland.....	723			Baltimore.....	456	60	62
Boston.....	211			New Orleans.....			

Stocks, July 2, and imports since January 1 are as follows:

	Cuba.	P. Rico.	Other.	Total.	N. O.
At	*hhd.	*hhd.	*hhd.	hhd.	hhd.
New York, stock.....	14,150	4,481	565		
N. Y. imp'ts since Jan. 1.....	1,65,700	15,724	20,706	102,130	7,049
Portland ".....	33,864	99	479	34,442	
Boston, ".....	48,512	2,905	4,211	55,628	1,129
Philadelphia ".....	42,015	1,184	1,300	44,499	
Baltimore ".....	10,337	429	1,304	12,070	984
New Orleans ".....	30,203	175		30,378	
Total.....	230,631	20,516	28,000	279,147	9,155

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheds.

SPICES.

SPICES continue quiet, with only a light jobbing demand, but prices are maintained.

FRUITS.

FRUITS are dull and neglected for the moment, but nominally without change in prices for foreign dried. Domestic fruits show a better business at easier prices.

Tea.					
		Duty paid.		Duty paid.	
Hyson, Common to fair...	90	@	1 05	do do Ex f. to finest	85 @ 90
do Superior to fine.....	1 10	@	1 30	do Unool. Japan, Com. to fair.	80 @ 90
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 35	@	1 50	do do Sup'r to fine.	90 @ 1 05
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair....	7	@	1 05	do do Ex f. to finest	10 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine.....	1 15	@	1 35	do Oolong, Common to fair....	70 @ 80
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 40	@	1 70	do do Superior to fine.....	85 @ 1 05
unp. & Imp. Com. to fair	00	@	21 15	do do Ex fine to finest.....	25 @ 35
do Sup. to fine.....	1 25	@	1 45	do Souc & Cong. Com. to fair	65 @ 80
do do Ex. f. to finest.....	1 55	@	1 85	do do Sup'r to fine.	91 @ 1 05
H. Sk. & Tw'ky, C. to fair.	65	@	70	do do Ex f. to finest	25 @ 1 55
do do Sup. to fine	75	@	80		

Coffee.					
Rio, prime, duty paid	gold	19	@	194	
do good	gold	17	@	18	
do fair	gold	16	@	17½	
do ordinary	gold	14	@	15½	
do fair to g. corgoes	gold	15	@	17½	

Sugar.			
Porto Rico	11 @ 12	do do	do 18 to 15 12 @ 13
Cuba, inf. to com. refining	10 @ 11	do do	do 16 to 13 14 @ 15
do fair to good	11 @ 12	do do	do 19 to 20 15 @ 16
do fair to good grocery....	12 @ 13	do do	do white..... 14 @ 15
do pr. to choice do.....	12 @ 13	Leaf.....	18 @ 19
do centrifugal.....	10 @ 11	Granulated.....	17 @ 18
do Melado.....	7 @ 8	Crushed and powdered....	17 @ 18
Hava, Box, D. S. Nos. 7 to 9	11 @ 12	White coffee, A.....	15 @ 16
do do do 10 to 12 11 @ 12		Yellow coffee.....	15 @ 16

Molasses.			
New Orleans.....	50 @ 55	do Clayed.....	45 @ 47
Porto Rico.....	50 @ 55	Barbadoes.....	45 @ 58
Cuba Muscovado.....	48 @ 53		

Spices.			
Cassia, in mats...gold	40 @	Pepper.....(gold)	21 @
Ginger, race and Aff(gold)	11 @	Pimento, Jamaica.....(gold)	19 @
Mace.....(gold)	87 1/2 @	Cloves.....(gold)	27 @
Nutmegs, No.1.....(gold)	84 @		

Fruit.			
Raisins, Seedless.....	8 50	Sardines.....	qr. box 17 @ 18
do Layer.....	3 70	Figs, Smyrna.....	gd d 21 @ 22
do Bunch.....	3 60	Brazil Nuts.....	8 @ 9
Currents.....	11 1/2	Filberts, Sicily.....	10 @ 10 1/2
Citron.....	27 @ 29	Walnuts.....	8 @ 11
Prunes, Turkish.....	21 1/2 @ 1 1/2	Dried Fruit.....	
Dates.....	11 1/2 @ 12	Apples.....	qr. box 3 @ 4
Almonds, Languedoc.....	4 @ 4 1/2	Blackberries.....	16 @ 18
do Provence.....	21 @ 23	Raspberries.....	50 @ 52
do Sicily, Soft Shell.....	21 @ 21 1/2	Pared Peaches.....	40 @ 44
do Shelled.....	35 @ 36	Unpeeled do.....	9 @ 10
Sardines.....	qr. box 27 1/2 @ 28 1/2	Cherries, pitted, new.....	46 @ 48

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 12, 1867.

The Dry Goods trade has been irregular and unsettled during the week under review. The occurrence of the National Holiday was hardly over when the more encouraging prospects held out for an early opening of Fall trade were interrupted by the failure of several prominent houses engaged in different departments of the trade. This unsettled confidence among all parties, jobbers holding out of market to see where the matter was to end, and buyers seizing the opportunity to demand and profess to expect lower prices. So that trade has been at an entire stand still in all departments, nor does the close of the week show any signs of immediate recovery, although no panic is anticipated. The heavy decline in prices, and the unusually light trade for the past year, is the reason given for the present inability of these houses to meet their obligations. Added to this the country has been less able to promptly meet their indebtedness than it is expected to be so soon as the coming crops are marketed. The only business is in small orders from the country, and from home buyers to keep up assortments, with a fair export demand. The following are the details for export for the week ending July 9th:

FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
Exports to	Domestic, D. Goods. Val.	Domestic, Dry Goods	Domestic, Dry Goods
British W. Indies.	pkgs. Val.	pkgs. Val.	pkgs. Val.
Porto Rico.....	3 @ 443		
Constantinople.....	20 @ 200		
Brazil.....	8 @ 1,174		
Cisplaine Repub.....	11 @ 1,144		
Central America.....	109 @ 10,650		
New Grenada.....	12 @ 4,800		
Argentine Republic.....	2 @ 1,000		
Br. Provinces.....		5 @ 5	
Total this week.....	55 @ \$4,894	123 @ \$16,450	5 @ 5
Since Jan. 1.....	5,369 @ 746,580	3,510 @ 751,279	4,103 @ 4,103
Same time 1866.....	2,222 @ 352,503	2,198 @ 678,797	1,709 @ 1,709
" 1860.....	60,698 @ 60,698		24,587 @ 24,587

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture:

BROWN SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS are without important feature of change or interest. Standard makes are held at 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 18 cents. The following are jobbers prices: Atlantic N 3-4 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence H do 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard L do 12, Union do 10, Boot H do 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell N do 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Head do 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Atlantic V 7-8 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Atlantic E do 15, Pacific E do 15, Tremont E do 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bedford R do 11, Boot O do 14, Indian Orchard W do 13, Massachusetts E do 14, Lawrence G do 13, Pepperell O do 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Head 4-4 18, Princeton A do 17, Pacific extra do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do H do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do L do 16, Atlantic H do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do A do 18, do L do 16, Lawrence E do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do C do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do F do 15, Stark A do 17, Amoskeag A do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do B do 17, Medford do 16, Pittsfield A do 13, Kenebeck do 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Roxbury do 16, Indian Orchard B B 14, Broadway best do 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Nashua D do 14, Pepperell E do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Great Falls M do 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, do S do 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Sagamore do 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Albion do 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Dwight W do 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Standard do 14, Pepperell R do 16, Laconia E do 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Macon do 17, Laconia B do 16, Laconia O 9-8 17, Pequot do 22, Sumac

E do 20½, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 17, do C do 15, Utica 5-4 37½, Utica 7-4 42½, Pepperell 9-4 35, Pepperell 10-4 45, Utica do 70, Utica 11-4 75.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are steady but inactive. Kingston 3-4 94, Boott R do 11, do H do 12, Lawrence B do 16½, Globe A do 10, Stratford B do 13, Waltham X do 15, Putnam B do 11½, Amoskeag Z do 12½, Great Falls M do 14½, do S do 18½, do A do 15½, do J do 13½, Lyman Cambric do 16½, Stratford M do 14, Lawrence A do 13½, Hill's Semp. Idem. do 19, Boot C do 15, James 33 inch 15, Bartlett 31 inch 15½, Greene G 4-4 12½, Lewiston G do 18½, Pocumtuck do 12½, Putnam A do 13, Newmarket A do 15, do C do 16½, Great Falls K do 16, Bartlett do 19, Constitutional do 12½, James Steam do 18½, Indian River XX do 18½, Attawangan XX do 16, Lawrence B do 16½, Hope do 17½, Tip Top do 19, Blackstone A do 15, Franklin do 18½, Amoskeag A do 20, Boot B do 18½, Forestdale do 20, Masonville do 22½, do XX do 24, Androscoggin L do 21½, Lonsdale do 22½, Wauregan do 22½, Bates XX do 25, Arkwright do 23½, Lyman J do 20, Wamsutta H do 30, do O do 30, Atlantic Cambric do 29, Lonsdale Cambric do 31½, New York Mills do 40, Hill do 21½, Amoskeag 42 inch 22½, Waltham do 20, Dwight 9-8 27½, Wamsutta do 37½, Naumkeag W 5-4 20, Boot W do 20, Nashua do 26, Bates do 25, Wamsutta do 42½, Amoskeag 46 inch 24, Waltham 6-4 27½, Mattawamkeag do 27½, Pepperell do 27½, Allendale do 27½, Utica do 42½, Waltham 8-4 37½, Pepperell do 32½, Allendale do 32½, Mattawamkeag 9-4 40, Pepperell do 41½, Utica do 65, Allendale do 40, Monadnock 10-4 45, Waltham do 52½, Allendale do 50, Pepperell do 50, Utica do 70, Pepperell 11-4 65.

TICKS are also quiet but held at steady prices. Conestoga extra 42½, Conestoga C M 37½, Amoskeag A C A 32 inch 46, do A 32 inch 36, do B 32 inch 31, do D 30 inch 21, do C 30 inch 26, Pemberton E 18, Brunswick 16, Blackstone River 17, Hamilton 30, Somerset 11½, Thordike 18, Pearl River 42½, Pittsfield 9½, York 32 inch 40, do 30 inch 30, Cordis A A 32 inch 32½, do 4-4 32½, Duck A A 30 inch 27½, Everett 21, Boston A A 27½, Swift River 17½, Eagle 4-4 22½, Albany 10.

STRIPES are also inactive but without change in prices. Amoskeag 25½ and 26½, Uncasville 16½-17½, Whittenton A A 25, do A 3-3 22½, do B B 18, do C 16, Pittsfield 3-3 10, Pemberton Awn 37½, Haymaker 16 and 17, Everett 27 inch 16 and 17, Massachusetts 6-3 25½, Boston 14½ and 15½, Blackstone 3-3 15, American 14½ and 15, Eagle 12½ and 13½, Hamilton 25, Jewett City 13½ and 14½, Sheridan G 14.

CHECKS show little or no change from last week. [There is a light home trade. Park Mills Red 20, Lanark Fur 13½, Union 50 4x2 30, do 50 2x2 30, do 20 4-2 27½, do 20 2-2 27½, Caledonia 15 inch 28, do 11 inch 22, Kennebeck 26½, Wamsutta 24, Star No. 600 16½, do No. 800 2x2 20½, do No 900 4-2 24.

DENIMS are in small movement and with considerable stocks, prices are without improvement. Amoskeag 35, Haymaker 28 inch 16, do brown 15, York 28 inch 30, Warren brown 27 inch 15, Boston Mfg. Co. 29 inch 13½, Pearl River 30, Union 16, Monitor 15, Manchester Co. 20, Columbia XXX 33, Arlington 18, Blue Hill 12½, Otis AXA 27½, do BB 25, Mount Vernon 26½, Pawnee 11½.

BROWN DRILLS are in fair demand for export for heavy makes, and at steady prices. Winthrop 14½, Laconia 19, Pepperell 19, do fine jean 19, Stark A 18, Massachusetts 16, Woodward duck bag 26½, National bags 31, Stark A 18, Liberty do 31.

PRINT CLOTHS are in only very small demand in this market. The last sales reported were at 9 cents for 64x64 square cloth.

PRINTS are in light request for special styles, but the anticipated increase of business at this time is interrupted by the general want of confidence. The new styles offered meet but with little demand. Prices are steady. American 15, Amoskeag dark 14, do purple 15, do shirting 14-14½, do palm leaf 15, Merrimac D 15-15½, do purple 16½, do W dark 18-19, do purple 19, do pink 19, Sprague's 15½ do purple 16, do shirting 16½-17½, do pink 16, do turkey red 15, do blue check 16, do solid 14½, do indigo blue 15½, London Mourning 14½, Simpson Mourning 14½, Amoskeag Mourning 13½, Dunnell's 15, Allen pink 16, Gloucester 15, Wamsutta 11½, Pacific 15½, Cochecho 16, Lowell 12½, Naumkeag 12, Hamilton 15-15½, Victory 12½, Home 10½, Empire State 9, Wauregan light 14, Hovey 8½, Troy 8½.

LAWNS and GINGHAMS are dull and rather nominal. Pacific lawns No. 1,400 sell at 20, do do No. 20, plain black and colors 18 to 25, and Manchester Chambrays at 24 for B, 26½ for C, 31 for D, 33½ for E, and F 38. Lancaster Gingham 23, Hartford 15, Hampden 19, Glasgow 20, Clyde 12½, Berkshire 18, Roanoke 12, Bates 20, Manchester 15.

CANTON FLANNELS are in improved request as the season advances. Ellerton N brown 31, do O do 29, do P do 25, do S do 21½, do T do 25, Laconia Brown 26, Slaterville do 21, Hamilton do 25, Rockland do 12½, Naumkeag do 22½, Nashua A 20, Extra Plush 22½, Arlington 17½.

CORSET JEANS are in fair demand and prices are steady. Androscoggin 12½, Bates colored 12½, do bleached 12½, Naumkeag 17, Pepperell 19, Naumkeag satteen 21, Laconia 17½, Indian Orchard 15½, Rockport 18, Ward 17.

CAMBRICS and SILESIA are in some demand. Washington cambrics sell at 11½ cents, Victory H 10, Superior 8½, Pequot 11½, Waverly 11½, S. S. & Sons paper cambrics at 15½, do high colors 17½, White Rock 15, Masonville 15½, and Indian Orchard Silesias 18, Ward do at 18.

MUSLIN DELAINES are quiet, but prices are unchanged. Lowell 20, Hamilton Co. 23, Manchester dark 20, Pacific dark 20, Armures dark 23, High colors 28, Pacific Merinos 40, Mourning 23, Shepherd checks 20, Spragues 19, Skirtings 30.

LINSEYS are in rather improved request. Westerly, 29, Park 35 inch 22½, do 60 do 37½, do 65 do 42½, do 75 52½, Miners' Flannel 35 and 40, Rob Roy 24, White Rock 31½, Black Rock 32½.

COTTONADES are in only light demand. New York Mills d & t 55, Farmer's and Mechanics' Cassimeres 45, Pemberton d&t 42½, Great Western 87½, York 22½ to 37½, Whittenden d&t 47½, Everett 25 to 37½, Andover 22½.

FLANNELS are in better supply, looking to more business; prices are steady. Belknap shirting 50, Washington do 50, Rob Roy, rolled 6-4

92½ to 95, Rob Roy 3-4 45 to 47½, Cochecho black and white check 45, Franklin shirting 45, Caledonia miners 35, Pegua, double fold 47½, Bay State, Opera 55, Gilbert's do 62, Franklin do 57, Middlesex do 60.

WOOLEN GOODS are generally improving, but the interruptions of trade at this time leave business generally unimportant.

CARPETS are in steady request at unchanged rates. Velvets, J. Crossley's best \$3 60, do A1 qual. 3 35, do patent 2 85; body Brussels, Roxbury 2 75, do Bigelow 2 60; Tapestry, Brussels, J. Crossley 1 80, Lowell, ex. 3 p 2 00, do super 1 55, do med sup 1 40, Hartford Carp. Co, ex. 3-ply 2 05, do Imp. 3-ply 1 95, do superfine 1 55, Med. and low pricing 1@1 30.

AMERICAN LINEN is in fair demand at steady rates.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending July 12, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 2, 1867.						
	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool....	632	\$276,747	2,222	\$392,735	661	\$306,008
do cotton.....	498	121,881	1,253	396,337	462	142,781
do silk.....	275	269,591	273	246,902	175	206,298
do flax.....	892	113,597	1,673	423,654	469	90,633
Miscellaneous dry goods..	1,814	44,180	656	163,952	195	108,802
Total.....	3,614	\$383,296	6,077	\$2,133,280	1,953	\$854,542

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	442	\$180,734	1,027	\$428,358	189	\$86,805
do cotton...	130	32,351	330	127,269	140	45,139
do silk...	57	69,043	140	129,066	21	24,070
do flax...	196	41,034	430	127,604	287	50,718
Miscellaneous dry goods...	36	7,095	123	13,771	384	14,736
Total.....	841	\$371,147	2,050	\$825,968	908	\$222,513
Add en'd for consumption	3,614	\$383,296	6,077	\$2,133,280	1,953	\$854,542
Total thrown upon market	4,455	\$1,194,443	8,127	\$2,959,348	2,861	\$1,077,055

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool.....	539	\$291,593	735	\$353,956	1,231	\$583,309
do do cotton.....	54	15,673	250	76,491	164	37,392
do do silk.....	134	143,229	161	139,891	135	124,605
do do flax.....	64	13,459	69	19,433	338	85,666
Miscellaneous dry goods.....	71	8,549	31	12,557	50	13,752
Total.....	862	\$417,533	1,246	\$607,328	1,918	\$844,514
Add en'd for consumption.....	3,614	\$383,296	6,077	\$2,133,280	1,953	\$854,542
Total entered at the port.....	4,476	\$1,245,829	7,323	\$2,740,607	3,871	\$1,699,056

IMPORTS

(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIES) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 5, 1867.

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

Pkgs. Value.		Pkgs. Value.		Pkgs. Value.		
China, Glass & E. ware—		Pineapples.....	2,959	Paper.....	357	14,571
Bottles.....	1,216	Raisins.....	8,300	Other.....	127	7,650
China.....	12	Sauces and pres.	6,849	Woods.....		
Earth'n'w'e.....	774	Jewelry &c.....		Brazil.....		756
Glass.....	24,119	Jewelry.....	12	Fustic.....		136
Glassware.....	172	Watches.....	10	Logwood.....		106
Glass plate.....	112	Leather, Hides, &c.....	17,126	Sapan.....		676
Drugs, &c.....		Bristles.....	65	Willow.....		366
Alkali.....	117	Hides, dress.....		Other.....		3,325
Acids.....	20	ed.....	143	Miscellaneous—		
Ammonia.....	8	Hides, undress.....		Alabaster Orna-		298
Arrow root.....	9	ed.....	165,306	ments.....		22
Argols.....	40	Horns.....	684	Baskets.....		1,680
Aloes.....	639	Leather.....	5	Bags.....		3,405
Anoline.....	604	do patent.....	749	Bricks.....		206
Asphaltum.....	930	Liquors, Wines, &c.....		Boxes.....		578
Bark Peru.....	31	Ale.....	107	Buttons.....		75
Blea powd.....	20	Brandy.....	201	Build. stones.....		1,233
Brimstone.....	118	Beer.....	25	Clay.....		621
Cream tartar.....	62	Porter.....	300	Cheese.....		9,632
Chickory.....	143	Rum.....	32	Coal, tons 11,244		35,213
Cochineal.....	13	Wines.....	3193	Corks.....		6,060
Cudbear.....	11	Champagne.....	1035	Clocks.....		5
Gums, crude.....	138	baskets.....	10,772	Cocoa, bags 357		16,323
do Arabic.....	54	Metals, &c.....		Coffee, bgs 13,750		227,412
Gamboge.....	610	Brass Goods.....	2	Emery.....		250
Glue.....	25	Chains and an-		Fancy goods.....		65,572
Lie Root.....	2,579	chors.....	44	Feathers.....		724
Madder.....	202	Cutlery.....	48	Fish.....		25,512
Magnesia.....	8	Guns.....	23	Hair.....		185
Oil, linseed.....	193	Hardware.....	111	Haircloth.....		3
do olive.....	2,149	Iron hoop.....	100	India rubber.....		1069
Opium.....	1	Iron, Pig.....	100	Ivory.....		605
Paints.....	26,571	tons.....	800	Machinery.....		136
Potash, bych.....	35	Iron, RR.....		M-rble & mant.		5,135
do Prussic.....	6,186	bars.....	11,861	do.....		5,135
Phosphorus.....	10	Iron, sheet.....		Molasses.....		2694
Quicksilver.....	3,704	tons.....	549	Oil paintings.....		13
Reg antimony.....	25	Iron, tubs.....	206	Plaster.....		195
Rhubarb.....	42	Iron, other.....		Perfumery.....		24
Senna.....	769	tons.....	697	Pipes.....		5,827
Safflower.....	953	Lead, pigs.....	8,716	Potatoes.....		406
Soda, bi carb.....	1000	Metal goods.....	26	Provisions.....		471
do sal.....	1546	Nails.....	3	Rags.....		77
do ash.....	343	Needles.....	4	Rice.....		14,109
do caustic.....	453	Nickel.....	6	Rope.....		580
Verdigris.....	7	Old metal.....		Salt.....		5,888
Vermillion.....	4	Platina.....	1	Statuary.....		209
Yellow Ochre.....	28	Plated ware.....	1	Seeds.....		801
Other.....	4,663	Per. caps.....	14	Soap.....		1855
Furs, &c.....		Saddlery.....	12	Sugar, hds, bb s		
Furs.....	70	Steel.....	3755	& tcs.....		8,009
Hats goods.....	33	Tin, bxs.....	14,714	Sugar, bxs, &c		
Fruits, &c.....		do slabs.....	876	bgs.....		3040
Bananas.....	3,538	Spices, &c.....		Tea.....		13,368
Citron.....	1,350	Ginger.....		Toys.....		30
Figs.....	3,964	Pimento.....		Tobacco.....		110
Lemons.....	21,768	Stationery, &c.....		Waste.....		3
Nuts.....	13,778	Books.....	59	Wool, bales.....		782
Oranges.....	10,273	Engravings.....	9	Other.....		1,432
Total.....						\$2,825,329

Our General Prices Current will be found on pages 61 and 62.

The Railway Monitor.

NEW YORK AND NEW HAVEN RAILROAD.—The earnings and expenses of this company from operations for the five last fiscal years ending March 31, were as follows :

	1862-3.	1863-4.	1864-5.	1865-6.	1866-7.
Passengers.	\$801,754 18	\$1,134,899 23	\$1,500,333 74	\$1,548,580 18	\$1,612,638 25
Freight....	166,614 78	214,354 02	263,904 30	340,077 79	323,381 99
Mails, &c...	68,068 81	75,519 06	83,063 77	93,614 75	122,230 81

From which were paid on account of operating

Transport'n.	\$222,302 91	\$318,614 33	\$485,452 68	\$469,689 31	\$548,817 60
Repairs of road, &c.	109,535 84	54,417 59	220,915 10	385,485 84	394,798 60
Repairs of equip'm't	137,069 61	151,690 46	236,236 16	231,712 39	247,339 54
Fuel, oil, & waxes	88,880 62	136,188 20	214,902 27	194,143 39	173,497 09
Haulage by horse-pow.	29,552 60	43,399 50	77,128 75	78,682 30	69,790 75
T'l expenses	\$582,341 58	\$704,309 98	\$1221,694 96	\$1,349,733 49	\$1,364,243 58

Earn'gs less expenses..	\$454,096 19	\$730,462 33	\$622,596 85	\$632,489 25	\$704,016 47
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This road (including 15 miles of the Harlem Railroad) extends from New York to New Haven, a distance of 76 miles. It is a double track throughout.

The following shows the mileage of trains, the number and mileage of passengers, and the tons and mileage of freight in each year :

	1862-3.	1863-4.	1864-5.	1865-6.	1866-7.
Trains (passenger), mileage	1862-3.	1863-4.	1864-5.	1865-6.	1866-7.
(Passenger),	97,024	405,617	539,138	535,176	551,604
" (Freight),	918,418	1,044,308	1,044,308	1,044,308	1,044,308
" (Service),	3,043	3,043	3,043	3,043	3,043
Total trains,	515,810	570,410	652,755	672,578	678,943
Passengers carried.....	1,174,171	1,455,185	1,833,575	1,848,915	1,885,898
" one mile	4,348,675	53,620,428	68,736,307	66,769,592	65,211,107
Tons of freight carried.....	74,707	94,726	168,360	119,743	127,765
" one mile	4,329,814	5,539,174	6,048,638	6,738,474	7,359,912

The "general account" showing the total financial transactions of the company for each year, is given in the following statement :

	1968-9	1969-4	1964-5	1965-6	1966-7
Cash on hand April 1	\$118,643.38	\$348,015.94	\$390,410.10	\$166,443.42	\$407,081.89
Mortgage b'ds sold.	1,000.00				
Materials on hand.	88,268.03	90,515.17	222,347.23	362,321.98	338,998.41
Warranties				1,001,025.00	996,000.00
Inc. of acct's pay'le	73,276.45	80,390.55	129.00		117,360.60
Land sold	454,096.19		150.15		
Earnings less exp.	884,976.91	730,462.33	622,596.88	632,489.25	704,016.47
Total.	454,096.19	1,138,393.89	1,187,033.29	2,103,281.65	2,569,337.97

Per contra, as follows, viz. :

Coupons.....	\$129,130 00	\$129,130 00	\$129,130 00	\$129,130 00	\$129,130 00
Loss " Canal R.R.".....	20,349 34	9,908 47	25,905 03	44,799 97	80,705 13
Dividends.....	360,000 00	876,500 00	324,597 00	144,352 00	550,000 00
Reduct'n of acc'ts payable.....	.....	.....	.....	82,411 55	.....
Bonds, retired and purchased.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	920,500 00
Fractional shares on allotment.....	.....	.....	.....	7,190 00	.....
Equipment (new).....	9,089 94	53,384 19	167,487 85	37,355 52	51,453 88
Real estate (pur'd).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,740 00
Schuyler f'd settlem., Railr'd (new works).....	188 66	12,493 61	7,826 01	970,002 70	64,540 29
Materials on hand.....	90,515 17	222,347 22	362,321 98	338,998 91	247,094 59
Cash on h'd Mar. 31.....	242,015 92	330,410 10	166,445 42	407,051 80	516,736 05

The financial condition of the company, as shown on the general balance sheets at the close of each year, is exhibited in the following figures :

	1962-3.	1963-4.	1964-5.	1965-6.	1966-7.
Stock (100 shares)	\$3,000,000 00	3,572,800 00	3,619,600 00	5,000,000 00	6,000,000 00
Bonds due Dec. 31,					
1966.....	912,000 00	912,000 00	912,000 00	912,000 00	11,000 00
B'ds due Oct. 1, '75	1,088,000 00	1,088,000 00	1,088,000 00	1,088,000 00	1,068,500 00
Profit and loss.....	622,995 22	827,869 08	927,193 91	940,396 18	964,587 52
Accounts payable.....	131,367 14	211,667 69	223,546 80	140,755 26	258,045 56

Against which are charged as follows, viz. :

Railroad, &c.....	4,643,832 84	4,656,426 45	4,664,102 46	4,656,808 46	4,677,811 00
Loss by Schuyler					
fraud.....		572,800 00	619,600 00	1,599,309 70	1,663,749 00
Equipment.....	712,499 85	764,877 34	932,365 19	1,700,220 41	1,091,073 09
Real estate (including leases).....	65,505 66	65,505 66	65,505 66	65,505 66	96,345 66
Investing stock.....					48,900 00
Materials.....	342,015 84	329,241 88	322,321 08	328,838 98	247,000 00
Cash.....	342,015 84	320,410 10	168,445 42	407,053 80	134,726 05

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Atlantic & Great Western.				Chicago and Alton.				Chicago & Northwestern.				Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(466 m.)	(507 m.)	(507 m.)		(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)		(860 m.)	(1,032 m.)	(1,145 m.)		(228 m.)	(233 m.)	(410 m.)	
\$329,400	\$504,992	\$661,137	Jan...	\$280,508	\$226,152	\$240,238	Jan...	\$641,005	\$253,566	\$690,832	Jan...	\$305,554	\$241,395	\$292,047	
\$227,269	408,864	377,852	Feb...	275,282	222,241	142,947	Feb...	482,164	453,635	586,743	Feb...	246,331	188,885	224,621	
\$99,870	388,840	438,046	March	299,063	240,111	238,368	Mar...	499,296	609,633	747,392	Mar...	289,403	257,230	274,454	
\$343,408	394,533	443,029	April...	255,480	269,249	288,961	April...	468,358	617,970	730,651	April...	196,580	209,099	320,288	
\$99,364	451,477	459,370	May...	322,377	328,551	338,661	May...	528,323	735,052	787,736	May...	234,612	277,505	351,916	
\$429,069	474,441	—	June...	327,543	337,543	343,078	June...	547,943	697,682	886,337	June...	304,605	346,605	261,490	
\$42,523	402,674	—	July...	335,985	321,597	—	July...	702,692	767,990	—	July...	244,121	238,926	—	
\$66,583	528,613	—	Aug...	409,250	387,269	—	Aug...	767,598	778,284	—	Aug...	306,321	317,977	—	
\$40,537	526,959	—	Sept...	401,280	322,638	—	Sept...	946,707	989,053	—	Sept...	389,439	400,941	—	
\$87,121	541,491	—	Oct...	357,956	360,323	—	Oct...	923,886	1,210,654	—	Oct...	307,523	428,474	—	
\$14,849	497,250	—	Nov...	307,919	323,080	—	Nov...	840,354	1,005,689	—	Nov...	270,073	316,027	—	
\$475,723	398,581	—	Dec...	236,324	271,346	—	Dec...	546,609	698,679	—	Dec...	501,779	360,268	—	
\$5,548,359	\$5,476,276	\$3,050,340	Year...	\$3,840,091	\$3,695,152	—	Year...	\$7,960,981	\$9,088,994	—	Year...	\$3,318,514	\$3,466,922	—	

Erie Railway.				Illinois Central.				Marietta and Cincinnati.				Michigan Central.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(798 m.)	(798 m.)	(775 m.)		(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)		(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)		(255 m.)	(255 m.)	(285 m.)	
\$1,070,890	\$1,185,746	\$906,759	Jan...	\$717,536	\$603,053	\$600,438	Jan...	\$96,672	\$90,135	\$94,135	Jan...	\$279,15	\$282,438	\$304,063	
1,011,735	867,936	917,689	Feb...	545,361	505,361	545,361	Feb...	81,364	81,364	78,376	Feb...	279,15	282,438	\$304,063	
1,331,141	1,070,917	1,139,523	Mar...	616,665	505,465	477,352	Mar...	93,703	82,910	84,653	Mar...	344,228	347,738	370,210	
1,638,313	1,153,441	1,217,143	April...	516,608	411,605	430,007	April...	78,607	82,722	72,768	April...	337,240	343,756	362,739	
1,425,130	1,101,362	1,132,140	May...	460,573	569,250	477,607	May...	76,248	95,064	90,526	May...	401,456	385,196	333,953	
1,252,370	1,343,636	—	June...	617,682	567,679	—	June...	107,525	106,315	96,535	June...	365,663	338,082	294,977	
1,274,558	1,208,244	—	July...	578,403	480,626	—	July...	104,608	96,023	—	July...	329,105	334,966	—	
1,418,742	1,395,404	—	Aug...	747,469	578,533	—	Aug...	115,154	106,410	—	Aug...	413,501	395,665	—	
1,435,285	1,416,101	—	Sept...	739,736	571,348	—	Sept...	125,252	108,662	—	Sept...	438,063	428,063	—	
1,580,317	1,476,414	—	Oct...	661,917	588,271	—	Oct...	116,495	150,148	—	Oct...	400,693	468,649	—	
1,687,692	1,416,001	—	Nov...	642,887	588,219	—	Nov...	116,146	110,932	—	Nov...	447,669	414,604	—	
1,594,917	1,041,115	—	Dec...	518,088	504,066	—	Dec...	105,767	111,665	—	Dec...	328,899	308,649	—	
\$6,501,063	\$4,596,413	—	Year...	7,181,308	6,546,741	—	Year...	1,922,017	1,136,808	—	Year...	\$4,504,546	\$4,360,125	—	

Mich. So. & N. Indiana.				Mil. and Prairie du Chien.				Milwaukee & St. Paul.				Ohio & Mississippi.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(524 m.)		(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)		(254 m.)	(275 m.)	(367 m.)		(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	
\$363,906	\$314,598	\$302,714	Jan...	\$98,183	\$121,776	\$143,000	Jan...	\$98,181	\$131,707	\$146,800	Jan...	\$259,225	\$267,541	\$242,798	
366,361	283,179	302,497	Feb...	74,283	84,897	85,000	Feb...	86,528	123,404	130,000	Feb...	239,139	246,169	219,065	
413,974	412,393	379,761	Mar...	70,740	72,135	72,000	Mar...	95,905	121,957	131,900	Mar...	313,914	326,236	279,647	
365,180	409,427	391,163	April...	106,689	108,082	87,510	April...	106,369	121,593	192,548	April...	271,527	277,493	284,729	
351,499	426,493	358,601	May...	146,943	367,488	119,104	May...	203,818	230,497	230,497	May...	290,610	290,610	293,939	
\$37,065	392,641	\$304,232	June...	382,173	261,179	—	June...	237,562	244,376	—	June...	304,463	253,994	—	
301,613	325,459	—	July...	271,159	170,795	—	July...	251,9	6	208,785	—	July...	349,265	247,362	—
414,775	380,452	—	Aug...	170,555	116,234	—	Aug...	241,370	138,815	—	Aug...	344,700	305,454	—	
456,508	429,191	—	Sept...	228,020	150,989	—	Sept...	290,841	276,416	—	Sept...	300,348	278,701	—	
524,760	500,040	—	Oct...	310,594	245,701	—	Oct...	\$395,579	416,359	—	Oct...	372,618	310,723	—	
495,072	416,690	—	Nov...	226,540	244,854	—	Nov...	\$246,717	328,539	—	Nov...	412,653	302,629	—	
351,799	339,447	—	Dec...	110,664	98,787	—	Dec...	\$171,125	129,287	—	Dec...	284,319	261,613	—	
\$4,826,722	\$4,632,793	—	Year...	1,985,713	1,943,900	—	Year...	2,535,001	2,588,900	—	Year...	\$3,793,005	\$3,880,583	—	

Pittsb. Ft. W. & Chicago.				St. L., Alton & T. Hante.				Toledo, Wab. & Western.				Western Union.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m.)		(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)		(342 m.)	(521 m.)	(521 m.)		(157 m.)	(177 m.)	(177 m.)	
\$690,144	\$559,983	\$590,115	Jan...	\$170,078	\$178,119	\$149,653	Jan...	\$134,084	\$226,409	\$237,674	Jan...	\$43,716	\$5,109	\$304,078	
676,504	450,626	\$226,821	Feb...	153,993	153,993	140,944	Feb...	120,167	120,167	260,793	Feb...	37,265	36,406	304,078	
668,183	678,183	678,183	Mar...	300,771	192,138	174,152	Mar...	155,753	\$256,407	270,630	Mar...	32,378	39,299	36,393	
738,566	599,806	575,287	April...	169,299	167,301	188,162	April...	144,001	270,300	317,052	April...	38,972	43,333	40,710	
637,186	682,510	578,242	May...	177,625	168,699	171,736	May...	138,738	316,433	329,078	May...	68,869	86,913	57,853	
646,995	633,667	—	June...	173,729	167,099	—	June...	194,594	325,691	—	June...	82,147	102,686	60,559	
584,523	652,978	—	July...	162,570	166,015	—	July...	271,798	304,917	—	July...	68,180	85,808	—	
712,495	648,201	—	Aug...	213,296	222,933	—	Aug...	374,534	396,348	—	Aug...	69,663	90,695	—	
796,938	654,926	—	Sept...	216,763	198,884	—	Sept...	\$378,981	349,417	—	Sept...	94,657	94,657	—	
665,500	757,441	—	Oct...	223,928	244,834	—	Oct...	\$378,981	349,417	—	Oct...	92,713	100,148	—	
679,938	719,325	—	Nov...	213,993	213,993	—	Nov...	\$361,610	344,830	—	Nov...	61,770	75,248	—	
\$60,963	\$55,322	—	Dec...	162,694	177,364	—	Dec...	\$347,023	364,741	—	Dec...	\$7,830	\$4,548	—	
\$4,428,008	\$4,673,313	—	Year...	\$40,744	\$251,535	—	Year...	\$2,086,078	\$2,694,975	—	Year...	\$69,338	\$14,086	—	

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

N.B.—Where the total Funded Debt is not given in detail in the 2d column it is expressed by the figures in brackets after the Co's name.										N.B.—Where the total Funded Debt is not given in detail in the 2d column it is expressed by the figures in brackets after the Co's name.										
DESCRIPTION.										DESCRIPTION.										
Amount outstanding.		INTEREST.		FRIDAY.		Amount outstanding.		INTEREST.		FRIDAY.		Amount outstanding.		INTEREST.		FRIDAY.				
		Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bld.	Ask'd.			Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bld.	Ask'd.			Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bld.	Ask'd.
Railroad:																				
<i>Atlantic & Gt. Western</i> (\$29,940,000):																				
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.)		\$3,151,500	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1877	62			<i>Dubuque and Sioux City:</i>											
2d do do do		757,500	7	do	1882				1st Mortgage, 1st section		300,000	7	Jan. & July	1883						
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (N.Y.)		886,000	7	do	1879	62			1st do 2d section		660,000	7	do	1894						
2d do do do		761,000	7	do	1881				<i>Eastern, Mass. (\$1,848,400):</i>											
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio)		2,681,900	7	do	1876	62			Mortgage, convertible		894,000	5	Jan. & July	1872						
2d do do do		2,683,000	7	Jan. & July	1883				do do		750,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1874						
1st Mortgage S'tk. Fund (Buff. ex)		1,882,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1884				do do		190,500	6	do	1885						
Consolidated Bonds		17,105,000	7	do	1895				<i>East Pennsylvania:</i>											
<i>Atlantic & St. Law.</i> 1st Mort. (Portland)		1,540,000	6	do	1880				Sinking Fund Bonds		598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1888						
2d Mortgage		268,900	6	do	1886				<i>Elmira & Williamsport:</i>											
Sterling Bonds		484,000	6	May & Nov.	1878				1st Mortgage		1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1880	91%	92				
do of 1894		619,050	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1884				5 per cent. Bonds		570,000	5	April & Oct.	1862						
<i>Baltimore and Ohio</i> Mort. (S.F.) 1884		915,380	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1867				<i>Erie Railway (\$22,370,982):</i>											
Mortgage (S.F.) of 1885		1,024,750	6	Jan. & July	1875				1st Mortgage		3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1867	100					
do do 1880		638,500	6	do	1880				2d do convertible		4,000,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1879	100					
do do 1883		1,852,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1885				3d do		6,000,000	7	do	1883	99					
<i>Bellefontaine</i> (\$1,745,000):									4th do convertible		4,441,600	7	April & Oct.	1880	90	92				
1st Mortgage		1,225,000	7	Jan. & July	1870-79				5th do do		926,500	7	June & Dec	1888	87%					
2d do		433,000	7	do	1870				Sterling convertible (£800,000)		3,875,520	6	M'ch & Sep	1875						
<i>Baltimore & Annapolis</i>									<i>Erie and Northeast</i> (\$400,000):											
1st Mort. (Guar. C. and A.)		1,000,000	6	J'ne & Dec.	1867				Mortgage		149,000	7	Jan. & July	1870						
2d Mort. do		500,000	6	M'ch & Sep	1885				<i>Georgia:</i>											
3d Mort. do		589,500	6	Feb. & Aug.	1877				<i>Gal. & Chic. U. (incl. in C. & N.W.):</i>											
<i>Boston, Conc. & Montreal</i> (\$1,050,000):									1st Mortgage, sinking fund		1,963,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1882	100					
1st Mortgage		364,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1865				2d do do		1,086,000	7	May & Nov.	1875						
2d do do		300,000	6	do	1865				<i>Grand Junction:</i> Mortgage		927,000	6	Jan. & July	1870						
Sinking Fund Bonds		300,000	6	do	1889				<i>Great West., Ill.: 1st Mort., W. Div.</i>		1,000,000	10	April & Oct.	1868						
<i>Boston, Hartford & Erie.</i>									1st Mortgage Whole Line		1,455,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1888	82					
<i>Boston and Lowell:</i> Bonds of 1873		1,844,000	6	Jan. & July	1873	53%	54		2nd do do		2,500,000	7	May & Nov.	1893	73	74				
do of Oct. 1864		1,400,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1879				<i>Greenville & Columbia:</i> 1st Mort.		325,000	7	July	1868						
<i>Buffalo, N. Y. and Erie</i> (\$2,395,000):									Bonds guaranteed by State		700,000	7	do	1868						
1st Mortgage		2,000,000	7	J'ne & Dec.	1877	90			Bonds unsecured		600,000	7	do	1868						
2d Mortgage		330,000	7	May & Nov.	1872				<i>Hannibal & St. Joseph</i> (\$7,177,000):											
<i>Buffalo and State Line</i> (\$1,200,000):									Land Grant Mortgage		3,487,750	7	April & Oct.	1881						
1st Mortgage		500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1866				Convertible Bonds		633,000	7	Jan. & July	1883						
<i>Burlington & Missouri</i> (\$1,902,110):									<i>Harrisburg & Lancaster:</i>											
General Mortgage		1,180,950	7	April & Oct.	1870				New Dollar Bonds		700,000	6	Jan. & July	1883						
Bonds conv. into pref. stock		600,000	7	Jan. & July	1870				<i>Hartford & New Haven:</i>											
<i>Camden and Amboy</i> (\$10,364,468):									1st Mortgage		927,000	6	Jan. & July	1873						
Dollar Loans		338,040	6	do	1870				<i>Hartf., Prov. & Fishkill:</i>		2,155,000	7	do	1876						
do		675,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1883	90			1st Mortgage		3,890,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1869	104					
Dollar Loan		867,000	6	May & Nov.	1889	93%			2d do sinking fund		1,907,000	7	J'ne & Dec	1885	101%					
Consolidated (\$5,000,000) Loan		4,437,300	6	J'ne & Dec.	1889				3d do		192,000	7	May & Nov.	1875						
<i>Camden and Atlantic:</i> 1st Mortgage		448,000	7	Jan. & July	1873				Convertible		523,000	7	do	1867						
2d Mortgage		498,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1879				<i>Huntingdon & Broad Top</i> (\$1,462,142):											
<i>Catawissa:</i> 1st Mortgage		141,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1882				1st Mortgage		500,000	6	May & Nov.	1870						
<i>Central Georgia:</i> 1st Mortgage		786,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1875				2d do		500,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1875						
<i>Central of New Jersey:</i> 1st Mortgage		900,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1870	103			<i>Illinois Central:</i>											
2d Mortgage		600,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	102			Construction bonds, 1875		6,668,500	7	April & Oct.	1875	113					
<i>Central Ohio:</i> 1st Mort.		2,500,000	6	M'ch & Sep	1890				do do do 6 per cent		2,523,000	6	do	1875						
<i>Central Pacific</i> (S.F.): 1st mortgage		7,336,000	6	do	1880				Redemption bonds		2,563,000	6	do	1890						
Convertible Bonds		1,500,000	6	do	1880				Sterling Redemption Bonds		355,000	6	do	1875						
<i>Cheshire:</i> Bonds		673,300	6	Jan. & July	1875-80	93			<i>Illinois and Southern Iowa:</i>											
<i>Chicago and Alton:</i>									1st Mortgage		900,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1882						
1st Mortgage (S'g Fund), pref.		483,000	7	May & Nov.	1877				<i>Indiana Central:</i>											
1st do		2,400,000	7	Jan. & July	1893	100			1st Mortgage, (interest ceased)		600,000	7	Jan. & July	1866						
2d do		1,100,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1883	91			2d do		364,000	10	do	1870						
<i>Chic., Burl. and Quincy</i> (\$5,754,406):									<i>Indianapolis and Cine. (\$1,362,284)</i>											
Trust Mortgage (S.F.)		5,600,000	8	Jan. & July	1883	110	113		1st Mortgage		500,000	7	Jan. & July	1866						
<i>Chicago and Gt. Eastern</i> 1st Mort.		5,600,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1895	47			Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis:											
<i>Chicago and Milwaukee:</i>									1st Mortgage		640,000	7	May & Nov.	1881						
1st Mortgage (consolidated)		861,000	7	Jan. & July	1898	84			Jeffersonville RR., 2d Mort.		397,000	7	April & Oct.	1873						
<i>Chicago & Northw.</i> (\$12,030,483):									Indianap. & Madison RR., 1st M.		612,500	7	May & Nov.	1881						
Preferred Sinking Fund		1,250,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1885	94	97		Jeff. Mad. & Indianap., 1st Mort.		2,000,000	7	April & Oct.	1906						
1st Mortgage		3,600,000	7	do	1885	86	86		<i>Joliet and Chicago:</i>											
Interest Bonds		756,000	7	May & Nov.	1863	80			1st Mortgage, sinking fund		485,000	8	Jan. & July	1882	100%	101				
Consol. S.F. Bonds conv. till 1870		2,000,000	7	Quarterly	1915	80			<i>Joliet and N. Indiana:</i> 1st Mortgage		890,000	8	Jan. & July	1874						
Extension Bonds		484,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1885	82%	87%		<i>Lackawanna & Bloomsburg</i> 1st Mort		400,000	7	Jan. & July	1875						
<i>Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific:</i>									do do Extensi n		400,000	7	March & Sep	1885						
1st Mortgage (C. & R. I.)		1,397,000	7	Jan. & July	1870				2d Mortgage		500,000	7	April & Oct.	1880						
1st do (new)		6,663,000	7	do	1896				do Extension		200,000	7	May & Nov.	1890						
<i>Cinc., Ham. & Dayton</i> (\$1,629,000):									<i>La Crosse & Milwaukee:</i>											
1st Mortgage		1,250,000	7	May & Nov.	1880				1st Mortgage, Eastern Division		908,000	7	May & Nov.	1872						
2d do		560,000	7	Jan. & July	1885				2d do		1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1869						
<i>Cincinnati & Zanesville:</i>									<i>Lehigh Valley</i> (\$1,477,000):											
1st Mortgage		1,300,000	7	May & Nov.	1893				1st Mortgage		1,465,000	6	May & Nov.	1873	91%					
<i>Cleveland, Col. and Cine.</i> (\$450,000):									<i>Little Miami</i> (\$1,500,000):											
1st Mort.																				

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

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N. B. — The figures after the name, refer to the vol. and page of CHRONICLE containing last report. * means "leased."					N. B. — The figures after the name, refer to the vol. and page of CHRONICLE containing last report. * means "leased."					
Stock out-standing.		Dividend.		FRIDAY.	Stock out-standing.		Dividend.		FRIDAY.	
		Periods.	Last paid.				Periods.	Last paid.		
			Date.	rate				Date.	rate	
				Bid.	Ask.				Bid.	Ask.
Railroad.										
Alton and St. Louis.	153,000	Quarterly.	July '67	1%		New York and New Haven.	100	6,000,000	Jan. & July	July '67
Atlantic & St. Lawrence.	2,494,900	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	2		New York, Prov. & Boston.	100	1,755,281	Jan. & July	July '67
Baltimore and Ohio.	16,151,962	April & Oct.	Apr. '67	2		Ninth Avenue.	100	785,360	Jan. & July	July '67
Washington Branch.	1,650,000	April & Oct.	Apr. '67	5		Northern of New Hampshire.	100	3,068,400	June & Dec.	June '67
Bellefontaine Line.	4,424,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	3		Northern Central, 4, p. 568.	50	4,518,900	Quarterly.	Feb. '67
Bellvidere, Delaware.	996,647	Quarterly.	July '67	1%		North Carolina.	100	4,000,000	Quarterly.	Feb. '67
Berkshire.	600,000	Quarterly.	July '67	1%		North Missouri.	100	2,409,307	Feb. '67	58
Blossburg and Corning.	250,000	June & Dec.	June '67	2%	23%	North Pennsylvania.	50	3,150,150	Jan. & July	July '67
Boston, Hartford and Erie.	11,877,000	Quarterly.	July '67	4	118	Norwich and Worcester.	100	2,363,600	Jan. & July	July '67
Boston and Lowell.	1,830,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4	118	Ogdensburg & L. Champlain.	100	3,077,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Boston and Maine, 3, p. 355.	4,076,971	Jan. & July	July '67	5	239%	do preferred.	100	356,400	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
Boston and Providence.	3,360,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Ohio and Miss. certif., 4, p. 631.	100	20,222,647	Jan. & July	July '67
Boston and Worcester.	4,500,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5	148%	do preferred.	100	3,077,197	January.	Jan. '67
Bradway & 7th Avenue.	2,100,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Old Colony and Newport.	100	4,848,300	Jan. & July	July '67
Brooklyn City.	306,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	3%		Orange and Alexandria.	100	2,063,655	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Brooklyn City and New York.	306,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	3%		Oswego and Syracuse.	50	482,400	Quarterly.	July '67
Buffalo, New York, & Erie.	850,000	June & Dec.	June '67	3%		Panama.	50	7,000,000	Quarterly.	July '67
Buffalo and State Line.	2,900,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	5		Pennsylvania.	50	20,000,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Campen and Amboy, 4, p. 599.	6,936,625	Feb. & Aug.	Aug. '67	5	130	Philadelphia and Erie.	50	5,083,700	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Campen and Atlantic.	523,350	Quarterly.	July '67	3%	130%	Phila. and Reading, 4, p. 89.	50	22,742,867	Jan. & July	July '67
do do preferred.	600,000	Quarterly.	July '67	3%		Phila. Germant. & Norristown.	50	1,507,350	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
Cape Cod.	721,926	Jan. & July	July '67	3%		Phila. Wilming. & Baltimore.	50	9,019,300	Jan. & July	July '67
Catawissa.	1,150,000	Jan. & July	July '67	3%		Pittsburg and Connellsville.	50	1,776,129	Quarterly.	July '67
do preferred.	2,300,000	April & Oct.	Apr. '67	3%	57	Pittsb. P. W. & Chic. 4, p. 471.	100	11,440,987	Quarterly.	July '67
Central Georgia & Bank's Co.	4,666,800	June & Dec.	June '67	5	58	Portland and Kennebec (new).	100	1,500,000	June & Dec.	June '67
Central of New Jersey.	13,000,000	Quarterly.	July '67	2%	122	Portland, Saco, & Portsmouth.	100	1,750,000	Jan. & July	July '67
Central Ohio.	2,600,000	April.	Apr. '67	6		Providence and Worcester.	100	2,530,700	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
do preferred.	400,000	April.	Apr. '67	6		Raritan and Delaware Bay.	100	800,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
Cheshire (preferred).	134,550	Apr. '67	Apr. '67	2%	57	Rensselaer & Saratoga consol.	100	800,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
Chicago and Alton, 4, p. 329.	3,886,000	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	5	114	Saratoga and Whitehall.	100	800,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
do do preferred.	2,425,400	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	5	114	Troy, Salem & Rutland.	100	2,000,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
Chic. Bur. and Quincy, 3, p. 321.	10,193,010	May & Nov.	May '67	5	149	Richmond and Rutland.	100	2,000,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67
Chicago and Great Eastern.	4,390,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Richmond & Petersburg, 4, p. 483.	100	1,008,600	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska.	1,000,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Rome, Watert. & Ogdensburg.	100	2,385,500	Jan. & July	July '67
Chicago and Milwaukee.	2,227,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Rutland and Burlington.	100	2,233,376	Annually.	May '67
Chicago and Northwestern.	13,100,927	Annually.	Dec. '66	45%	45%	St. Louis, Alton, & Terre H.	100	2,300,000	Annually.	May '67
do do pref.	12,984,719	Annually.	Dec. '66	68%	68%	do do preferred.	100	1,700,000	Annually.	May '67
Chicago, Rock Isl. & Pacific.	9,100,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	5	97%	St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic.	100	1,469,429	Annually.	May '67
Cincinnati, Ham. & Dayton.	3,129,300	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	5		Sandusky, and Cincinnati.	100	2,989,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Cincinnati, Rich'd & Chicago.	350,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	5		do do do.	100	893,073	May & Nov.	May '67
Cincinnati and Zanesville.	1,600,250	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	4	101%	Sandusky, Mansf. & Newark.	100	900,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Cleveland, Columbus, & Cin.	6,000,000	May & Nov.	May '67	4		Saratoga and Hudson River.	100	1,020,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Cleveland & Mahoning.	2,044,600	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Savannah & Charleston.	100	1,000,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Cleveland, Painesv. & Ashta.	5,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Schenckville Valley.	50	676,050	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Cleveland and Pittsburg.	5,391,575	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	90%	Shamokin Val. & Pottsville.	50	869,450	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Cleveland and Toledo, 3, p. 164.	4,541,600	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	6	130%	Shore Line Railway.	100	635,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Columbus & Indianapolis.	3,129,300	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	6		Sixth Avenue (N. Y.).	100	750,000	Quarterly.	May '67
Columbus and Xenia.	1,786,800	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	2%	South Carolina.	50	5,819,275	Quarterly.	May '67
Concord.	1,500,000	May & Nov.	May '67	5		South Side (P. & L.), 4, p. 521.	100	1,360,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Concord and Portsmouth.	350,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3%	80	South West Georgia, 3, p. 616.	100	2,303,400	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Conn. & Passump., 3, p. 216 pref.	1,514,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3		Syracuse, Bingham & N. Y.	100	1,300,130	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Connecticut River.	1,650,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4		Terre Haute & Indianapolis.	100	1,983,150	Quarterly.	July '67
Cumberland Valley.	1,316,900	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	4		Third Avenue (N. Y.).	100	1,170,000	Quarterly.	July '67
Dayton and Michigan.	2,406,138	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3		Toledo, Peoria, & Warsaw.	100	776,200	Quarterly.	July '67
Delaware.	1,388,550	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	23%	do do do.	100	1,651,324	Quarterly.	July '67
Delaware, Lacka., & Western.	1,388,550	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	23%	do do 2d pref.	100	908,424	Quarterly.	July '67
Des Moines Valley.	1,550,050	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Toledo, Wabash & Western.	50	5,700,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Detroit and Milwaukee.	452,250	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		do do preferred.	50	1,000,000	May & Nov.	May '67
do do pref.	1,500,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Utica and Black River.	100	834,400	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Dubuque and Sioux City.	1,673,952	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Vermont and Canada.	100	2,350,000	June & Dec.	June '67
Eastern (Mass).	1,985,170	March.	Mar. '67	7%		Vermont and Massachusetts.	100	2,890,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
East Tennessee & Georgia.	3,273,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	109%	Virginia Central, 3, p. 678.	100	3,336,679	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
East Tennessee & Virginia.	2,141,970	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5		Virginia and Tennessee.	100	2,944,791	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Elmira and Williamsport.	500,000	May & Nov.	May '67	2%	58	do do pref.	100	555,500	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
do do pref.	500,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3%	82	Western (Mass), 4, p. 247.	100	8,710,800	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Erie, 4, p. 599.	16,574,306	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	4	71%	Western (N. Carolina).	100	1,890,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
do preferred.	5,336,900	January.	Jan. '67	7%	79	Western Union (Wis. & Ill.).	100	2,687,237	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Erie and Northeast.	3,540,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	5		Worcester and Nashua.	75	1,141,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Fitchburg.	4,156,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	6		Canal.				
Georgia.	1,900,000	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	6		Chesapeake and Delaware.	25	1,818,923	June & Dec.	June '67
Hannibal and St. Joseph.	5,263,338	Quarterly.	July '67	3	60	Chesapeake and Ohio.	25	3,238,593	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
do do pref.	1,335,000	Quarterly.	July '67	3	70	Delaware Division.	50	1,633,350	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Hartford and New Haven.	8,000,000	Quarterly.	July '67	3	180	Delaware and Hudson.	100	10,000,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Houston preferred.	1,180,000	May & Nov.	May '67	4	109	Delaware & Raritan, 4, p. 599.	100	2,521,300	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Hudson River.	13,937,400	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	4	110	Lehigh Coal and Navigation.	50	6,187,000	May & Nov.	May '67
Huntingdon and Broad Top.	494,280	Apr. & Oct.	Apr. '67	4		Monongahela Navigation Co.	50	728,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
do do pref.	190,750	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3%		Morris consolidated, 4, p. 631.	100	1,025,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Illinois Central, 4, p. 311.	23,388,450	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	123%	do preferred.	100	1,175,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.	1,689,900	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	4	79	Schuykill Naviga. (consol.).	50	1,908,307	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Jefferson, Mad. & Indianapolis.	2,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	80	do do pref.	50	2,888,805	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Joliet and Chicago.	300,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '67	1%		Susquehanna & Tide-Water.	50	2,052,083	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67
Joliet and N. Indiana.	300,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4		Union, preferred.	50	2,907,850	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg.	1,335,000	Quarterly.	July '67	3%	115%	West Branch & Susquehanna.	50	1,100,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Lehigh Valley.	10,734,100	Quarterly.	July '67	3%	117%	Wyoming Valley.	50	800,000	Irregular.	Sept. '66
Lexington and Frankfort.	514,640	May & Nov.	May '67	3		Miscellaneous.				
Little Miami.	3,573,400	June & Dec.	June '67	2	62%	Coal-American.	25	1,500,000	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67
Little Schuylkill.	2,648,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	2		Ashburton.	50	2,500,000	Jan. & Dec.	Jan. '67
Long Island.	3,000,000	Quarterly.	July '67	3		Butler.	25	500,000	Jan. & Dec.	Jan. '67
Louisville and Frankfort.	1,109,594	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3		Consolidation.	100	5,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Louisville and Nashville.	5,500,000	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '67	4		Central.	100	2,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67
Louisville, New Alb. & Chic.	2,800,000	May & Nov.	May '67	5		Cumberland.	100	5,000,000	Quarterly.	Feb. '67
Macon and Western.										

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Allen Wright.....par 10			Hammond.....par 20		
Bemis Heights.....5			HamiltonMcClintock.....2		
Bennehoff Run.....10 2 25 3 00			Ivanhoe.....2		
Bennehoff Mutual.....10			Manhattan.....2		15
Bergen Coal and Oil.....10			Mountain Oil.....		
Bradley Oil.....5			Natural.....5		
Brevort.....10			N. Y. & Alleghany.....5		8 50
Brooklyn.....5			New York & Newark.....5		
Buchanan Farm.....10 12 19			N. Y. & Philadel.....5		
Central.....100 55 1 09			N. Y. Ph. & Balt. Cons.....1		
Cherry Run Petrol'm.....2			Oceanic.....10		
Clinton Oil.....5			Pit Hole Creek.....25		20 60
Empire City.....10			Rathbone Oil Tract.....10		40
Excelsior.....5		15	Rynd Farm.....10		
First National.....5			Shade River.....5		
Germania.....5			Union.....10		
Great Republic.....10			United Pet'l'm F'ms.....2		9
G't Western Consol.....10			United States.....10		4 25
			Venango (N. Y.).....10		

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Adventure.....paid 3			Lafayette.....paid 1		
Atina.....11			Lake Superior.....2		
Albany & Boston.....35%			Madison.....6		
Algonah.....1			Mandan.....4%		
Allouez.....1 5 75 6 00			Manhattan.....5%		
American.....1			Mass.....4%		
Amygdaloid.....17			Medora.....1%		
Atlas.....2			Mendota.....5		
Aztec.....4%			Merrimac.....6%		
Bay State.....13%		3 00	Mesnard.....8		
Bohemian.....17%			Milton.....1%		
Boston.....2%			Minnesota.....18%		6 00 7 00
Caledonia.....		10 00	National.....5%		7 00
Calumet.....		25 00	Native.....2		
Canada.....		50	Naumkeag.....1		
Charter Oak.....		15 30 25 00	New Jersey Consol.....10		
Central.....5			North Cliff.....4		
Concord.....4			North western.....11%		
Copper Creek.....		23 00 23 50	Norwich.....11		
Copper Falls.....24%			Ogima.....7		
Copper Harbor.....1			Pennsylvania.....50		
Dacotah.....2%			Petherick.....5%		1 13
Dana.....3%		2 00	Pewabic.....3%		11 75 12 25
Davidson.....		1 50 1 80	Phoenix.....15		
Delaware.....20%			Pittsburg & Boston.....5%		34 50
Dover.....			Pontiac.....10%		
Dorchester.....1%			Portage Lake.....		
Dudley.....1%			Providence.....		
Eagle River.....3%			Quincy.....10		19 00 22 50
Edwards.....1%			Resolute.....6%		
Empire.....10			Ridgely.....12		8 00
Everett.....			St. Clair.....3		3 25 4 00
Evergreen Bluff.....5%			St. Louis.....1		
Excelsior.....			St. Mary's.....5%		
Flint Steel River.....9%			Salem.....%		
Franklin.....8%		17 35 18 00	Seneca.....1		
French Creek.....			Sharon.....1%		
Girard.....5			Sheldon & Columbia.....21		
Great Western.....2			South Pewabic.....1		
Hamilton.....			South Side.....2		50 75
Hancock.....17%		6 50 7 00	Star.....11%		50 1 25
Hanover.....1%			Superior.....8		
Hilton.....2%			Toltec.....21		
Hope.....1%			Tremont.....1%		
Hecla.....			Victoria.....1%		
Hulbert.....%			Vulcan.....6		
Humboldt.....8		1 00 1 25	Washington.....1		
Hungarian.....19		75 1 25	West Minnesota.....2%		
Huron.....10			Winona.....3		
Ile Royale.....33		5 00	Winthrop.....4%		50
Keweenaw.....5					
Knowlton.....8					

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares.
 ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.
 § Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Alameda Silver.....par		9 00	Gunnell Union.....par		10 25
American Flag.....10		70	Holman.....2		12 20
Atlantic & Pacific.....		2 50	Hope.....25		29
Ayres Mill & Mining.....			Keystone Silver.....		
Bates & Baxter.....50		1 10 2 90	Knickerbocker.....		50 60
Benton.....5		95 1 10	Kipp & Buell.....2		50
Bob Tail.....		3 00	LaCrosse.....		85 35
Boscobel Silver.....			Liberty.....		4 6
Bullion Consolidated.....		1 03	Manhattan Silver.....100		1 60 1 75
Burroughs.....20			Midass Silver.....		5 18 25
Central.....			Montana.....		10 1 30 1 40
Church Union.....			Nye.....		6 7
Columbia G. & S.....45			Owyhee Mining.....		38 60
Consolidated Colorado.....		6 80 6 95	People's G. & S. of Cal.....5		25
Consolidated Gregory.....100		1 90 1 95	Quartz Hill.....25		1 95 2 00
Corydon.....35			Rocky Mountain.....10		1 40 1 50
Crozier.....			Seaver.....		10 10 10 50
Des Moines.....			Sensenderfer.....		20 5 65
Downieville.....1			Smith & Parmelee.....20		1 60
Eagle.....			Symonds Forks.....		17 20
Fall River.....			Texas.....		
First National.....			Twin River Silver.....100		28 00
Gilpin.....			Vanderburg.....		
Gold Hill.....		4 00			
Gunnell.....10		3 00 3 20			

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Copake Iron.....par 5			Tudor Lead.....par		
Foster Iron.....			Sacinau, L. S. & M.....25		
Lake Superior Iron.....100			Walkill Lead.....		60 69
Bucks County Lead.....5			Wallace Nickel.....		
Denbo Lead.....			Watland Marble.....25		20
Manhan Lead.....			Long Island Feat.....		
Phenix Lead.....			Russell, Fie.....5		
Iron Tank Storage.....			Savon de Terre.....		

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Jan. 1, 1867.	DIVIDEND.	Bid.	Last Sale.
Adriatic.....25	\$300,000	151,008 Jan. and July.		
Aetna.....50	300,000	325,238 Jan. and July.		
American.....50	300,000	615,890 Jan. and July.		July '67. 104
American Exch'e.....100	200,000	222,073 Jan. and July.		July '67. 6
Arctic.....50	500,000	382,121 Jan. and July.		Jan. '65. 5
Astor.....25	250,000	237,353 Feb. and Aug.		Aug. '66. 5
Atlantic (Br'klyn).....50	300,000	336,470 March and Sep.		Mar. '67. 5
Baltic.....25	200,000	304,790 May and Nov.		
Beekman.....25	200,000	170,171 Feb. and Aug.		Aug. '65. 4
Bowery (N. Y.).....25	300,000	345,749 June and Dec.		Dec. '66. 5
Broadway.....25	200,000	266,368 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 6
Brooklyn.....17	153,000	335,506 Jan. and July.		July '67. 10
Central Park.....20	300,000	384,266 Jan. and July.		July '67. 4
Citizens.....70	210,000	338,878 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 7 1/2
Clinton.....100	250,000	275,591 Jan. and July.		July '67. 6
Columbia.....100	500,000	309,622 do		July '64. 3 1/2
Commerce (N. Y.).....100	200,000	214,147 do		July '67. 5
Commerce (Alb'y).....100	400,000	434,189 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 5
Commercial.....50	200,000	228,696 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
Commonwealth.....100	250,000	294,873 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
Continental.....100	500,000	1,259,087 Jan. and July.		July '67. 7
Corn Exchange.....50	400,000	404,178 March and Sep.		Mar. '64. 5
Croton.....100	36,518			
Eagle.....40	300,000	434,295 April and Oct.		Apr. '67. 5
Empire City.....100	300,000	303,990 Jan. and July.		July '67. 7
Excelsior.....50	200,000	229,270 do		July '67. 5
Exchange.....80	150,000	204,063 Feb. and Aug.		July '67. 5
Firemen's.....17	150,000	132,465 do		July '66. 3 1/2
Firemen's Fund.....10	150,000	165,983 do		July '65. 5
Firemen's Trust.....25	200,000	200,766 do		July '66. 5
Fulton.....25	150,000	149,689 May and Nov.		
Gallatin.....100	200,000	227,964 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 5
Gebhard.....50	500,000	535,762 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
Germania.....50	200,000	200,015 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
Globe.....50	200,000	235,657 Jan. and July.		July '67. 3 1/2
Greenwich.....25	200,000	255,657 Feb. and Aug.		Aug. '66. 5
Grocers.....50	200,000	170,225 April and Oct.		Apr. '65. 5
Guardian.....	200,000	177,173 Jan. and July.		July '67. 3 1/2
Hamilton.....15	150,000	182,571 do		July '67. 5
Hanover.....50	400,000	419,952 do		July '67. 5
Hoffman.....50	200,000	152,229 do		July '67. 5
Home.....50	200,000	227,387 do		July '67. 5
Hope.....50	150,000	135,793 do		July '65. 5
Howard.....50	500,000	546,522 do		July '67. 5
Humboldt.....100	200,000	195,926 do		July '65. 5
Import & Traders.....50	200,000	187,833 do		July '65. 6
International.....100	1,000,000	800,604 Feb. and Aug.		Aug. '66. 3 1/2
Irving.....25	200,000	206,179 do		Feb. '67. 5
Jefferson.....30	200,000	228,808 March and Sep.		Mar. '67. 4
King's City (Br'klyn).....20	150,000	176,678 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
Knickerbocker.....40	250,000	302,741 do		July '67. 5
Lafayette (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	141,434 do		Jan. '67. 5
Lamar.....100	200,000	363,006 do		Jan. '67. 5
Lenox.....25	150,000	131,607 do		July '67. 4
Long Island (Br'klyn).....50	200,000	224,005 do		July '67. 7
Lorillard.....25	1,000,000	1,118,664 do		July '67. 5
Manhattan.....100	500,000	610,930 do		July '67. 5
Market.....100	200,000	228,917 do		July '67. 3 1/2
Mechan' & Trade.....25	200,000	222,921 do		July '67. 5
Mechanics (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	146,699 do		July '67. 5
Mercantile.....100	200,000	195,546 do		July '67. 5
Merchants.....50	200,000	245,169 do		July '67. 10
Metropolitan *.....100	300,000	516,936 do		July '65. 5
Montank (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	161,743 do		July '67. 5
Nassau (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	229,370 do		July '67. 10
National.....75	200,000	228,628 do		July '67. 6
New Amsterdam.....25	300,000	319,870 do		July '67. 6
N. Y. Equitable.....35	210,000	264,703 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
N. Y. Fire and Mar.....100	200,000	247,895 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 5
Niagara.....50	1,000,000	1,063,825 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
North American.....50	500,000	511,631 do		July '67. 5
North River.....25	350,000	379,509 April and Oct.		Apr. '67. 5
Pacific.....25	200,000	244,293 Jan. and July.		July '67. 6
Park.....100	200,000	212,521 do		July '67. 5
Peter Cooper.....20	150,000	185,365 do		Jan. '67. 5
People's.....20	150,000	147,208 do		July '67. 5
Phoenix & Br'klyn.....50	1,000,000	1,077,288 do		July '67. 5
Reller.....50	200,000	190,167 do		July '67. 5
Republic.....100	200,000	453,233 do		July '67. 3 1/2
Resolute.....100	200,000	183,932 do		July '66. 3 1/2
Rutgers.....25	150,000	216,879 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 5
St. Mark's.....25	150,000	140,379 do		Feb. '67. 5
St. Nicholas.....25	150,000	156,220 Jan. and July.		Aug. '66. 5
Security *.....50	1,000,000	962,181 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '66. 3 1/2
Standard.....50	200,000	226,756 Jan. and July.		July '67. 5
Star.....100	200,000	195,780 do		July '67. 5
Sterling *.....100	200,000	206,731 do		
Stuyvesant.....25	200,000	193,182 Feb. and Aug.		Aug. '66. 5
Tradesmen's.....25	150,000	153,733 Jan. and July.		July '67. 6
Union.....25	250,000	336,691 do		Jan. '67. 5
Washington.....50	400,000	630,314 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 5
Washington *.....100	333,700	190,306 Feb. and Aug.		Feb. '67. 5
Williamsburg City.....50	150,000	179,008 Jan. and July.		Jan. '67. 5
Yonkers & N. Y.....100	500,000	501,244 do		July '66. 5

A man named Lansing has been arrested in Detroit for conspiracy to defraud an insurance company. Lansing and two other young men, agents for a Hartford Accident Insurance Company, conspired with a widow to procure an insurance of \$6,000 upon her husband who had been suddenly killed, and to date it back several days. The widow consented, and papers were made out. In due time the administrators of the estate of the deceased received the whole amount, \$6,000. This was a different turn from what it was expected the affair would take, as it was supposed the money would be sent to the widow through the care of one of the party who was engaged in the conspiracy. All three were now in a dilemma as to how they would secure their portion of the proceeds. Lansing even went so far as to threaten prosecution in case his share was not forthcoming. This anxiety for their plunder induced the administrators to inquire into his claims, and the swindle was exposed. The two confederates of Lansing were arrested last week.

Insurance.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,
BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Surplus.....255 057 77
Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.
Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.

R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres't.

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

Metropolitan Insurance Company,

NO. 108 BROADWAY.

NEW YORK, April 16, 1867.

This Company having reduced its capital according to law, under the sanction of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department to the sum of

\$300,000,

Intends hereafter to confine its fire business to the city of New York and vicinity, and will also write Marine Risks on Cargo only, at the office in the Metropolitan Bank Building.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM

President.

JOSEPH M. C. GRAHAM,
Vice-President.

Directors:

Martin Bates, F. H. Wolcott,
Dudley B. Fuller, P. W. Turney,
Franklin H. Delano, William T. Blodgett,
Gilbert L. Beekman, Charles P. Kirkland,
Joseph E. Varnum, John A. Graham,
Lorrain Freeman, John C. Henderson,
Edward A. Stansbury, J. Boorman Johnston,
Samuel D. Bradford, Clinton B. Fisk.

W. R. WADSWORTH, Secretary.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819.....Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets January 1, 1867.....\$4,478,100 74

Liabilities.....394,976 96

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. CO.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1867.....240,482 43

TOTAL ASSETS.....\$740,482 43

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KARL, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

CASH ASSETS, September 1st, 1866, over \$16,000,000 00.

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. MCCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries: ISAAC ABBATT,
JOHN M. STUART.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.

Insurance.

Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)

49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$300,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-President.

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, January 1st, 1867.....\$1,261,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders,

IN CASH,

a rebate on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

James Freeland, D. Colden Marray,
Samuel Willets, E. Haydock White,
Robert L. Taylor, N. L. McCready,
William T. Frost, Daniel T. Willets,
William Wait, L. Edgerton,
Henry Eyre, Henry K. Kunhardt,
Cornelius Grinnell, John S. Williams,
Joseph Slagg, William Nelson, Jr.,
Jas. D. Fisk, Charles Dimon,
Geo. W. Hennings, A. William Heye,
Francis Hathaway, Harold Dollner,
Aaron L. Reid, Paul N. Spofford,
Ellwood Walker.ELLWOOD WALKER, President.
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-President.
J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.....278,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash dividends paid in 15 years, 233 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President

NOTMAN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st, 1866

Cash capital.....\$400,000 00

Surplus.....156,303 98

Gross Assets.....\$556,303 98

Total Liabilities.....24,500 00

BENJ. S. WILCOTT, President.

J. REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

The North American Life

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Will Remove to their New Offices,

229 Broadway, corner of Barclay st.,

on May 1st.

The office now occupied by them, 63 William Street, corner Cedar is to Rent.

Steamship Companies.



SAMUEL THOMPSON & NEPHEWS' BLACK STAR LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS, and National Line of Liverpool and Queenstown Steamers, sailing every week. Passage office 75 Broadway, corner of Rector Street (formerly 275 Pearl Street). Sight Drafts on the Royal Bank of Ireland, payable in all its Branches, and on C. Grimshaw & Co., Liverpool, payable in any part of England and Wales. Bankers supplied with Sterling drafts and through tickets from the Old Country to any part of the United States.

Steamship Companies.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

To CALIFORNIA,

And Carrying the United States Mail.

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

JULY:
1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
11th—HENRY CHANCEY, connecting with MONTANA.
20th—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY, Agent.



STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA via PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N.Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month.

First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New York to ports in New Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$36 to \$34 for first class, and \$28 to \$23 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$5 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.

Children under three years, free; under eight years, quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do., in ladies' cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 29 Wall st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William st., New York.

Financial.

A. M. FOUTE, W. W. LORING.
Late Pres. Gayoso Bank,
Memphis, Tenn.

FOUTE & LORING,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

38 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET.

Government Securities of all kinds, Gold, State, Bank, and Railroad Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on Deposits subject to check at sight. Collections made in all the States and Canadas.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 24 BROAD STREET.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight draft.
Make collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

BANKING HOUSE OF

WHITE, MORRIS & Co.,

29 WALL STREET,

(Established 1854.)

Members of the New York Stock Exchange, Gold Exchange, and Mining Board.

Dealers in Government Securities. Special attention given to Collections. Four per cent interest allowed on Balances, subject to check at sight.

WHITE, MORRIS & CO.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

26 Exchange Place, New York.

Western Bankers.

J.W. Ellis, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V.-Pres.
THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Cincinnati.

Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTH, and promptly remitted for. **Capital stock, \$1,000,000. Surplus Fund, \$250,000.**
Directors.—John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison, William Glenn, R. M. Bishop, William Woods, James A. Frazer, Robert Mitchell, A. S. Winslow.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOR SALE.

The Marine Company OF CHICAGO.

J. YOUNG SCANNON.....President.
ROBERT REID.....Manager.

General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.

Established 1848.

HASKELL & Co.,

BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Exchange. Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at current rates of exchange.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canada. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

Second National Bank.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Capital..\$200,000 | Surplus..\$150,566
Prompt attention given to the business of correspondents. E. D. JONES, Cashier.

J. B. CHAFFER, Pres.
H. J. ROGERS, V. Pres. GEO. T. CLARK, Cashier.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Denver,

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE U. S.
Authorized Capital - - - \$500,000
Paid in Capital - - - \$200,000
Transact a General Banking business, corner of Blake and F. Sts. DENVER COLORADO.

CITIZENS' UNION BANK,

(Chartered by the State of Tennessee.)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Buy and Sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange United States Securities, State of Tennessee, Shelby County, and Memphis Bonds, and past due Coupons. Particular attention paid to Collections.

Eastern Bankers.**Page, Richardson & Co.,**

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

AND
JOHN MUNROE & Co., PARIS.

Also issue
COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Southern Bankers.**National Bank of the Republic,**

309 & 311 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Capital.....\$1,000,000
renders its services to Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.

DIRECTORS:

Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orna,
Nathan Hillis, William Ervin,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Osgood Welsh,
Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt,
William H. Rhawn,
WILLIAM H. RHAWN, President,
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.
JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier,
Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON,
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), PRES'T.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, CASHIER.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY, JAS. L. MAURY, ROBT T. BROOKS

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.
Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.
N. X. Correspondent, VERMILY & Co.

Charles D. Carr & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
AUGUSTA, GA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR.

T. H. McMAHAN & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS
and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign Exchange.

GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Special attention given to Collections of all kinds, having prompt and reliable correspondents at all accessible points in the State, and REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES.

REFER TO
National Park Bank, Howes & Macy, and Spofford, Tileston & Co., New York. Second National Bank and J. W. Beaver, Esq., Boston. Drexel & Co. and D. S. Stetson & Co., Philadelphia. T. F. Thirkield & Co., Cincinnati. Third National Bank and Jos. E. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler, Stanard & Co., Mobile. Pike, Lapeyre & Bro., New Orleans. Drake, Kleinworth & Cohen, London and Liverpool.

BURKE & Co.,

BANKERS,

54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,

Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and Bank of Liverpool, England.

Collections and remittances promptly attended to.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES.**EDWIN Q. BELL,**

BANKER AND BROKER,

In Southern Securities and Bank Bills.

30 BROADWAY & 5 NEW STREET,
New York.

Conner & Wilson,

No. 5 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.,

BANKERS & DEALERS

IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, SPECIE,

BANK NOTES, STOCKS, AND BONDS.

Especially attention paid to Collections.

Refer to Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; The Franklin Bank, and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury & Co., Richmond, Va.; Charles D. Carr & Co. Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Brokers.**L. P. MORTON & Co.,**

BANKERS,

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(38 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON,

CHARLES E. MORTON,

WALTER H. BURNS,

H. CRUICKSHANK.

VERMILY & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York.
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
" " " " 1864,
" " " " 1865,
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
7 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILY & Co.**GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,**

BANKERS,

No. 18 NEW STREET,
Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry C. Hardy.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Brokers and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.

E. S. MUNROE & Co.,

30 BROADWAY & 5 NEW ST.,

Dealers in Government and other Securities.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight. Members of New York Stock Exchange, Government Exchange and Long Room of ditto, and also of Gold Room—where all orders will be promptly attended to.

John Bloodgood & Co.,

22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and bankers.

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells, Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BARCOCK,
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT. M. HEDDEN.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS

AND
No. 3 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The total in all cases to be 2.340 lb.

Anchors—Duty, 2½ cents per lb. 200 lb and upward 8 1/2

Ashe—Duty, 15 cents per lb. 100 lb 8 5/8 Pearl, 1st sort, 18 10 1/2

Beeswax—Duty, 20 cents per lb. American yellow 41 1/2

Bones—Duty, on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin 10 tons 40 47 50

Bread—Duty, 30 cents per lb. Pilot 7 1/2 Navy 14 Crackers 14

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks—Common hard, per M. 8 5/8 9 50 Crotan 18 10 20 60 Philadelphia Fronts 45 00

Crystals—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 lb 55 2 60 Amer'gray & wh. 55 2 60

Butter and Cheese—Duty, 4 cents.

Butter—Fresh, per lb, new 24 30 H-f-k in tubs 20 26 Welsh, tubs 20 24 Fine to extra 20 24 Good to extra 18 22 Common State 15 18 W. turn Butter 18 22 Grease butter, ark. 18 22

Cheese—Factory Dairies 13 12 14 do Common 12 12 Farm Dairies 12 12 do Common 7 12

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2½; spermaceti and wax 3; earline and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Spermaceti 45 50 Refined spermaceti 35 40 Stearic 30 32 Adamantine 17 1/2 21 1/2

Cement—Rosendale 1 50

Chains—Duty, 2½ cents per lb. One inch & upward 8 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, 1½ 25 per ton of 28 bushels 30 lb to bushel; when not bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb bushel. Liverpool Orrel 2 340 lb 2 400 lb 2 400 lb Anthracite 6 50 7 00 Cardiff steam 6 50 7 00 Liverpool 1 Gas 6 50 Newcastle 6 50 Steam 6 50

Cocoa—Duty, 1 cent per lb. Caracas (in bulk) 17 18 Maracaibo do (gold) 12 13 Guayaquil do (gold) 12 13 St Domingo do (gold) 9 1/2 10

Coffee—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2½; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 cents per lb; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 lb 34 oz. square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new 35 Sheathing, yellow 24 30 Bolts 25 37 Brads 35 37 Baltimore 23 1/2 Detroit 24 1/2 Portage Lake 24 1/2

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 8; untarred Manila, 2½ other untarred, 34 cents per lb. Manila 22 23 Tarred Russian 14 14 Tarred American 14 14 Bolt Rope, Russian 22 23

Corks—Duty, 50 cents per lb. Regular, quarts gross 55 70 Mineral 50 70 Phial 12 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 50 per gallon; 100 lb, 5 cents per lb. Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Asafoetida, 20; Anthracy, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 20 cents per lb; Balsam Copalvi, 20; Balsam Tob, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calaisay

Bark, 80 cents per lb; Bi Carb. Soda, 1½; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, 36; ROLL Brimstone, 310 per ton; Flor Sulphur, 320 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, 1½ per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1½; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 4; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Gueda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, 1½ per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, 32 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 5 cents per lb; Quinine, 15 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1½ cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1½; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 cents per lb; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 cents per lb; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, 1½ per lb; all others quoted below, FREE.

Acid, Citric (gold) 57 1/2 60 Alcohol 4 70 Alices, Cape 75 1/2 85 Aloes, Socotrine 75 1/2 85 Alum 21 1/2 4 Annato, good to prime 55 1/2 1 25 Antimony, Regulus of 18 20 124 Argols, Refined 18 20 33 Arsenic, Powdered 25 30 35 Asafoetida 25 30 35 Balsam Copalvi 75 1/2 85 Balsam Tolu 1 25 1 40 Balsam Peru 8 25 Back Peony 60 40 Berries, Persia 38 40 Bi Carb. Soda, New castle 47 Bi Chromate Potash 18 18 181 Bleaching Powder 44 44 Borax, Refined 24 30 30 Brimstone, Crude 38 50 40 00 Brimstone, Am. Roll 38 50 40 00 Brimstone, 1st for Sulphur 38 50 40 00 Camphor, Refined (in bond) 92 1/2 24 Cantharides 92 1/2 1 70 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk 18 19 Cardamoms, Malabar 8 00 3 25 Castor Oil (cases gal 2 17 2 17 Chamomile Flowers 80 1/2 5 Chlorate Potash (gold) 12 88 Caustic Soda 24 30 94 Caraway Seed 20 20 14 15 Cardamom Seed 14 15 15 Cinnamon, Hott (gold) 94 95 Cinnamon, Mexico (gold) 94 95 Cinnamon, American 11 1/2 12 Cream Tartar, pr. (gold) 24 30 30 Cubebs, East India 17 17 17 Cutch 17 17 17 Epsom Salts 17 17 42 Extract Logwood 10 1/2 18 Flowers, Benzoin, oz. 17 18 Gambler 54 64 Gamboge 1 75 2 00 Ginseng, South & West 55 60 90 Gum Arabic, Picked 35 35 88 Gum Arabic, Sorts 35 35 88 Gum Benzoin (gold) 35 35 88 Gum Kowrie 35 35 88 Gum Tieda 35 35 88 Gum Damar 40 40 42 Gum Myrrh, East India 55 60 61 Gum Senegal (gold) 35 35 88 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts 35 35 88 Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey 60 60 1 00 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng. 3 75 8 80 Iodine, Resublimed 6 50 7 00 Ipecacuanha, Brazil 3 85 3 90 Jalap 90 90 90 Lac Dye 25 25 55 Licorice Paste, Calabria 24 24 25 Licorice Paste, Sicily 24 24 25 Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid 34 40 Licorice Paste, Greek 34 40 Madder, Dutch (gold) 7 7 71 Madder, French, EXF.F. do 7 7 71 Manna, large flake 1 6 1 6 Manna, small flake 1 00 1 06 Mustard Seed, Cal. 8 8 12 Nutmeg, Seed, Trieste 14 14 37 Nutmeg, Seed, Aleppo 14 14 37 Oil Anis 3 75 4 00 Oil Cassia 3 75 4 00 Oil Bergamot 6 50 7 00

Oil Lemon 4 00 4 25 Oil Peppermint, pure 5 87 6 00 Opium, Turkey (gold) 7 00 7 00 Phosphorus 85 86 Phosphate Potash 90 90 Quicksilver 15 86 Rhubarb, China (gold) 2 75 3 80 Sago, Peeled 7 8 Salarsats 20 20 Sal Am. ac, Ref (gold) 1 1/2 Sal Soda, Newcastle 1 90 2 00 Sarsaparilla, Hond 35 35 Sarsaparilla, Mex 40 24 Senna Root 27 27 Senna, Alexandria 27 27 Senna, East India 18 30 Shell Lac 8 40 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (gold) 2 65 2 65 Sugar, L. W. (gold) 28 28 Sulph. Quinine, Am. oz 2 15 2 15 Sulphate Morphine 6 75 6 75 Tartic Acid (gold) 10 51 Taploca 11 25 Verdigris, dry & ex dry 10 45 Vitriol, Blue 10 45

Ducks—Duty, 30 cents per lb. Raven, Light 16 00 16 00 Ravens, Heavy 18 00 18 00 Scotch, G'ck, No. 1 72 Cotton, No. 1 72

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood (gold) 31 00 32 00 Fustic, Cuba 31 00 32 00 Fustic, Savanilla 31 00 32 00 Fustic, Maracabo 25 00 26 00 Fogwood, Hon 30 00 31 00 Logwood, Laguna (gold) 30 00 31 00 Logwood, L. D. Min. 30 00 31 00 Logwood, Cam (gold) 30 00 31 00 Logwood, Jamaica 30 00 31 00 Linwood 30 00 31 00 Linwood (gold) 30 00 31 00

Feathers—Duty, 30 cents per lb. Prime Western 10 00 10 00 Tennessee 75 80

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, 32; Herrings, 31; Salmon 33; other pickled, 1½ 50 per lb; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod 6 25 6 50 Pickled Scale 6 25 6 50 Pickled Cod 6 25 6 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Mass 6 50 6 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax 17 00 17 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay 17 00 17 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha. ax 16 00 16 50 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. 16 50 17 00 Mackerel, No. 3, H. ax 16 50 17 00 Mackerel, No. 3, Mass. 16 50 17 00 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1, 37 00 37 50 Salmon, 1½ kied, p. te. 40 45 Herring, No. 1, 15 20 Herring, pickled 4 50 5 50

Flax—Duty, \$15 per ton. Jersey 16 25

Fruits—See special report.

Furs—Duty, 10 per cent. Beaver, Dark, skin 1 00 4 00 do Pale 50 2 00 Bear, Black 5 00 12 00 do Brown 2 00 8 00 Badger 2 00 8 00 Cat, Wild 50 25 do House 10 20 75 Fisher 4 00 8 00 Fox, Silver 5 00 20 00 do Cross 3 00 5 00 do Red 1 00 1 50 do Grey 50 75 Lynx 2 00 4 00 Marten, Dark 5 00 20 00 do Pale 2 00 5 00 Mink, dark 3 00 6 00 Muskrat 8 20 Otter 5 00 20 00 Opossum 15 30 Raccoon 10 50 Skunk, Black 30 75

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2½ cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x36 inches 6 cents per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x36 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1½; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x36, 2½; all over that, 3 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

Subject to a discount of 40 45 per cent. 6x8 to 8x10 7 25 6 50 8x10 to 10x15 7 25 6 50 10x15 to 12x18 9 25 6 50 12x18 to 20x30 9 50 7 00 20x30 to 24x36 14 50 7 50 24x36 to 24x36 16 00 10 00 24x36 to 30x44 17 00 11 00 30x44 to 32x48 18 00 12 00 32x48 to 32x56 20 00 13 00 Above 32x56 24 00 15 00

English and French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick)—Discount 40 45 per cent. 6x8 to 8x10 7 50 7 75 6 00

8x11 to 10x15 8 25 6 50 11x14 to 12x18 9 25 7 00 12x18 to 16x24 10 50 7 50 20x31 to 24x36 16 50 12 00 24x36 to 30x44 18 00 13 00 30x44 to 32x48 20 50 16 00 32x48 to 32x56 24 00 18 00

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 16 cents or less, 3 square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb.

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 16 cents or less, 3 square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb.

Gunny standard, y'd 23 1/2

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less, 6 cents per lb, an 20 per cent ad val. over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val.

Blasting (A) 25 lb keg 4 00

Shipping and Mining 6 50

Rifle 6 50

Sporting, in 1 lb canisters 86 1 06

Hair—Duty free. Rio Grande, mixed 31 1/2 75 Buenos Ayres, mixed 31 1/2 75 Hog, Western, unwash 10 24

Hardware—Axes—Cast steel, best brand, 15 17 do ordinary 13 15 Carpe-ter's Adzes, 24 27 do ordinary 21 25 Shingling Hatchets, Ct steel, best br ds, Nos. 1 to 3 8 00 9 50 do ordinary 6 17 7 50 Broad Hatch's Stos bat 15 20 25 00 do ordinary 12 00 Coffee Mills 10 50 do Bri. Hopper 10 50 do Wood Back 10 50 Cotton Gins, per saw 25 30 less 20 Narrow Wrought Butts List 5 50 Cast Butts—Fast Joint, List 5 50 Loose Joint, List 5 50 Hinges, Wrought, List 5 50 adv. Door Br's, Cast Bbl. List 30 50 adv. Carriage and Tire do List 40 50 5 1/2 dia. Door Locks and Latches List 7 1/2 5 1/2 dia. Door Knobs—Mineral List 1 1/2 5 1/2 dia. Padlocks—New List 25 25 1/2 dia. Locks—Cabinet, Eagle List 15 15 1/2 dia. Trunk List 15 15 1/2 dia. Stocks and Dies List 85 85 1/2 dia. Screw Wrenches—Coe's Patent List 25 25 1/2 dia. do Talt's List 25 25 1/2 dia. Sm th's Vise List 20 20 1/2 dia. Framing Chisels, New List 37 37 1/2 dia. Firmer do in sets List 40 40 adv. do do handled, in sets List 40 40 adv. Augur Bits List 15 15 1/2 dia. Short Augurs, per dz New List 30 30 dia. Ring do List 30 30 dia. Cut Tacks List 75 75 dia. Cut Brads List 80 80 dia. Rivet, Iron List 5 1/2 5 1/2 dia. Screws, American List 7 7 1/2 dia. do English List 2 00 2 00 dia. Shovel's and Spades List 5 5 1/2 dia. Horse Shoes 61 61 1/2 dia. Planes List 30 30 1/2 adv. Hay—North River, in bales 100 lbs for shipping 90 15

Hemp—Duty, Russian, 440; Manila, 440; Jute, 415; Italian, 440; Sunn and Sisal, 415 per ton; and Fampico, 1 cent per lb.

Amer. Dressed 370 00 370 00 do Undressed 2 00 2 00 00 00 Russia, Clean 24 00 24 00 00 00 Jute (gold) 105 00 126 00 Manila 114 114 114 Sisal 18 18 1/4

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres 21 23 Montevideo 21 23 Rio Grande 21 23 Pinco 9 1/2 19 1/2 California 14 1/2 10 California, Mex. do 14 1/2 16 Vera Cruz 17 1/2 15 Tampico 17 1/2 14 Texas 19 21

Dry Salted Hides—Chil 15 16 California 15 16 Tampico 14 15 South & West 11 12 Wet Salted Hides—Buenos Ayres 114 114 Rio Grande 114 114 California 114 114 Western 114 114 Country alter trim 12 1/2 13 City do 12 1/2 13

Upper Leather Stock—B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip 28 30 Sierra Leone 12 12 Gambia & Bissau 25 27

Honey—Duty, 2 cent per gallon. Cuba (in bond) 53 60 per gall. 53 60

Hops—Duty, 5 cents per lb. Crop of 1866 45 70 do of 1865 30 40 Foreign 40 60

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